

1071 Worcester Rd. Framingham, MA 01701 508.879.0030 www.dgtassociates.com

December 20, 2019

S-1428 / 25575

Boston Conservation Commission Ms. Amelia Croteau, Executive Secretary 1 City Hall Square, Room 709 Boston, MA 02201

RE:

#1550 River Street, Hyde Park

Dear Ms. Croteau:

Enclosed please find a set of plans, dated 12/20/19, that reflect comments received from Nicholas on December 19, 2019.

The following materials are enclosed (two copies at 11"x17", and two copies at 24"x36" for convenience):

Topographic Plan of Land, dated/stamped: 24 Oct 2018 Topographic Plan of Land, dated/stamped: 25 Nov 2019

NOI-1 Proposed Site Improvements Plan

NOI-2 Erosion & Sedimentation Control & Site Details

NOI-3 Existing Conditions Enlarged View of Resource Areas

NOI-4 Proposed Conditions Enlarged View of Restoration Area

NOI-5 Cross Sections

Exhibit Plan A Extent of BLSF (Pre-Existing)

Exhibit Plan B Extent of BLSF (Interim)

Exhibit Plan C Extent of BLSF (Proposed)

Also enclosed is a thumb drive that contains the entire revised Application, which I will also be emailing to Nicholas.

I certainly appreciate your help. If you need additional copies or information, please feel free to contact our office at (508) 879-0030.

Very truly yours, DGT Associates

Bert E. Corey, P.E.

Engineering Group Manager

Enclosures Cc: Elias Akiki



1071 Worcester Rd. Framingham, MA 01701 508.879.0030 www.dgtassociates.com

December 17, 2019

S-1428 / 25575

Boston Conservation Commission Ms. Amelia Croteau, Executive Secretary 1 City Hall Square, Room 709 Boston, MA 02201

RE:

#1550 River Street, Hyde Park

Dear Ms. Croteau:

Enclosed please find the Notice of Intent with site plan and supporting documents that we are filing on behalf of Mr. Elias Akiki for the proposed work at the subject property.

The following materials are enclosed:

- WPA Form 3 Notice of Intent, two copies (a signed original and 1 copy), which includes the following supporting documents:
 - Reduced Site Plans: "Proposed Site Improvements Plan" dated November 27, 2019 by DGT Associates, (11"x17"), two copies
 - o Locus Map (USGS Quad), (8.5"x11"), two copies
 - o FEMA Flood Map, two copies
 - o NHESP printout from MassGIS database, two copies
 - o Stormwater Report, two copies
 - o Checklist for Stormwater Report, two copies
 - o Project Narrative dated November 27, 2019 by DGT Associates, two copies
 - Abutter List obtained from City of Boston Assessor's website, Abutter Notification, and Affidavit of Service, two copies of each
- City of Boston Filing Fee of \$50.00

We are sending a copy of this Notice of Intent including the supporting documentation to the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, Northeast Regional Office. Once we receive a hearing date and time from your office, we will send the Notification to the abutters as required.

If you have any questions, or if you need additional copies or information, please feel free to contact our office at (508) 879-0030.

Very truly yours, DGT Associates

Bert E. Corey, P.E.

Engineering Group Manager

Enclosures Cc: Elias Akiki



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

WPA Form 3 - Notice of Intent

Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

Provided by MassDEP:

MassDEP File Number

Document Transaction Number Boston (Hyde Park)

City/Town

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.





4.

5.

Note: Before completing this form consult your local Conservation Commission regarding any municipal bylaw or ordinance.

A. General Information

1550 River Street		Boston	02136
a. Street Address		b. City/Town	c. Zip Code
Latituda and Langituda		42.248940	-71.130820
Latitude and Longitude:		d. Latitude	e. Longitude
		Parcel ID - 18	12146000
f. Assessors Map/Plat Number	_	g. Parcel /Lot Nur	
Applicant:			
Elias		Akiki	
a. First Name		b. Last Name	
c. Organization			
1035 Hyde Park Avenue			
d. Street Address			
Hyde Park		MA	02136
e. City/Town		f. State	g. Zip Code
617-459-6585		eliasskiki1@icloud	l.com
	ax Number	j. Email Address	
c. Organization			
1035 Hyde Park Avenue d. Street Address			
		MA	03136
Hyde Park e. City/Town		f. State	 g. Zip Code
617-459-6585		1. State	g. Zip Code
	ax Number	j. Email address	
Representative (if any):	an realized	j. Eman addross	
Fred		Vina	
a. First Name		King b. Last Name	
DGT Associates		b. East Name	
c. Company			
1071 Worcester Road			
d. Street Address			
Framingham		MA	01701
e. City/Town		f. State	g. Zip Code
508-879-0030		fking@dgtassociat	
	ax Number	j. Email address	
Total WPA Fee Paid (from	NOI Wetland Fe	e Transmittal Form)	
	TO TOURING I	o Handinida i Oilij.	
			0.50.00 (5
\$ 1,112.50 a. Total Fee Paid	\$ 1,	112.50 ate Fee Paid	\$ 50.00 (Boston Fee)



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

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Boston (Hyde Park)

City/Town

A.	A. General Information (continued)							
6. General Project Description:								
Parking Lot grading, repaving and improvements and restoration of altered BVW								
7a. Project Type Checklist: (Limited Project Types see Section A. 7b.)								
	1. Single Family Home 2.	Residential Subdivision						
	3. ⊠ Commercial/Industrial 4. □	Dock/Pier						
	5. Utilities 6.	Coastal engineering Structure						
	7. Agriculture (e.g., cranberries, forestry) 8.	Transportation						
	9. Dother	9. Other						
7b.	Is any portion of the proposed activity eligible to be treated as a limited project (including Ecological							
	Restoration Limited Project) subject to 310 CMR 10.24 (coastal) or 310 CMR 10.53 (inland)? 1. Yes No If yes, describe which limited project applies to this project. (See 310 CMR 10.24 and 10.53 for a complete list and description of limited project types)							
	2. Limited Project Type							
If the proposed activity is eligible to be treated as an Ecological Restoration Limited Project (310 CMR10.24(8), 310 CMR 10.53(4)), complete and attach Appendix A: Ecological Restoration Limited Project Checklist and Signed Certification.								
8.	8. Property recorded at the Registry of Deeds for:							
	Suffolk							
	a. County b. Certifit 59811 150	cate # (if registered land)						
		d. Page Number						
В.	B. Buffer Zone & Resource Area Impacts (t	emporary & permanent)						
1.	Buffer Zone Only – Check if the project is located only in	n the Buffer Zone of a Bordering						
2.								

Check all that apply below. Attach narrative and any supporting documentation describing how the project will meet all performance standards for each of the resource areas altered, including standards requiring consideration of alternative project design or location.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

WPA Form 3 - Notice of Intent

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Pro	ovided by MassDEP:
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	Boston (Hyde Park)
	City/Town

B. Buffer Zone & Resource Area Impacts (temporary & permanent) (cont'd)

Resou	rce Area	Size of Proposed Alteration Proposed Replacement			
a. 🗌	Bank	1. linear feet	2. linear feet		
b. 🛚	Bordering Vegetated Wetland	1. square feet	2. square feet		
с. 🗌	Land Under Waterbodies and Waterways	1. square feet	2. square feet		
	Traisi Trajo	3. cubic yards dredged			
Resour	rce Area	Size of Proposed Alteration	Proposed Replacement (if any)		
d. 🛛	Bordering Land	21,748	21,748		
	Subject to Flooding	1. square feet	2. square feet		
		0	5,094		
е. П	Isolated Land	3. cubic feet of flood storage lost	4. cubic feet replaced		
	Subject to Flooding	1. square feet			
		2. cubic feet of flood storage lost	3. cubic feet replaced		
f. 🛛	Riverfront Area	Mother Brook			
1.	Advertion / Area	Name of Waterway (if available) - spe	ecify coastal or inland		
2.	Width of Riverfront Area (check one):			
	25 ft Designated De	ensely Developed Areas only			
	☐ 100 ft New agricultu	iral projects only			
	200 ft All other proje	ects			
3.	Total area of Riverfront Area	a on the site of the proposed proje	ect: $\frac{5,680}{\text{square feet}}$		
4. [Proposed alteration of the R	Riverfront Area:			
4 6	686	NA	NA		
	otal square feet	b. square feet within 100 ft.	c. square feet between 100 ft. and 200 ft.		
5. l	Has an alternatives analysis	been done and is it attached to the	nis NOI? ☐ Yes ☒ No		
6. \	Was the lot where the activi	ty is proposed created prior to Aug	gust 1, 1996? X Yes No		
3. 🗌 Coa	astal Resource Areas: (See	310 CMR 10.25-10.35)			
Note: 1	for coastal riverfront areas,	please complete Section B.2.f . at	pove.		

affecting other Resource Areas, please attach a narrative explaining how the resource area was delineated.

For all projects



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

WPA Form 3 - Notice of Intent

Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

MassDI	EP File Number
Docum	ent Transaction Number
Bosto	n (Hyde Park)

B. Buffer Zone & Resource Area Impacts (temporary & permanent) (cont'd)

Check all that apply below. Attach narrative and supporting documentation describing how the project will meet all performance standards for each of the resource areas altered, including standards requiring consideration of alternative project design or location.

Online Users:
Include your
document
transaction
number
(provided on your
receipt page)
with all
supplementary
information you
submit to the
Department.

Resou	urce Area	Size of Proposed Alteration	Proposed Replacement (if any)
a. 🗌	Designated Port Areas	Indicate size under Land Und	er the Ocean, below
b. 🗌	Land Under the Ocean	1. square feet	_
		2. cubic yards dredged	-
с. 🗌	Barrier Beach	Indicate size under Coastal Be	aches and/or Coastal Dunes below
d. 🗌	Coastal Beaches	1. square feet	2. cubic yards beach nourishment
е. 🗌	Coastal Dunes	1. square feet	2. cubic yards dune nourishment
		Size of Proposed Alteration	Proposed Replacement (if any)
f	Coastal Banks	1. linear feet	-
g. 🗌	Rocky Intertidal Shores	1. square feet	-
h. 🗌	Salt Marshes	1. square feet	2. sq ft restoration, rehab., creation
i. 🗌	Land Under Salt Ponds	1. square feet	-
		2. cubic yards dredged	-
j. 🗌	Land Containing Shellfish	1. square feet	-
k. 🗌	Fish Runs		nks, inland Bank, Land Under the ler Waterbodies and Waterways,
		1. cubic yards dredged	-
I. 🔲	Land Subject to Coastal Storm Flowage	1. square feet	
If the p		restoring or enhancing a wetland tered in Section B.2.b or B.3.h abo	
a. squar	e feet of BVW	b. square feet of	Salt Marsh
☐ Pro	oject Involves Stream Cros	ssings	
a. numb	er of new stream crossings	b. number of repl	acement stream crossings

4.

5.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

WPA Form 3 – Notice of Intent Massachusetta Wotlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

Pr	ovided by MassDEP:
	MassDEP File Number
	Document Transaction Number
	Boston (Hyde Park)

IVI	assacriusell	is wellands i	Protection Act M.G	.L. C. 131, 940	Boston (Hyde Park) City/Town
C.	Other Ap	pplicable S	Standards and	Requirements	
		ppendix A: Ed	Ecological Restoraticological Restoration		Skip Section C and ecklists – Required Actions
St	reamlined M	lassachusett	s Endangered Spe	cies Act/Wetlands	Protection Act Review
1.	the most reconstruction that the most reconst	ent Estimated I age and Endar tts Natural Her	Habitat Map of State-L	isted Rare Wetland V nm (NHESP)? To viev	Rare Wildlife as indicated on Vildlife published by the v habitat maps, see the
	a. Yes	⊠ No If y	es, include proof of r	mailing or hand deli	very of NOI to:
	Current Mass b. Date of map	sGIS	Natural Heritage and E Division of Fisheries a 1 Rabbit Hill Road Westborough, MA 015	and Wildlife	rogram
	CMR 10.18). complete Sec complete Sec by completing	To qualify for a ction C.1.c, and ction C.2.f, if ap g Section 1 of t	a streamlined, 30-day, d include requested ma oplicable. <i>If MESA sup</i>	MESA/Wetlands Pro aterials with this Notice plemental information will require a separate	n is not included with the NOI, MESA filing which may take
	c. Submit Su	pplemental Info	ormation for Endanger	ed Species Review*	
	1. 🔲 P	ercentage/acre	eage of property to be	altered:	
	(a) Wi	ithin wetland Re	esource Area	percentage/acreage	
	(b) OU	utside Resource	e Area	percentage/acreage	
	2. 🔲 A	Assessor's Map	or right-of-way plan o	f site	
)	wetlands juris	sdiction, showir	project site, including ving existing and propos and clearly demarcat	ed conditions, existin	as and areas outside of g and proposed
		Project descript ouffer zone)	ion (including descripti	on of impacts outside	e of wetland resource area &
	(b)	Photographs re	presentative of the site		

^{*} Some projects not in Estimated Habitat may be located in Priority Habitat, and require NHESP review (see http://www.mass.gov/eea/agencies/dfg/dfw/natural-heritage/regulatory-review/). Priority Habitat includes habitat for state-listed plants and strictly upland species not protected by the Wetlands Protection Act.

^{**} MESA projects may not be segmented (321 CMR 10.16). The applicant must disclose full development plans even if such plans are not required as part of the Notice of Intent process. wpaform3.doc • rev. 2/8/2018 Page 5 of 9



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

WPA Form 3 – Notice of Intent

Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

Provided by MassDEP:

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City/Town

C. Other Applicable Standards and Requirements (cont'd)

Make c	MESA filing fee (fee information availanww.mass.gov/dfwele/dfw/nhesp/regulateheck payable to "Commonwealth of Maaddress	ble at ory review/mesa/mesa fee schedule.htm). ssachusetts - NHESP" and <i>mail to NHESP</i> at	
Projects	altering 10 or more acres of land, also sub	mit:	
(d)	Vegetation cover type map of site		
(e)	Project plans showing Priority & Estima	ated Habitat boundaries	
(f) OR	Check One of the Following		
1. 🗌	http://www.mass.gov/dfwele/dfw/nhesp	MESA exemption applies. (See 321 CMR 10.14, /regulatory review/mesa/mesa exemptions.htm the project is within estimated habitat pursuant to	
2.	Separate MESA review ongoing.	a. NHESP Tracking # b. Date submitted to NHESP	P
3.	Separate MESA review completed. Include copy of NHESP "no Take" determit with approved plan.	rmination or valid Conservation & Management	
For coastal line or in a f		osed project located below the mean high water	
a. 🛛 Not a	pplicable – project is in inland resource	area only b. 🗌 Yes 🗎 No	
If yes, include	de proof of mailing, hand delivery, or ele	ectronic delivery of NOI to either:	
South Shore the Cape & Is	- Cohasset to Rhode Island border, and slands:	North Shore - Hull to New Hampshire border:	
Southeast Ma Attn: Environ 836 South Ro New Bedford	arine Fisheries - arine Fisheries Station mental Reviewer odney French Blvd. , MA 02744 .EnvReview-South@state.ma.us	Division of Marine Fisheries - North Shore Office Attn: Environmental Reviewer 30 Emerson Avenue Gloucester, MA 01930 Email: DMF.EnvReview-North@state.ma.us	

Also if yes, the project may require a Chapter 91 license. For coastal towns in the Northeast Region, please contact MassDEP's Boston Office. For coastal towns in the Southeast Region, please contact MassDEP's Southeast Regional Office.

3.



Online Users: Include your document transaction number

(provided on your receipt page) with all supplementary information you submit to the Department.

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

WPA Form 3 - Notice of Intent

Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

Pro	ovided by MassDEP:
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	City/Town

C. Other Applicable Standards and Requirements (cont'd)

4.	is any	portio	on o	f the pro	oposed project within an Area of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC)?	
	а. 🗌 `	Yes	\boxtimes	No	If yes, provide name of ACEC (see instructions to WPA Form 3 or MassDE Website for ACEC locations). Note: electronic filers click on Website.	ΞP
	b. ACEC)				
5.					oposed project within an area designated as an Outstanding Resource Wate in the Massachusetts Surface Water Quality Standards, 314 CMR 4.00?	∍r
	a. 🔲 `	Yes	\boxtimes	No		
6.					te subject to a Wetlands Restriction Order under the Inland Wetlands . c. 131, § 40A) or the Coastal Wetlands Restriction Act (M.G.L. c. 130, § 105	5)?
	a. 🗌 `	Yes	\boxtimes	No		
7.	Is this	proje	ct sı	ubject to	o provisions of the MassDEP Stormwater Management Standards?	
	а. 🛚	Yes			copy of the Stormwater Report as required by the Stormwater Management	
	1. [olying fo	per 310 CMR 10.05(6)(k)-(q) and check if: or Low Impact Development (LID) site design credits (as described in water Management Handbook Vol. 2, Chapter 3)	
	2. [\boxtimes	Ар	ortion o	of the site constitutes redevelopment	
	3. [\boxtimes	Pro	prietary	y BMPs are included in the Stormwater Management System.	
	b. 🗌	No.	Che	eck why	y the project is exempt:	
	1. [Sing	gle-fam	ily house	
	2. [Em	ergency	y road repair	
	3. [or				idential Subdivision (less than or equal to 4 single-family houses or less than units in multi-family housing project) with no discharge to Critical Areas.	ĺ
D.	Add	itio	na	Info	rmation	
		dix A:			n Ecological Restoration Limited Project. Skip Section D and complete I Restoration Notice of Intent – Minimum Required Documents (310 CMR	
	Applica	ants n	nust	include	e the following with this Notice of Intent (NOI). See instructions for details.	
					the document transaction number (provided on your receipt page) for any of on you submit to the Department.	
	1. 🖾	suff	cier	nt inform	map of the area (along with a narrative description, if necessary) containing nation for the Conservation Commission and the Department to locate the sites may omit this item.)	
	2. 🛛	a Bo	orde	ring Ve	ng the location of proposed activities (including activities proposed to serve as egetated Wetland [BVW] replication area or other mitigating measure) relative ies of each affected resource area.	



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

WPA Form 3 – Notice of Intent

Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

D. Additional Information (cont'd)

	· /\aa	itional information (conta)		
	3. 🛛	Identify the method for BVW and other res Field Data Form(s), Determination of Appli and attach documentation of the metho	cability, Order of Resource Area	
	4. 🛛	List the titles and dates for all plans and ot	ner materials submitted with this	NOI.
	Pro	pposed Site Improvements Plan		
		Plan Title		
	DG	GT Associates	Bert E. Corey, P.E.	
	-	repared By	c. Signed and Stamped by	
	11/	27/2019	1"=10'	
	d. F	inal Revision Date	e. Scale	
	Se	e Attached List of Documents		
	f. A	dditional Plan or Document Title	g. [Date
	5. 🗌	If there is more than one property owner, p listed on this form.	lease attach a list of these prop	erty owners not
	6.	Attach proof of mailing for Natural Heritage	and Endangered Species Prog	ram, if needed.
	7.	Attach proof of mailing for Massachusetts I	Division of Marine Fisheries, if n	eeded.
	8. 🛛	Attach NOI Wetland Fee Transmittal Form		
	9. 🛛	Attach Stormwater Report, if needed.		
Ε.	Fees			
	1.	Fee Exempt: No filing fee shall be assesse of the Commonwealth, federally recognized authority, or the Massachusetts Bay Transp	Indian tribe housing authority,	
		nts must submit the following information (in	addition to pages 1 and 2 of th	e NOI Wetland
	2399	, 15 55	12/17/19	
		pal Check Number	3. Check date	
	1351	par entert minibol	12/6/19	
		Check Number	5. Check date	
		nd Sons Avenue Service Inc.	o. orroon date	
		name on check: First Name	7. Payor name on check: Last N	ame
	-, -,		a, on on one on but	



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

WPA Form 3 – Notice of Intent

Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

ro	vided by MassDEP:
	MassDEP File Number
	Document Transaction Number
	Boston (Hyde Park)
	City/Town

F. Signatures and Submittal Requirements

I hereby certify under the penalties of perjury that the foregoing Notice of Intent and accompanying plans, documents, and supporting data are true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that the Conservation Commission will place notification of this Notice in a local newspaper at the expense of the applicant in accordance with the wetlands regulations, 310 CMR 10.05(5)(a).

I further certify under penalties of perjury that all abutters were notified of this application, pursuant to

the requirements of M.G.L. c. 131, § 40. Notice must be made by Certificate of Mailing or in writing by hand delivery or certified mail (return receipt requested) to all abutters within 100 feet of the property line of the project location.

1. Signature of Applicant

2. Date

4. Date

For Conservation Commission:

Two copies of the completed Notice of Intent (Form 3), including supporting plans and documents, two copies of the NOI Wetland Fee Transmittal Form, and the city/town fee payment, to the Conservation Commission by certified mail or hand delivery.

For MassDEP:

One copy of the completed Notice of Intent (Form 3), including supporting plans and documents, one copy of the NOI Wetland Fee Transmittal Form, and a **copy** of the state fee payment to the MassDEP Regional Office (see Instructions) by certified mail or hand delivery.

Other:

If the applicant has checked the "yes" box in any part of Section C, Item 3, above, refer to that section and the Instructions for additional submittal requirements.

The original and copies must be sent simultaneously. Failure by the applicant to send copies in a timely manner may result in dismissal of the Notice of Intent.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

NOI Wetland Fee Transmittal Form

Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return





A. Applicant Information 1. Location of Project: 1550 River Street Hyde Park a. Street Address b. City/Town \$ 1112.50 c. Check number d. Fee amount 2. Applicant Mailing Address: Elias Akiki a. First Name b. Last Name c. Organization 1035 Hyde Park Avenue d. Mailing Address Hyde Park 02136 MA e. City/Town f. State g. Zip Code 617-459-6585 eliasskiki1@icloud.com h. Phone Number i. Fax Number j. Email Address 3. Property Owner (if different): a. First Name b. Last Name 1550 River Street LLC c. Organization 1035 Hyde Park Avenue d. Mailing Address Hyde Park MA 02136 e. City/Town f. State g. Zip Code 617-459-6585 h. Phone Number i. Fax Number i. Email Address

To calculate filing fees, refer to the category fee list and examples in the instructions for filling out WPA Form 3 (Notice of Intent).

B. Fees

Fee should be calculated using the following process & worksheet. *Please see Instructions before filling out worksheet.*

Step 1/Type of Activity: Describe each type of activity that will occur in wetland resource area and buffer zone.

Step 2/Number of Activities: Identify the number of each type of activity.

Step 3/Individual Activity Fee: Identify each activity fee from the six project categories listed in the instructions.

Step 4/Subtotal Activity Fee: Multiply the number of activities (identified in Step 2) times the fee per category (identified in Step 3) to reach a subtotal fee amount. Note: If any of these activities are in a Riverfront Area in addition to another Resource Area or the Buffer Zone, the fee per activity should be multiplied by 1.5 and then added to the subtotal amount.

Step 5/Total Project Fee: Determine the total project fee by adding the subtotal amounts from Step 4.

Step 6/Fee Payments: To calculate the state share of the fee, divide the total fee in half and subtract \$12.50. To calculate the city/town share of the fee, divide the total fee in half and add \$12.50.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands

NOI Wetland Fee Transmittal Form

Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act M.G.L. c. 131, §40

B. Fees (continued)			
Step 1/Type of Activity	Step 2/Number of Activities	Step 3/Individual Activity Fee	Step 4/Subtotal Activity Fee
Cat. 2b - Parking Lot	1	\$ 500	\$ 500 x 1.5 = \$750
Cat. 2g	2	\$ 500	\$ 1000 x 1.5 = \$1,500
	Step 5/Te	otal Project Fee:	
	Step 6/	Fee Payments:	
	Total	Project Fee:	\$ 2,250 a. Total Fee from Step 5
	State share	of filing Fee:	\$ 1,112.50 b. 1/2 Total Fee less \$12.50
	City/Town share	e of filling Fee:	\$ 50.00 (Boston Fee) c. 1/2 Total Fee plus \$12.50

C. Submittal Requirements

a.) Complete pages 1 and 2 and send with a check or money order for the state share of the fee, payable to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Department of Environmental Protection Box 4062 Boston, MA 02211

b.) To the Conservation Commission: Send the Notice of Intent or Abbreviated Notice of Intent; a copy of this form; and the city/town fee payment.

To MassDEP Regional Office (see Instructions): Send a copy of the Notice of Intent or Abbreviated Notice of Intent; a **copy** of this form; and a **copy** of the state fee payment. (E-filers of Notices of Intent may submit these electronically.)

NOTICE OF INTENT FILING

1550 RIVER STREET, HYDE PARK

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1 Narrative

Attachment 2 Abutter Notice

Affidavit of Service

Assessor's Certified Abutter's List & Map

Attachment 3 Locus Map – USGS Quad

FEMA Floodplain Map Natural Heritage Map

Attachment 4 Wetland Delineation Report

Attachment 5 Stormwater Management Report (Executive Summary)

Attachment 6 Site Plan Set (Revised 12/20/19)

Topographic Plan of Land, dated/stamped: 24 Oct 2018 Topographic Plan of Land, dated/stamped: 25 Nov 2019

NOI-1 Proposed Site Improvements Plan

NOI-2 Erosion & Sedimentation Control & Site Details

NOI-3 Existing Conditions Enlarged View of Resource Areas

NOI-4 Proposed Conditions Enlarged View of Restoration Area

NOI-5 Cross Sections

Exhibit Plan A Extent of BLSF (Pre-Existing)
Exhibit Plan B Extent of BLSF (Interim)
Exhibit Plan C Extent of BLSF (Proposed)

S-1428

ATTACHMENT 1

NOTICE OF INTENT FILING

Project Narrative



S-1428

PROJECT NARRATIVE

1550 RIVER STREET, HYDE PARK

GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION

The project site is a 42,500 sq. ft. (0.98 acres) property at 1550 River Street in the Hyde Park district of Boston, Massachusetts. It is identified as on the Boston Assessor's Property ID 1812146000. The property is located in Zoning Sub-district "LI-1" Local Industrial. The property abuts commercial properties to the north and south, and Mother Brook located at the east side of the property. Mother Brook is a perennial stream that joins the Neponset River. Access to the site is provided by a driveway off River Street. The Existing Conditions Plan shows the current site features and topography.

The property contains a 2 story building with a paved driveway and currently a gravel/dirt parking area, which was formerly paved.

Wetland Resource Areas

Wetland resource areas on the site include: 25 ft. Riverfront Area associated with Mother Brook, Bordering Vegetated Wetlands (BVW), and Bordering Land Subject to Flooding (BLSF). Attachment 1 contains the Wetland Delineation Report for more detail. The mean annual high water line for the portion of Mother Brook adjacent to the site and the Bordering Vegetated Wetlands were evaluated and delineated by a qualified wetlands specialist on 10/18/2019 and survey located by DGT Associates as shown on the plan. The elevation of the estimated Mean Annual High Water was found to be 47.8.

The Riverfront Area, the BVW, BLSF, and the 100-Foot Buffer Zone under the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act are shown on the plans. The Riverfront Area and the Buffer Zone extend onto the rear parking area.

The property falls within a Zone AE special flood hazard area as shown on FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map number 25025C0157, dated 3/16/2016. The elevation of the 100-year flood as determined by the Federal Flood Insurance Program is 45.6 based on the NAVD 1988 datum. This is equivalent to elevation 52.06 based on the Boston City datum that is shown on the survey plan.

According to the latest Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife – Natural Heritage Endangered Species Program Mapping (NHESP), there are no areas on or near the site that are designated as Priority Habitats of Rare Species or Estimated Habitats of Rare Wildlife. Nor are



there any Certified or Potential Vernal Pools on or near the site. Attachment 2 contains a printout of the MassGIS – NHESP data layers.

Soil Maps provided by the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) indicate that the soils on site are classified as "Urban Land" on the west side where the building is located, and "Udorthents – Wet Substratum" on the east side where the parking area is. The depth to groundwater is shallow on the site based on the existing water surface of Mother Brook and its mean annual high water elevation.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed work is shown on the plans titled "Proposed Site Improvements Plan" dated November 27, 2019.

It is the intent of the owner to remove the existing pavement on the rear parking / storage yard, regrade the area and repave. The owner of the property removed the pavement and regraded the area in preparation for paving without submitting a Notice of Intent and was contacted by the Boston Conservation Commission. The owner was informed that the project is subject to the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act, and as instructed, the owner stopped the project and installed a row of straw wattles at the limit of work to prevent sediment from entering Mother Brook. DGT Associates was retained to perform a wetland delineation and a topographic survey, as well as to prepare the Notice of Intent documents.

During the wetland delineation, several observations were made:

- The extent of the area to be paved was defined by recently placed and compacted gravel base. It appears that gravel base extended further into the southeast corner.
- Some vegetation above the brook along the east side of the site was removed.
- The drainage ditch at the southeast corner from the headwall to where it joins Mother Brook was cleaned and now well defined.
- Electrical conduits were installed in the gravel base from the building to the east side.
- There was no disturbance within the "bank" portion of Mother Brook.
- A small area of what was apparently BVW had been filled and altered. Based on the topographic information, this area was estimated at approximately 440 sq. ft.

The project as presently proposed will not increase in the area of impervious surface on the site over what previously existed. The extent of proposed pavement will correspond to the extent of previously paved area.

Other site improvements related to the proposed project include:

- Removal of trash and debris from the drainage ditch,
- Re-vegetate the area adjacent to Mother Brook,
- Installation of a new 6-foot high chain link fence.
- Remove the new fill within the BVW in the southeast former and restore it with wetland plantings.



- The regrading that occurred within the BLSF actually resulted in an increase in flood storage on an incremental and cumulative basis to meet the performance standards under the BLSF performance standards under 310 CMR 10.57. Computations are included in the performance standards section below..
- Installation of two (2) proprietary stormwater treatment units to remove total suspended solids from a large portion of the paved site.

The erosion and sedimentation controls that have been recently installed are being maintained for the project. In addition, as part of the Site Plan, erosion and sedimentation control performance standards will be incorporated into the project.

RIVERFRONT AREA NARRATIVE

The 25-foot Riverfront Area begins at the Mean Annual High Water Line of Mother Brook, and extends onto the east side of the site. A drainage ditch off the southeast corner (on abutting property) empties into Mother Brook and is also considered jurisdictional. A portion of the proposed re-pavement project coincides with the extent of the previously paved area and occurs within the Riverfront Area.

The existing building is located approximately 114 feet from the bank of Mother Brook, and the edge of the previously paved area is 16 feet from the bank of Mother Brook.

As a redevelopment project, specifically related to the replacement of previously paved surface, the proposed conditions must, at a minimum, be an improvement over the existing conditions.

RIVERFRONT AREA PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

This section describes how the project is designed to meet the performance standard for this Resource Area under 310 CMR 10.58 (4)(a) through (d)

- (a) Protection of Other Resource Areas "The work shall meet the performance standards for all other resource areas within the riverfront Area..."
 - Response: See the section "Bordering Vegetated Wetland Performance Standards" in this narrative.
- (b) Protection of Rare Species "No Project may be permitted within the riverfront area which will have any adverse effect on specified habitat sites of rare wetland or upland vertebrate or invertebrate species..."
 - Response: According to the latest Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife Natural Heritage Endangered Species Program Mapping (NHESP), there are no areas on or near the site that are designated as Priority Habitats of Rare Species or Estimated Habitats of Rare Wildlife. Nor are there any Certified or Potential Vernal Pools near the site.



(c) Practicable and Substantially Equivalent Economic Alternatives – "There must be no practicable and substantially equivalent economic alternative to the proposed project with less adverse effects on the interests identified in M.G.L. c. 131 § 40."

Response: This area of the site was previously paved for the use as a towing yard, with vehicular storage. An alternative would be to leave the area as a gravel parking yard, however, this creates an opportunity for sediment to enter Mother Brook. The proposed use and purpose is equivalent to the existing conditions and is economically feasible.

Based on the proposed re-pavement plan that is to replace the previously paved area, there appears to be no other practicable and substantially equivalent economic alternative that would be of less impact on the site.

(d) No Significant Adverse Impact – "The work, including proposed mitigation measures, must have no significant adverse impact on the riverfront area..."

Per section 10.58(4)(d)2a, "Limiting alteration to the maximum extent feasible, and at a minimum, preserving or establishing a corridor of undisturbed vegetation of maximum feasible width ..."

Response: The applicant is requesting to re-pave what was previously paved. Admittedly, the applicant was aggressive in preparing the base for the new pavement and the site contractor extended some of the base into a small area of BVW in the southeast corner and removed vegetation above the brook within the Riverfront. The proposed work includes removing the fill from the BVW and restoring this area with wetland vegetation. In addition, the area between the east edge of pavement and the bank of Mother Brook will be re-vegetated with native plants and seeded with New England Conservation/Wildlife Seed Mix.

Per section 10.58(4)(d)2b, "Provide stormwater management according to standards established by the Department."

Response: This project is a redevelopment that will not increase the impervious surfaces. Therefore, the project must meet the Massachusetts Stormwater Management requirements only to the extent practicable. The grading is such that the paved area drains to the east and to the bank of Mother Brook and will not change from the previous condition. As an improvement, two (2) proprietary stormwater treatment units to remove total suspended solids from a large portion of the site. These proposed units will improve the quality of the stormwater runoff from the site. Due to the shallow depth to groundwater and the poor fill soils at the site, recharge is not feasible at this location. The proposed improvements is a practicable BMP toward meeting the Stormwater requirements in this case.

Per section 10.58(4)(d)2c, "Preserving the capacity of the riverfront area to provide important habitat functions ..."



Response: The subject property is a pre-developed commercial/industrial site that is being re-paved for the same use. Following re-pavement, from a wildlife habitat perspective, the site will be no different than existing conditions. Since the site is essentially fully developed for a commercial/industrial use, a wildlife habitat evaluation is not required. As described in the Wetland Delineation Report (Attachment 1), the site is not within any Priority Habitats of Rare Species or Estimated Habitats of Rare Wildlife and there are no vernal pools near the subject property.

Per section 10.58(4)(d)1d, "Proposed work shall not impair groundwater or surface water quality ..."

Response: In accordance with the MassDEP Stormwater Regulations, construction period erosion and sediment controls are incorporated in the project so that groundwater and surface water is not impaired during the re-pavement project. Proposed natural vegetation plantings within the 25 foot Riverfront area will also provide a net positive impact to the riverfront area on site when compared to existing conditions.

This section describes how the project (Redevelopment) is designed to meet the performance standard for this Resource Area under 310 CMR 10.58 (5)(a) through (h)

(a) "At a minimum, proposed work shall result in an improvement over existing conditions ..."

Response: The applicant is requesting to re-pave what was previously paved. The project will not increase the impervious surfaces. The regrading that has already occurred within the BLSF resulted in an increase in flood storage on an incremental and cumulative basis to meet the performance standards under the BLSF performance standards under 310 CMR 10.57.

The area between the east edge of pavement and the bank of Mother Brook will be revegetated with native plants and seeded with New England Conservation/Wildlife Seed Mix. Proposed natural vegetation plantings within the 25 foot Riverfront area will also provide a net positive impact to the riverfront area on site when compared to existing conditions.

Two (2) proprietary stormwater treatment units to remove total suspended solids from a large portion of the site are proposed to improve the quality of the runoff.

In addition, the applicant has also removed a significant amount of trash and debris from a drainage ditch at the southeast corner of the site (off-locus).

(b) "Stormwater management is provided according to the standards established by the Department."



Response: See response above to address 10.58(4)(d)2b.

(c) "... proposed work shall not be located closer ... than existing conditions within 25 foot riverfront areas ..."

Response: The applicant is requesting to re-pave what was previously paved. The project will not increase the impervious surfaces. The extent of proposed pavement will correspond to the extent of previously paved area.

(d) "Proposed work ... shall be located outside the riverfront area and away from the river, except in accordance with 310 CMR 10.58(5)(f) of (g)."

Response: See response above to address 310 CMR 10.58 (5)(c).

(e) "The area of proposed work shall not exceed the amount of degraded area, provided that the proposed work may alter up to 10% if the degraded area is less than 10% of the riverfront area, except in accordance with 310 CMR 10.58(5)(f) of (g)."

Response: The extent of proposed pavement will correspond to the extent of previously paved area and there will be no increase in degraded area.

(f) "When an applicant proposes restoration on-site of degraded riverfront area ..."

Response: The proposed work includes removing the fill from the BVW and restoring this area with wetland vegetation. In addition, the area between the east edge of pavement and the bank of Mother Brook will be re-vegetated with native plants and seeded with New England Conservation/Wildlife Seed Mix.

(g) "When an applicant proposed mitigation either on-site or in the riverfront area ..."

Response: See response above to address 310 CMR 10.58 (5)(g).

(h) "The issuing authority shall include a continuing condition in the Certificate of Compliance for projects under 310 CMR 10.58(5)(f) or (g) prohibiting further alteration within the restored or mitigation area, except as may be required to maintain the area in restored ort mitigated condition. Prior to requesting the issuance of the Certificate of Compliance, the applicant shall demonstrate the restoration or mitigation has been successfully completed for at least two growing seasons.

Response: Agreed.

BORDERING VEGETATED WETLAND PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

This section describes how the project is designed to meet the performance standard for this Resource Area under 310 CMR 10.55 (4)(a) through (e).



(a) "... any proposed work in a Bordering Vegetated Wetland shall not destroy or otherwise impair any portion of said area."

Response: The estimated 440 SF area of BVW that was altered will be restored to its former condition. Some of the proposed re-pavement work falls within the 100-Foot Wetland Buffer Zone. The applicant is requesting to re-pave to replace the aged pavement and to install a new 6' chain-link fence to replace the existing fence. The proposed work will not extend beyond what was previously paved and the altered buffer between the pavement and the Bank of Mother Brook will be revegetated with native plantings.

(b/c) "... the issuing authority may issue an Order of Conditions permitting work which results in the loss of up to 5000 square feet Bordering Vegetated Wetland when said area is replaced in accordance with the following general conditions ..."

Response: The proposed project will not result in the loss of any BVW. The portion of the BVW that was altered will be restored.

(d) "... no project may be permitted which will have any adverse effect on specified habitat sites of rare vertebrate or invertebrate species ..."

Response: According to the latest Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife – Natural Heritage Endangered Species Program Mapping (NHESP), there are no areas on or near the site that are designated as Priority Habitats of Rare Species or Estimated Habitats of Rare Wildlife. Nor are there any Certified or Potential Vernal Pools near the site.

(e) "Any proposed work shall not destroy or otherwise impair any potion of a Bordering Vegetated Wetland that is within an Area of Critical Environmental Concern..."

Response: The proposed work does not take place in an Area of Critical Environmental Concern.

BORDERING LAND SUBJECT TO FLOODING: PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

This section describes how the project is designed to meet the performance standard for this Resource Area under 310 CMR 10.57 (4)(a).

10.57 (4)(a) 1:

"Compensatory storage shall be provided for all flood storage volume...."

Response: The regrading that was performed within the BLSF for the parking area has resulted in an increase in flood storage at all elevations in one foot increments as required



by this Standard. Calculations are provided with this Notice of Intent submittal to demonstrate this. See the tables and information below:

Prepared b		eld Brot	hers LLC	-	Solutions LLC		ot specifie 12/13/201 Page
			Sumi	nary for Pond 1	P: Pre-Existin	g	
Volume	Invert	Avail	Storage	Storage Description	on		
#1	47.00	2	4,078 cf	Custom Stage D	ata (Irregulat)iste	d below (Recalc)	
Elevation	Sur	f.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
47.00		341	162.5	0	0	341	
48.00		1,389	378.2	806	806	9,626	
49.00		2,338	389.4	1,843	2,649	10,410	
50.00		4,034	493.7	3,148	5,797	17,753	
51.00		8,165	673.5	5,979	11,776	34,464	
52.00		4,961	827.2	11,393	23,169	52,834	
52.06	1	5,324	831.3	909	24,078	53,378	
				d 2P: Post Pav		ai & Regrading	
Volume #1	47.00'		4.939 cf	Storage Description Custom Stage Description		d halaw/Dasala\	
#1	47.00	3	4,939 CI	Custom Stage D	ata (irregulat)iste	d below (Recalc)	
Elevation	Sur	f.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
47.00		370	163.9	0	0	370	
48.00		1,460	439.8	855	855	13,628	
49.00		2,281	434.5	1,855	2,710	14,200	
50.00		4,278	498.9	3,228	5,938	19,006	
51.00	1	3,687	752.7	8,539	14,477	44,292	
52.00	2	4,788	902.1	18,965	33,442	63,983	
52.06	2	5,137	903.3	1,498	34,939	64,164	
		Sum	mary fo	r Pond 3P: Pos	t Pavement In:	stallation	
Volume	Invert	Avail	Storage	Storage Description			
#1	47.00'		1,455 cf	Custom Stage D		d below (Recalc)	
F1						,	
Elevation		f.Area	Perim.	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	Wet.Area	
(feet)		(sq-ft)	(feet)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	(sq-ft)	
47.00		370	163.9	0	0	370	
48.00		1,460	439.8	855	855	13,628	
49.00		2,281	434.5	1,855	2,710	14,200	
50.00		4,124	486.2	3,157	5,868	18,016	
		0,918	711.2	7,251	13,118	39,463	
51.00		3,638	846.7	16,874	29,992	56,280	
52.00	2	5,137	903.3	1,463	31,455	64,162	

Elevation	Pre- Existing	Post-Pavement Removal & Regrading	Net Increase (cf)
52.06 - 52	909	1,498	589
52 - 51	11,393	18,965	7,572
51 - 50	5,979	8,539	2,560
50 - 49	3,148	3,228	80
49 - 48	1,843	1,855	12
48 - 47	806	855	49



Net Increase Total

10,862

Elevation	Pre- Existing	Post-Pavement Installation	Net Increase (cf)
52.06 - 52	909	1,463	554
52 - 51	11,393	16,874	5,481
51 - 50	5,979	7,251	1,272
50 - 49	3,148	3,157	9
49 - 48	1,843	1,855	12
48 - 47	806	855	49

Net Increase Total

7,377

10.57 (4)(a) 2:

"Work within the BLSF..... shall not restrict flows so as to cause an increase in flood stage or velocity."

Response: The site is all open to the flood area and stream. No restrictions are proposed.

10.57 (4)(a) 3:

"Work in those portions of the BLSF found to be significant to the protection of wildlife habitat shall not impair its capacity to provide important wildlife habitat functions...".

Response: The portions of the site to the east of the parking lot that were vegetated and altered will be restored with native vegetation to mitigate any wildlife habitat impacts. There are no areas designated as Estimated Habitat of Rare Wildlife Habitat, Priority Habitat or Vernal Pools on or near the site.

S-1428

ATTACHMENT 2

NOTICE OF INTENT FILING

ABUTTERS INFORMATION Abutter Notice Affidavit of Service Assessor's Abutter's List & Map from Website

Notification to Abutters Under the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act

In accordance with the second paragraph of Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 131, Section 40 you are hereby notified of the following:

A Notice of Intent has been filed by the DGT Associates on behalf of Elias Akiki for site improvements (re-paving) and stormwater management within the property at 1550 River Street in Hyde Park, MA, Assessor's Parcel ID 1812146000.

The Notice of Intent, including Plans, may be examined at the Environment Department, Boston City Hall, Room 709, Boston, MA 02201, Monday through Friday, from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. For more information, call the Boston Conservation Commission at 617-635-3850.

Copies of the Notice of Intent may be obtained from the applicant's representative, DGT Associates, 1071 Worcester Road, Framingham, MA 01701, Monday through Friday, from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Contact Phone 508-879-0030 (copies of plans and documents may be obtained at cost for printing).

The Boston Conservation Commission will hold a public hearing in the Piemonte Room, Boston City Hall, 1 City Hall Square, 5th Floor, Boston, MA 02201. Information regarding the date and time of the public hearing may be obtained from the Boston Conservation Commission at 617-635-3850.

You may also view boston.gov / public notices to confirm the hearing date and agenda items.

NOTE: Notice of the Public Hearing will be published at least five (5) days in advance in the The Herald and will be posted not less than 48 hours in advance of the public hearing in the Boston City Hall.

For more information call DGT Associates at 508-879-0030 or the Boston Conservation Commission at 617-635-3850 or the DEP Northeast Regional Office, 978-661-7600.

If this hearing is not closed, it will be continued to a date requested by the applicant without further abutter notification.



1071 Worcester Rd. Framingham, MA 01701 508.879.0030 www.dgtassociates.com

AFFIDAVIT OF SERVICE

Under the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act

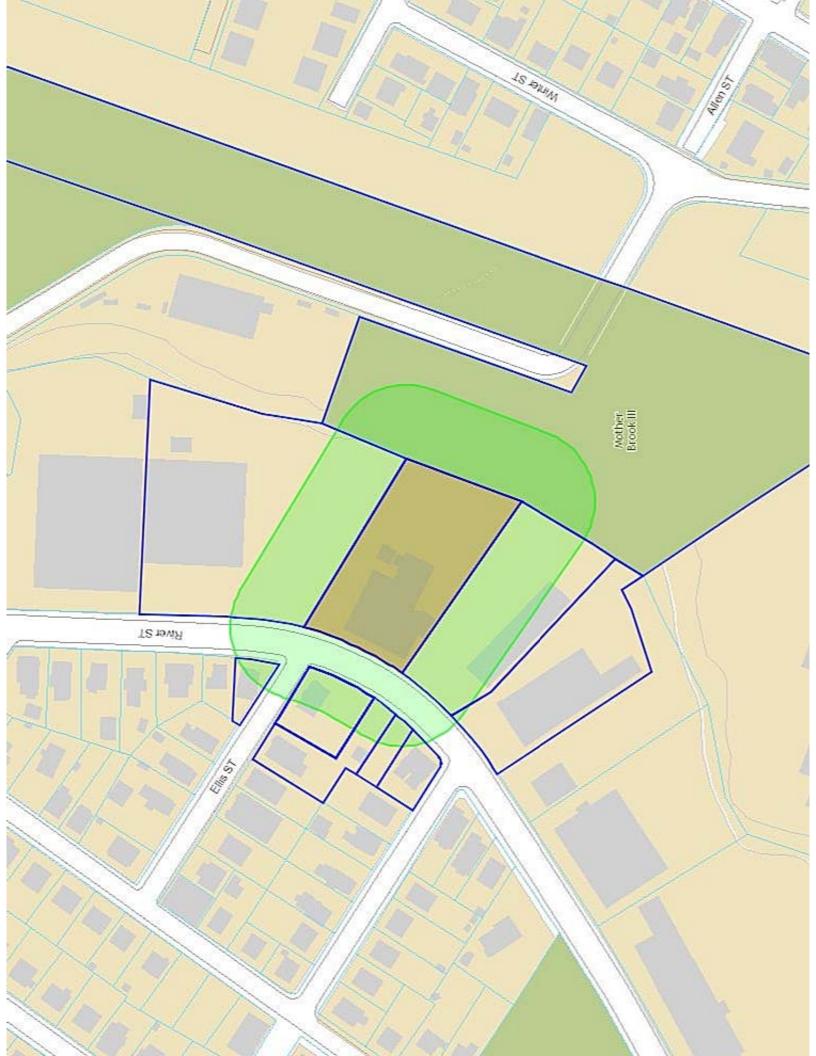
I, <u>Bert E. Corey</u> hereby certify under the pains and penalties of perjury that on <u>December 17, 2019</u> I gave notification to abutters in compliance with the second paragraph of the Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 131, Section 40 and the DEP Guide to Abutter Notification in connection with the following matter:

A <u>Notice of Intent Application</u> was filed under the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act by <u>DGT Associates</u> with the <u>Boston</u> Conservation Commission on <u>December 17, 2019</u> for a property located at <u>1550 River Street</u>, <u>Hyde Park</u>.

The form of notification and the list of abutters to whom it was given and their addresses are attached to this Affidavit of Service.

Bet E Cory
Signature

Date



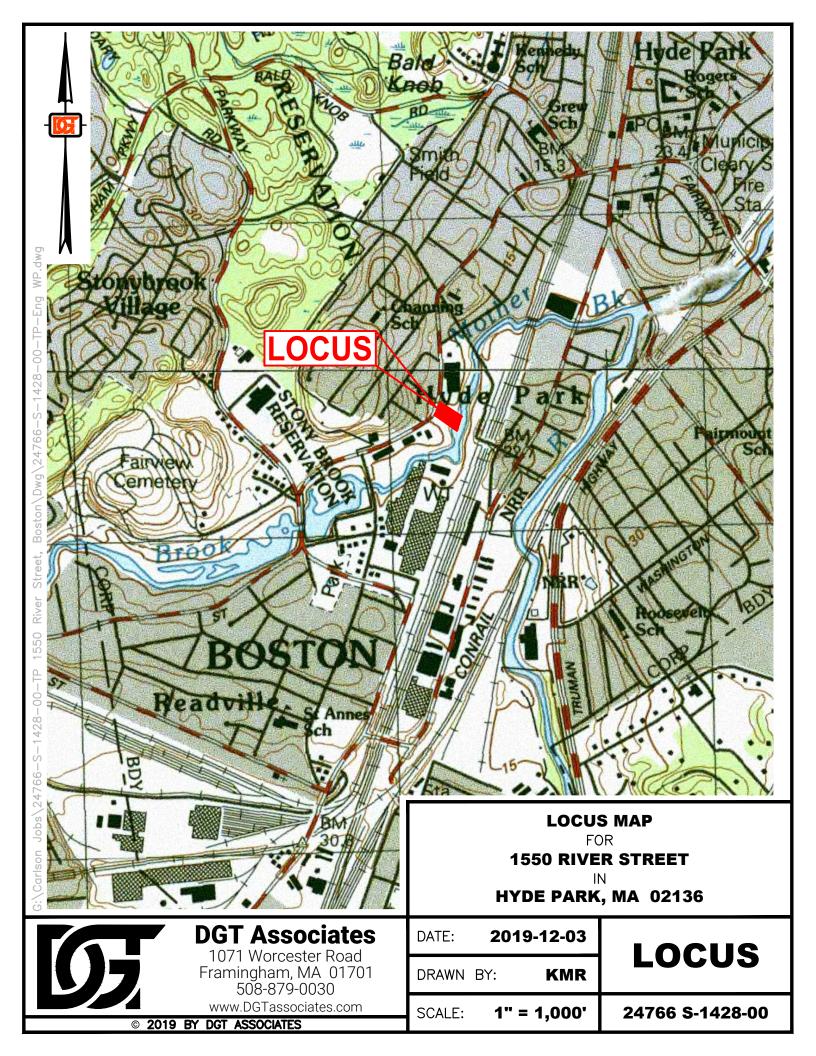
ID OWNER	ADDRESSEE	MLG_ADDRESS	MLG_CITYSTATE	MLG_ZIPCODE LOC_ADDRESS	LOC_CITY	LOC_ZIPCODE
1812114001 BASILE BRANDT	BASILE BRANDT	1539 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK MA	2136 1539 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK	2136
1812125000 ONE 545 RIVER ST	ONE 545 RIVER ST	1543 RIVER	HYDE PARK MA	2136 1543 1545 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK	2136
1812125002 CARDOSO EDSON	CARDOSO EDSON	1543-1545 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK MA	2136 1543 1545 RIVER ST #1	HYDE PARK	2136
1812125004 FAULKNER JAMES M III	FAULKNER JAMES M III	955 MASSACHUSETTS AV #250	CAMBRIDGE MA	2139 1543 1545 RIVER ST #2	HYDE PARK	2136
1812125006 JEREIDINI NASSIM	JEREIDINI NASSIM	39 JOAN RD	HYDE PARK MA	2136 1543 1545 RIVER ST #3	HYDE PARK	2136
1812126000 LEGROS PIERRE A	LEGROS PIERRE A	1557 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK MA	2136 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK	2136
1812128000 LEGROS PIERRE A	LEGROS PIERRE A	1557 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK MA	2136 1557 1559 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK	2136
1812140000 HS LAND TRUST LLC TS	HS LAND TRUST LLC TS	404 S HUNTINGTON AVE	JAMAICA PLAIN MA	2130 4 - 6 ELLIS ST	HYDE PARK	2136
1812145050 DALY MARY ELLEN TS	DALY MARY ELLEN TS	1560 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK MA	2136 1560 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK	2136
1812145100 KRUCZYNSKI ANTONI TS	KRUCZYNSKI ANTONI TS	1558 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK MA	2136 1558 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK	2136
1812146000 TUZZO VINCENT P TS	TUZZO VINCENT P TS	1035 HYDE PARK AV	HYDE PARK MA	2136 1550 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK	2136
1812146001 FIFTEEN-30 RIVER ST RLTY LLC	FIFTEEN-30 RIVER ST RLTY LLC	1530 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK MA	2136 1530 RIVER ST	HYDE PARK	2136
1812161000 CITY OF BOSTON	CITY OF BOSTON	RESERVATION RD	HYDE PARK MA	2136 RESERVATION RD	HYDE PARK	2136

S-1428

ATTACHMENT 3

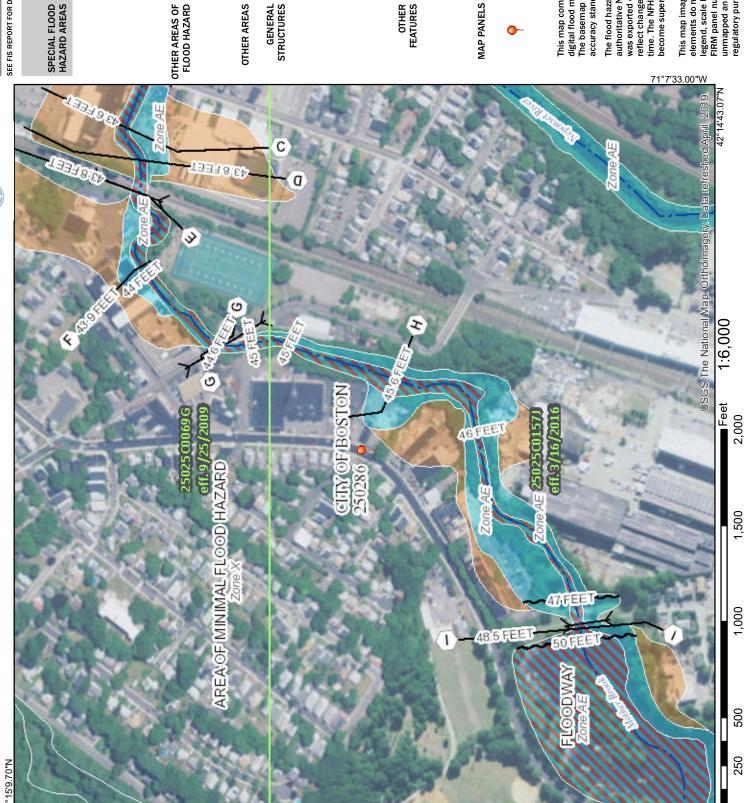
NOTICE OF INTENT FILING

Locus Map – USGS Quad FEMA Floodplain Map Natural Heritage Map



National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Regulatory Floodway SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X of 1% annual chance flood with average

Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X

Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D Levee. See Notes. Zone X

Effective LOMRs NO SCREEN

Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone

Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D

Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer

GENERAL | - -- - Channel, Culvert, or Storn STRUCTURES | 1111111 Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation

Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Coastal Transect

Jurisdiction Boundary

Coastal Transect Baseline

OTHER FEATURES

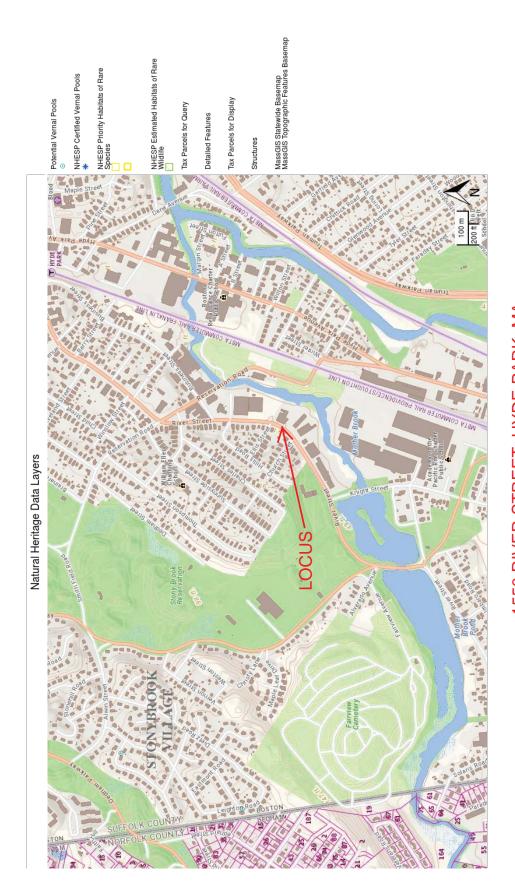
Hydrographic Feature

Digital Data Available

No Digital Data Available Unmapped The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 11/23/2019 at 12:30:28 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or The flood hazard information is derived directly from the become superseded by new data over time. This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.



1550 RIVER STREET, HYDE PARK, MA

11/22/2019, 6:50 PM

S-1428

ATTACHMENT 4

NOTICE OF INTENT FILING

Wetland Delineation Report



1071 Worcester Rd. Framingham, MA 01701 508.879.0030 www.dgtassociates.com

19F-022

Elias Akiki Akiki & Sons Avenue Service 1035 Hyde Park Avenue Hyde Park, MA 02136 October 29, 2019

RE: 1550 River Street, Hyde Park, Wetland Resource Area Delineation

Dear Mr. Akiki:

On October 18, 2019, DGT Associates (DGT) performed a field delineation of wetlands resource area boundaries at the subject property under the jurisdiction of the Mass. Wetlands Protection Act. The delineation was performed by this writer, Fredric King, Senior Wetland Specialist.

This report summarizes our findings and contains our DEP Field Data Forms and documentation of our methodologies for the delineations made. Following the delineation, the delineation markers (survey flagging) were located by field survey. The Existing Conditions Topographic Plan prepared by DGT shows the wetlands flagging, resource area boundaries and the related jurisdictional buffer zones.

GENERAL SITE DESCRIPTION

General Property Description:

The topographic plan shows the topographic features, building, pavement, gravel parking areas, property lines, wetlands and other environmental boundaries and buffers.

The property is 42,500 sq. ft. in area located at 1550 River Street in the Hyde Park District of Boston, Massachusetts. It contains an industrial building, paved areas in front and on the north side, and the rear storage yard is presently a gravel surface. It is our understanding that the rear storage yard was paved and had recently been stripped of pavement in preparation for re-paving.

The rear 150 foot long property line abuts Mother Brook which flows northeasterly to the Neponset River about ½ mile downstream from the site. Mother Brook is a perennial stream and is classified as a "River" under the Mass. Wetlands Protection Act.

The bank of the brook is vegetated with shrub growth and herbaceous ground cover, and there is a narrow strip of vegetated wetland on the sloping area just above the "Bank" as defined in the Mass. Wetlands Protection Act Regulations.

There is also a drainage ditch at the southerly corner of the site that begins at a drainage pipe outfall and drains to Mother Brook. This drainage ditch appears to have been recently cleaned out by excavation.

The Wetland Resource Areas under the Mass. Wetlands Protection Act (WPA) at the site are associated with Mother Brook and include: <u>Bordering Vegetated Wetlands</u>; <u>Bank</u>; <u>Land Under Water Bodies and Waterways</u>; Land Subject to Flooding; and Riverfront Area.

The drain ditch at the south corner of the site contained water during the delineation work. The water was not flowing and appeared to be the back-water from Mother Brook. The bank of the ditch was continuous with the bank of Mother Brook and could be considered part of the brook bank. Due to this, the ditch

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could possibly be classified as a Stream, and the banks of this ditch could be classified as part of the Resource Area under the Wetlands Protection Act.

The limits of these the various wetland resource areas and the associated buffer zones as mapped by DGT are shown on the topographic plan.

FIELD DELINEATIONS

The field delineation included the boundary of Bordering Vegetated Wetland (BVW), Bank of Mother Brook and the south drain ditch, and the Mean Annual High Water (MAHW) associated with Mother Brook. In this case, the 100 foot Buffer Zone under the Mass. Wetlands Protection Act are drawn from the edge of the BVW or the Bank as required. The MAHW marks the inner boundary of the 25 foot Riverfront Area (for Boston). The Bordering Land Subject to Flooding is determined from the 100 year Flood Level from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) flood profile mapping.

BANK

The bank of the stream is the land surface that abuts and confines the body. The upper boundary of the bank of the streams was delineated in accordance with the definition under 310 CMR 10.54 (2)(c). This states that "The upper boundary of a Bank is the first observable break in the slope or the mean annual flood level, whichever is lower." For a stream, this essentially is the limit of the normal flow channel.

In this case there is an observable break in the slope that is below the estimated mean annual flow level that is discussed later in this report. Above the first observable break in slope, the land continues to slope upward to a top of the higher bank. A portion of this upper slope is classified as a Bordering Vegetated Wetland as discussed later in this report.

The upper boundary of the "Bank" was marked with consecutively numbered pink survey ribbon. The flags were marked Bank 1 to Bank 24. Bank 1 is located on the abutting property to the south on Mother Brook. The flags then follow the bank of the drain ditch to the pipe outfall and then back to Mother Brook at Bank 12. Then the flags follow Mother Brook across the rear of the property downstream to flag Bank 24.

The southerly drain ditch contained water at the time of the delineation. The water appeared to be backwater from Mother Brook. Since the banks of this ditch were containing water from Mother Brook, it was our opinion that this was part of the Mother Brook Bank.

BORDERING VEGETATED WETLANDS (BVW)

Bordering Vegetated Wetlands are identified by the presence of a vegetation community comprised of 50 percent or more wetland plant species and the presence of wetland hydrology (i.e. hydric soils and/or other indicators of hydrology). Bordering Vegetated Wetlands are delineated in accordance with the methodology set forth in "Delineating Bordering Vegetated Wetlands under the Massachusetts Wetland Protection Act: A Handbook," dated March 1995, produced by the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Wetlands and Waterways.

During the delineation, the vegetation is continually observed as well as frequent soil observations with a hand soil auger. Two observation transects with sample plots were performed to help delineate the

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boundary and for documentation of the boundary. The DEP field data forms are included in Attachment 3.

The BVW delineation was marked with blue survey ribbon (flagging), consecutively numbered for identification. The wetland boundary section along the Brook is numbered BVW-1 to BVW-10. The flagging starts at the easterly rear corner of the site and ends at the south corner. No BVW was noted bordering the ditch in the southerly corner, but the area appears to have been recently altered near the ditch.

The BVW across the rear of the property is a narrow fringe of vegetated wetlands that borders on the "Bank" of Mother Brook. This area is the lower portion of the sloping area to the top of an upper embankment along the southern portion of the property.

The Wetland species observed included Red Maple, Button Bush (Cephalanthus occidentalis), Black Willow (Salix nigra), Glossy Buckthorn (Rhamnus frangula), Arrowwood (Viburnum dentatum), Common Greenbriar (Smilax rotundifolia), Sensitive Fern (Onoclea sensibilis), and Purple Loostrife (Lythrum salicaria). Japanese Knotweed (Polygonum cuspidatum) and Trembling Aspen (Polulus tremuloides) were observed on the upper fringe of the slope near the boundary of the BVW.

Transect T1 was performed at flag BVW 5 with two sample plots T1-P1 is the lower plot and T1-P2 is the upper plot. The upper plot is just above a fiber log sediment barrier and did not have any vegetation. Soils and hydrology were document at that plot.

Transect 2 only had one plot on the uphill side of a fiber log sediment barrier near BVW 9. The area had recently been stripped of vegetation and this was documented to determine if the lower portion of the stripped area was within the BVW. The conclusion was that the lower portion would be classified as a BVW by soils and hydrology. It did not appear that the grade was changed. The vegetation had been removed. Japanese Knotweed was observed re-sprouting from the existing roots on the slope.

RIVERFRONT BOUNDARY

ESTIMATED MEAN ANNUAL HIGH WATER FOR RIVERFRONT DETERMINATION

Per the Riverfront Regulations (310 CMR 10.58), the outer boundary of the Riverfront Area is drawn at 25 feet from the Mean Annual High Water Line (MAHW) of the River in the City of Boston. In this case we have determined the MAHW by the use of "Bankfull Indicators" in accordance with the Mass. DEP workshop document "Bankfull Indicators & Mean Annual High Water".

There were several areas along the stream where the indicators of MAHW were quite prominent. To determine the MAHW elevation we searched for a good location where there were clearly observable bankfull indicators and marked that location with a stake and orange flag. In this case, the clearest evidence was the upper limit of a scour areas on the upper bank where the flow of water had prevented herbaceous ground cover vegetation to grow, and debris and leaf litter were washed away. The upper elevation was staked and this elevation was then located by instrument survey. Based on this analysis, the MAHW was determined to be elevation 47.8 (Boston City Base). That elevation contour was then located on the ground by survey.

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BORDERING LAND SUBJECT TO FLOODING (BLSF)

This line is determined by the Federal Flood Mapping by FEMA. Per that mapping, portions of the site are in a FEMA Flood Zone AE for this reach of Mother Brook. The elevation of the 1% frequency flood (100 year flood) is determined to be elevation 45.6 on the NAVD 1988 datum. This line is shown on the topographic plan and the elevation has been converted to Boston City Base (NAVD 88 + 6.46 = 52.06). This conversion is based on the Boston Planning and Development Agency's "Climate Resiliency Guidance" dated December 14, 2017.

The FEMA Flood Map is included in Attachement 2

(Note that the delineations performed are based on best professional judgment and interpretation per the applicable guidelines. The delineation lines are not an official "Determination" under the applicable wetlands laws and regulations until accepted by the Conservation Commission or DEP through the filing of an Abbreviated Notice of Resource Area Delineation, Notice of Intent or Request for Determination. Until officially accepted, the delineation should be considered approximate.

DGT Associates

Fredric W. King. PE

Senior Engineer and Wetland Specialist

Attachments: 1. Site Photos

Fredric W. King

2. FEMA Flood Map

3. DEP Field Delineation Forms

Existing Conditions Topographic Plan (under separate cover)

RE: 1550 River Street, Hyde Park, MA Wetland Resource Area Delineation



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ATTACHMENT 1 SITE PHOTOS 10/18/19



Looking south along rear of property.



Looking north along rear of property



North Corner of property at paved outfall from Storage/ parking area.



Stake at Estimated Mean Annual High Water.



South drain ditch and outfall pipe.



South ditch looking toward Mother Brook.

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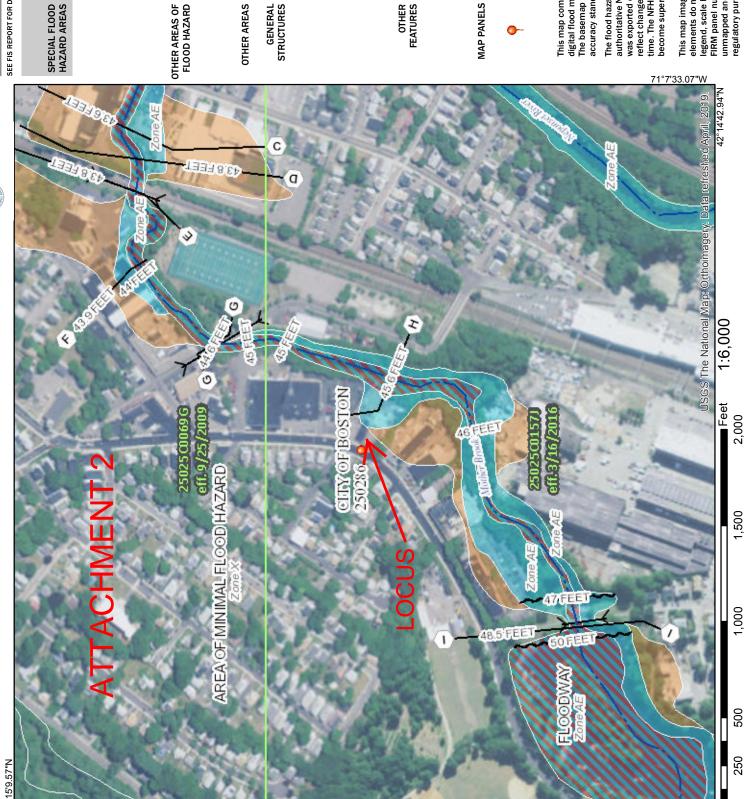
October 29, 2019



Recently Filled Area at south corner or property.

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) Regulatory Floodway SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X of 1% annual chance flood with average

Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zone X

Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X

Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D

Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone **Effective LOMRs** NO SCREEN

Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D

Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer

GENERAL ----- Channel, Culvert, or Storn STRUCTURES | 1111111 Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance

Water Surface Elevation

Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Coastal Transect

Jurisdiction Boundary

Coastal Transect Baseline

Hydrographic Feature

OTHER

FEATURES

Digital Data Available

No Digital Data Available

Unmapped

MAP PANELS

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and was exported on 9/20/2019 at 11:29:41 AM and does not time. The NFHL and effective information may change or The flood hazard information is derived directly from the become superseded by new data over time. This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

ATTACHMENT 3

DEP BVW DELINEATION FIELD DATA FORMS

DEP Bordering Vegetated Wetlands (310 CMR 10.55) Delineation Field Data Form	Wetlands (310 CMR	10.55) Delineati	on Field Data Forn	_
Applicant: Elias Akiki Pr	Prepared by: Fred King	Project location: 15	1550 River Street DEP File #:	:#
Check all that apply:		I	Hyde Park, MA	
Vegetation alone presumed adequate to delineate BVW boundary: fill out Section I only	eate BVW boundary: fill out Se	ction I only		
✓ Vegetation and other indicators of hydrology u	ised to delineate BVW boundary: fill out Sections I and II	ry: fill out Sections I and	= =	
Method other than dominance test used (attach additional information)	h additional information)			
Section I. Vegetation Observation Plot Number:	P1	Transect Number:	Date of Delineation:	on: 10/18/19
A. Sample Layer and Plant Species (by common/scientific name)	B. Percent Cover (or basal area)	C. Percent Dominance	D. Dominant Plant (yes or no)	E. Wetland Indicator
Trees				Calegory
None				
Shrub/Sapling/Vine				
Black Willow (Salix nigra)	10.5	43.7	Yes	FACW+
Glossy Buckthorn (Rhamnus frangula)	10.5	43.7	Yes	FAC
Silky Dogwood (Cornus amomum)	3.0	12.5	No	FAC
Ground Cover				
Glossy Buckthorn (seedlings)	3.0	18.2	No	FAC
Black Willow (Seedlings)	3.0	18.2	No	FACW+
Spagnum Moss (Sphagnum spp)	10.5	63.6	Yes	OBL

* Use an asterisk to mark wetland indicator plants: plant species listed in the Wetlands Protection Act (MGL c.131, s.40); plants in the genus Sphagnum; plants listed as FAC, FAC+, FACW-, FACW+, or OBL; or plants with physiological or morphological adaptations. If any plants are identified as wetland indicator plants due to physiological or morphological adaptations, describe the adaptations next to the asterisk.

Vegetation conclusion:

Number of dominant wetland indicator plants:

Number of dominant non-wetland indicator plants:

 \times Yes Is the number of dominant wetland plants equal to or greater than the number of dominant non-wetland plants?

If vegetation alone is presumed adequate to delineate the BVW boundary, submit this form with the Request for Determination of Applicability or Notice of Intent.

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T1-P1 Page 2 Section II.	Indicators of Hydrology	Hydrology		Other	Other Indicators of Hydrology: (check all that apply and describe)	at apply and descri	(әс
Lion Ciron	Hydric Soil Interpretation				Site inundated:		
					Depth to free water in observation hole:	.: ö	
1. Soil Survey	۸є				Depth to soil saturation in observation hole:	hole:	
Is there a pul	hec	or this site? Yes X	o N		Water marks:		
title/date:		NRCS Soil Survey Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Sept 1989			Drift lines:		
map n soil typ	map number: 14 soil type mapped: Udorthe	Udorthents Wet Substratum			Sediment deposits:		
hydric	hydric soil inclusions:	Yes		×	Drainage patterns in BVW: At EMHW	M	
Are field obs	Are field observations consistent with soil survey?	with soil survey?	Yes X no		Oxidized rhizospheres:		
Kemarks:	NRCS indicates the are	Kemarks: NKCS indicates the area is filled land over wet substratum.	ubstratum.		Water-stained leaves:		
					Recorded data (stream, lake, or tidal gauge; aerial photo; other):	erial photo; other):	
2. Soil Description	ription						
Horizon	Depth	Matrix Color	Mottles Color		Other:		
A-SL B1_FSI	0-4"	10 YR 3/2 10 VP 2/1	None	_	Vegetation and Hydrology Conclusion	Sonclusion	
B2 - SL	12 -16"	10 YR 2/1	7.5 YR 5/8 Manv	•		Yes	
Gravelly		1		Num <	Number of wetland indicator plants > number of non-wetland indicator plants		
Remarks:	Near estimated m	Near estimated mean annual high water (EMHW) of brook.	er (EMHW) of brook.	Wetla	Wetland hydrology present: hydric soil present	□	
3. Other:					other indicators of hydrology	[:	
Conclusion:	Conclusion: Is soil hydric?	Yes x	°Z	Sam	Sample location is in a BVW		

	DEP Boi	DEP Bordering Vegetated Wetlands (310 CMR 10.55) Delineation Field Data Form	inds (310 CMR	(10.55) Deline	ation Field D	ata Form	
Applicant:	Elias Akiki	Prepared by	Prepared by: Fred King	Project location:	1550 River Street	DEP File #:	
Check all	Check all that apply:				Hyde Park, MA		
	Vegetation alone pre	Vegetation alone presumed adequate to delineate BVW boundary: fill out Section I only	boundary: fill out Se	ection I only			
×	Vegetation and other	Vegetation and other indicators of hydrology used to delineate BVW boundary: fill out Sections I and II	lineate BVW bounda	ıry: fill out Sections I	and II		
	Method other than dc	Method other than dominance test used (attach additional information)	al information)				
Section I.	I. Vegetation	Observation Plot Number: P2		Transect Number:	Date	Date of Delineation:	10/18/19
A. Sample (by con	A. Sample Layer and Plant Species (by common/scientific name)		B. Percent Cover (or basal area)	C. Percent Dominance	D. Dominant F (yes or no)	lant	E. Wetland Indicator
Trees							Category
None							
Shrub/S	Shrub/Sapling/Vine						
None							
Ground Cover	Cover						
None							
* Use an at FAC, FAC+ physiologic	sterisk to mark wetland ., FACW-, FACW+, or C al or morphological ada	* Use an asterisk to mark wetland indicator plants: plant species listed in the Wetlands Protection Act (MGL c.131, s.40); plants in the genus Sphagnum; plants listed as FAC, FACH, FACW-, FACW+, or OBL; or plants with physiological or morphological adaptations. If any plants are identified as wetland indicator plants due to physiological adaptations, describe the adaptations next to the asterisk.	the Wetlands Protection orphological adaptation kt to the asterisk.	ion Act (MGL c.131, s. is. If any plants are ide	40); plants in the ge entified as wetland ir	nus <i>Sphagnum</i> ; _I ndicator plants du	plants listed as ue to
Vegetati	on conclusion: Ir	Vegetation conclusion: Inconclusive, use soils and signs of hydrology.	of hydrology.				
Number c	Number of dominant wetland indicator plants:	indicator plants: 0	Number of dor	Number of dominant non-wetland indicator plants:	d indicator plants	: Altered	73
Is the nur	nber of dominant we	Is the number of dominant wetland plants equal to or greater	or greater than the number of dominant non-wetland plants?	f dominant non-we		Yes	No

If vegetation alone is presumed adequate to delineate the BVW boundary, submit this form with the Request for Determination of Applicability or Notice of Intent.

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72 Page 2 Section II. Indicators of Hydrology	Other Indicators of Hydrology: (check all that apply and describe)	describe)
	Site inundated:	
Hydric Soil Interpretation	Depth to free water in observation hole:	
1. Soil Survey	Depth to soil saturation in observation hole:	
hec	□ Water marks:	
Cou	□ Drift lines:	
Jdort	Sediment deposits:	
hydric soil inclusions: Tes	☐ Drainage patterns in BVW:	
servations consistent with soil survey?	Oxidized rhizospheres:	
Remarks: NRCS indicates the area is filled land over wet substratum.		
	Recorded data (stream, lake, or tidal gauge; aerial photo; other):	er):
tion Depth Matrix Color	Other:	
0-10" 10 YR 3/2 10 – 15" 10 YR 3/3	Vegetation and Hydrology Conclusion	1 -
FIII GFAVEIIV SL 15 -18" 10 Y K Z/1 10 Y K 5/8 SOME	Number of wetland indicator plants	<u> </u>
Remarks: No water, Appears to be old fill.	Wetland hydrology present: hydric soil present	<u></u>
3. Other:	other indicators of hydrology Present	>
Conclusion: Is soil hydric? Yes No X	Sample location is in a BVW	* 2

Submit this form with the Request for Determination of Applicability or Notice of Intent.

	DEP Bc	DEP Bordering Vegetated Wetlands (310 CMR 10.55) Delineation Field Data Form	nds (310 CMF	(10.55) Deline	ation Field Da	ıta Form	
Applicant:	Elias Akiki	Prepared by:	Prepared by: Fred King	Project location:	1550 River Street	DEP File #:	
Check all that apply:	hat apply:				Hyde Park, MA		
	Vegetation alone pre	Vegetation alone presumed adequate to delineate BVW boundary: fill out Section I only	boundary: fill out Se	ection I only			
\boxtimes	Vegetation and othe	Vegetation and other indicators of hydrology used to delineate BVW boundary: fill out Sections I and II	ineate BVW bounda	ary: fill out Sections I	and II		
	Wethod other than c	Method other than dominance test used (attach additional information)	al information)				
Section I.	. Vegetation	Observation Plot Number: P2		Transect Number:	Date of	Date of Delineation:	10/18/19
A. Sample (by com	A. Sample Layer and Plant Species (by common/scientific name)		B. Percent Cover (or basal area)	C. Percent Dominance	D. Dominant Plant (yes or no)		E. Wetland Indicator
Trees							Category
None	-						
Note that	this is a check of	_					
Altered ar	ea to check for hy	Altered area to check for hydric indicators. See pg. 2					
Shrub/Sa	Shrub/Sapling/Vine						
None							
It appears	that vegetation w	It appears that vegetation was recently cleared.					
Knotweed	is starting to spro	Knotweed is starting to sprout from roots in slope.					
Ground Cover	over						
None							
* Use an ası FAC, FAC+, physiologica	terisk to mark wetlanc , FACW-, FACW+, or al or morphological ao	* Use an asterisk to mark wetland indicator plants: plant species listed in the Wetlands Protection Act (MGL c.131, s.40); plants in the genus Sphagnum; plants listed as FAC, FAC+, FACW-, FACW+, or OBL; or plants with physiological or morphological adaptations. If any plants are identified as wetland indicator plants due to physiological or morphological adaptations, describe the adaptations next to the asterisk.	the Wetlands Protect rphological adaptation to the asterisk.	ion Act (MGL c.131, s.	40); plants in the genu: ntified as wetland indic	ıs <i>Sphagnum</i> ; p cator plants due	ants listed as to
Vegetatic	on conclusion:	Vegetation conclusion: Vegetation ha been removed from what appears to be an old fill slope.	n what appears to	be an old fill slope	ai.		
Number of	f dominant wetlan	Number of dominant wetland indicator plants: 0	Number of do	Number of dominant non-wetland indicator plants:	indicator plants:	Altered	
Is the num	ber of dominant w	Is the number of dominant wetland plants equal to or greater than the number of dominant non-wetland plants?	than the number o	f dominant non-we	tland plants? Yes	s No	•

If vegetation alone is presumed adequate to delineate the BVW boundary, submit this form with the Request for Determination of Applicability or Notice of Intent.

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T2-P1 Page 2 Section II. Indicators of Hydrology	Other Indicators of Hydrology: (check all that apply and describe)
Hydric Soil Interpretation	Site inundated:
	□ Depth to free water in observation hole: 12"
1. Soil Survey	☑ Depth to soil saturation in observation hole: 6"
hec	☐ Water marks:
Cou	□ Drift lines:
Jdori	Sediment deposits:
hydric soil inclusions: Yes	☐ Drainage patterns in BVW:
	Oxidized rhizospheres:
Remarks: NRCS indicates the area is filled land over wet substratum.	☐ Water-stained leaves:
	Recorded data (stream, lake, or tidal gauge; aerial photo; other):
2. Soil Description Horizon Death Matrix Color Mattles Color	- Land
top soil 0-4" 2.5 YR 3/1	
4-8" 2.5 YR 2.5/1	Vegetation and Hydrology Conclusion
Ab Gravellv SL 8 -14" 2.5 YR 2.5/1 2.5 YR 3/6 Manv (Buried A)	Number of wetland indicator plants $X \in X$ $X \cap X$ X $X \cap X$ X X X X X X X X X
Remarks: Water @ 12 "	Wetland hydrology present: hydric soil present
 Other: 8 inches of Fill over a buried A horizon. Looks to be old. Roots of Knotweed sprouting on slope. Conclusion: Is soil hydric? Yes X No 	other indicators of hydrology Present Sample location is in a BVW X

Submit this form with the Request for Determination of Applicability or Notice of Intent.

ATTACHMENT 5

NOTICE OF INTENT FILING

Stormwater Management Report Section 1 Stormwater Management Narrative & Summary

(for full report and calculations see complete Stormwater Management Design and Runoff Calculations Report dated November 27, 2017 by DGT Associates)

SECTION 1

STORMWATER NARRATIVE & SUMMARY

This report contains the hydrologic computations and design information relative to the existing and proposed stormwater runoff conditions for the proposed re-pavement project development at #1550 River Street in Hyde Park, MA.

It includes information on the proposed stormwater management system design and assessment of stormwater impacts of the proposed project.

The report also includes the following documents:

- Stormwater Summary Calculations (Section 2)
- Soils Information (Appendix 1)
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan (Appendix 2)
- Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan (Appendix 5)

An Erosion and Sediment Control Plan is included as part of the site plan set. However, this project is not subject to the U.S. EPA's Construction General Permit under the NPDES Program. Therefore, a full Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will not be required.

The hydrologic model for existing and proposed stormwater runoff conditions at the site are included in Sections 3 and 4 respectively. The watershed maps for the models are in Appendices 3 and 4.

General Project Description

It is the intent of the owner to remove the existing pavement on the rear parking / storage yard, regrade the area and repave. There is approximately 17,328 square feet of pavement that is to be replaced on the east side of the site.

The project as proposed will not increase in the area of impervious surface on the site over what previously existed. The extent of proposed pavement will correspond to the extent of previously paved area.

Other site improvements related to the proposed project include:

- Removal of trash and debris from the drainage ditch,
- Re-vegetate the area adjacent to Mother Brook,
- Installation of a new 6-foot high chain link fence.
- Remove the new fill within the BVW in the southeast former and restore it the with wetland plantings.
- The regrading that occurred within the BLSF actually resulted in a beneficial increase in flood storage volume on an incremental and cumulative basis to meet the performance standards under the BLSF performance standards under 310 CMR 10.57. Computations are included in the Notice of Intent Project Narrative.
- Installation of a proprietary stormwater treatment units to remove total suspended solids from a large portion of the paved site.

The erosion and sedimentation controls that have been recently installed are being maintained for the project. In addition, as part of the Site Plan, erosion and sedimentation control performance standards will be incorporated into the project.

Existing Site Description

The project site is a 42,500 sq. ft. (0.98 acres) property at 1550 River Street in the Hyde Park district of Boston, Massachusetts. It is identified as on the Boston Assessor's Property ID 1812146000. The property is located in Zoning Sub-district "LI-1" Local Industrial. The property abuts commercial properties to the north and south, and Mother Brook located at the east side of the property. Mother Brook is a perennial stream that joins the Neponset River. Access to the site is provided by a driveway off River Street. The Existing Conditions Plan shows the current site features and topography.

The site is currently developed with a 2 story commercial building with a paved driveway, and currently a gravel/dirt parking area, which was formerly paved.

The existing conditions of the site are shown on the "Existing Conditions Plan" in the site plan set and on the "Existing Conditions Watershed Map" included with this report.

Wetland Resource Areas

Wetland resource areas on the site include: 25 foot Riverfront Area associated with Mother Brook, Bordering Vegetated Wetlands (BVW), and Bordering Land Subject to Flooding (BLSF). The Wetland Delineation Report is included with the Notice of Intent for more detail. The Riverfront Area, the BVW, BLSF, and the 100-Foot Buffer Zone under the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act are shown on the Site Plan. The Riverfront Area and the Buffer Zone extend onto the rear parking area. The mean annual high water line for the portion of Mother Brook adjacent to the site is also shown on the Site Plan. The elevation of the estimated Mean Annual High Water was found to be 47.8.

The property falls within a Zone AE special flood hazard area as shown on FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map number 25025C0157, dated 3/16/2016. The elevation of the 100-year flood as determined by the Federal Flood Insurance Program is 45.6 based on the NAVD 1988 datum. This is equivalent to elevation 52.06 based on the Boston City datum that is shown on the survey plan.

According to the latest Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife – Natural Heritage Endangered Species Program Mapping (NHESP), there are no areas on or near the site that are designated as Priority Habitats of Rare Species or Estimated Habitats of Rare Wildlife. Nor are there any Certified or Potential Vernal Pools on or near the site.

Existing Stormwater Runoff

Assessment of stormwater runoff conditions is based on the topographic information shown on the Existing Conditions Plan and field reconnaissance by DGT Associates. Stormwater runoff flows to the east, travels across a vegetated bank of Mother Brook, and then into the brook itself. The area is described as subcatchments "E-1" and E-2" in

the hydrologic model. A portion of the abutting property (paved parking area) at the north side of the side travels onto the subject property, flows along the north side and enters Mother Brook. This off-site subcatchment is described as "E-3" in the hydrologic model.

The Stormwater Model includes Design Point 1 (DP-1) to describe the stormwater flow to Mother Brook. The peak rates of runoff and volumes to Mother Brook for existing and proposed conditions flows for the 2, 10, 25 and 100-year storms are shown on the summary table in Section 2 of this report.

Currently there are no stormwater management features.

Soils and Groundwater

Soil Maps provided by the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) indicate that the soils on site are classified as "Urban Land" on the west side where the building is located, and "Udorthents – Wet Substratum" on the east side where the parking area is. The depth to groundwater is shallow on the site based on the existing water surface of Mother Brook and its mean annual high water elevation. The site is also located within a floodplain.

Proposed Stormwater Management Design

The proposed project includes several stormwater Best Management Practices. Low Impact Development (LID) concepts have been considered for this project.

The following summarizes the features of the proposed stormwater management design:

1. Two proprietary stormwater treatment units provide removal of total suspended solids from the paved portion of the site to improve the quality of the runoff.

Because the site has shallow depth to groundwater and is within a floodplain, there are no infiltration facilities proposed.

The project site drains to Mother Brook. The U.S. EPA has recently prepared a "Waterbody Assessment and TMDL (Total Maximum Daily Load of various pollutants) Status" that show Mother Brook (segment MA73-28, and the Neponset River (segment MA73-02). The TMDL Status Map and information is included in Section 2. Mother Brook and the Neponset River are classified as Category 5.

Mother Brook has been determined by the EPA to have several impairments, including debris/floatables/trash, low flow alterations, color, DDT in fish tissue, mercury in fish tissue, dissolved oxygen, PCB in fish tissue, total phosphorous, and taste/odor. Mother Brook joins the Neponset River which also has several impairments including debris/floatables/trash, DDT in fish tissue, Escherichia coli, fecal coliform, foam/flocs/scum/oil slicks, unspecified metals, dissolved oxygen, PCB in fish tissue, and turbidity. An EPA TMDL No. 2592 is associated with the Neponset River for pathogens (bacteria).

It is required that BMPs be selected so that the site will not increase the impairment to the River. The treatment BMPs selected include two proprietary stormwater treatment systems (hydrodynamic separators). The site is almost entirely covered with impervious surface consisting of roof area and pavement. The proposed stormwater treatment systems are an improvement to the existing conditions as they provide debris, hydrocarbon, and TSS removal to the stormwater runoff from the site.

Proposed Stormwater Runoff

The existing and proposed subcatchment are similar due to the minimal amount of proposed site work. The proposed paved surface is described as subcatchments "P-1" and "P-2". Stormwater runoff from theses subcatchments is routed to proprietary stormwater treatment units (aka as water quality units). A third subcatchment "P-3" represents the bank of Mother Brook. The abutting property to the north remains unchanged and is described as "E-3" in the hydrologic model.

The peak rates of runoff and volumes to these locations for existing and proposed conditions flows for the 2, 10, 25 and 100-year storms are shown on the summary tables in Section 2 of this report. For simplicity, both the existing and proposed hydrologic models use a time of concentration equal to 5 minutes.

For all storm events, the peak flows and volumes are essentially the same to DP-1.

Watershed Modeling and Best Management Practices Design

The hydrologic analysis of the existing conditions and proposed watershed was based on the nationally recognized watershed modeling techniques developed by the USDA, Soil Conservation Service (SCS). The techniques and runoff models are described in the following SCS publications:

"Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release Number 55", 1986 and Technical Release 20.

National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Section 4, 1972.

"A Method for Estimating Volume and Rate of Runoff in Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 149" 1973.

"Hydrology Handbook for Conservation Commissions" March 2002, Mass. DEP.

The watershed modeling was performed using computer software "HydroCAD" version 10.0 by Applied Microcomputer Systems, which is based on the publications referenced above.

Best management practices were designed utilizing the following publications: DEP "Stormwater Management Standards Handbook", February, 2008

Rainfall depths for 24-hour duration storms per the NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 10, Version 3 selected for the hydrologic analysis computations are as follows:

2 year storm 3.41 inches

Part 1 – Stormwater Narrative & Summary

Page 5

10 year storm5.33 inches25 year storm6.52 inches100 year storm8.37 inches

ATTACHMENT 6

NOTICE OF INTENT FILING

Site Plan Set

Topographic Plan of Land, dated/stamped: 24 Oct 2018 Topographic Plan of Land, dated/stamped: 25 Nov 2019

NOI-1 Proposed Site Improvements Plan

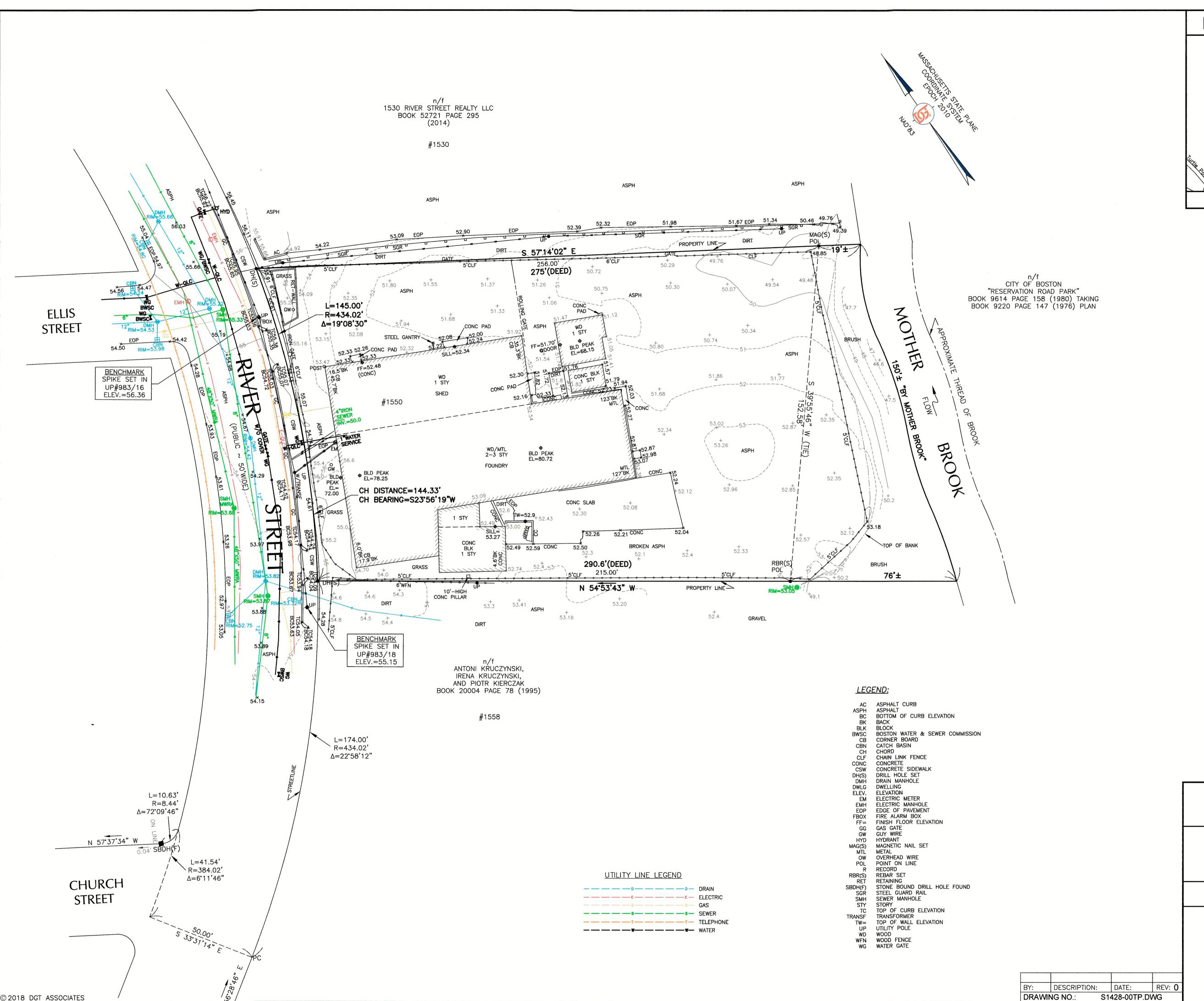
NOI-2 Erosion & Sedimentation Control & Site Details

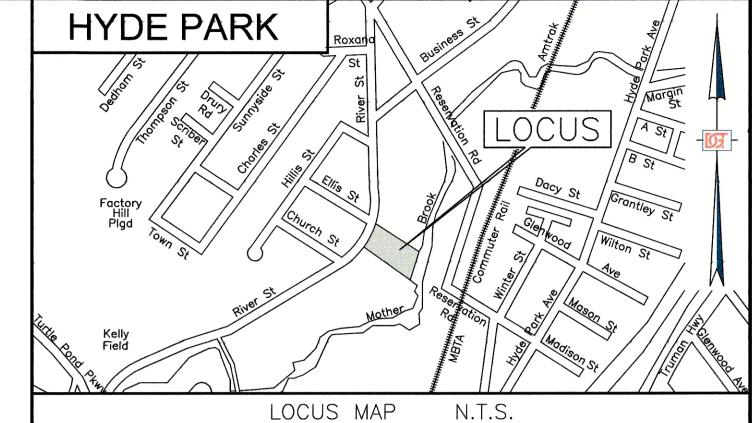
NOI-3 Existing Conditions Enlarged View of Resource Areas

NOI-4 Proposed Conditions Enlarged View of Restoration Area

NOI-5 Cross Sections

Exhibit Plan A Extent of BLSF (Pre-Existing)
Exhibit Plan B Extent of BLSF (Interim)
Exhibit Plan C Extent of BLSF (Proposed)





REFERENCES:

OWNER OF RECORD: n/f 1550 RIVER STREET LLC BK 59811 PG 150 (2018) DEED BK 4854 PG 591 (1926) PLAN

PARCEL ID: 1812146000

TOTAL LOCUS AREA = $42,500\pm$ SQ. FT. PER CITY OF BOSTON ASSESSORS

SUFFOLK COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS BOOK 2007 PAGE 445 (2007) PLAN BOOK 19932 PAGE 243 (1995) PLAN

BOOK 19932 PAGE 243 (1993) PLAN BOOK 7852 PAGE 587 (1964) PLAN

NORFOLK COUNTY REGISTRY OF DEEDS

PLAN BOOK 43 PLAN 2002 (1905)

CITY OF BOSTON ENGINEERING RECORDS CITY NB 1296 PG 26-33 CITY NB 1190 PG 10-11 CITY NB 972 PG 1284

L-9389 (1966)

MASSACHUSETTS LAND COURT

LCC-26617B (1959)

UTILITY PLANS REFERENCES

BOSTON WATER SEWER COMMISSION

1. 'AS-BUILT PLAN'; PLAN 08-308-008_River_W01

2. 'AS-BUILT PLAN'; PLAN Z03-01

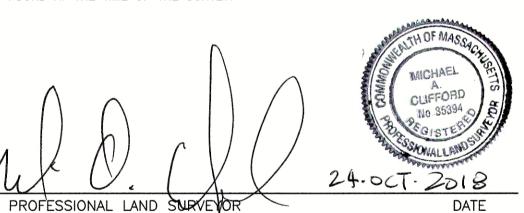
<u>NOTE</u>

FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED: SEPTEMBER 10-13, 2018 AND OCTOBER 12, 2018.
 ELEVATIONS SHOWN REFER TO BOSTON CITY BASE (BCB) AS CONVERTED FROM THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88) AS ESTABLISHED BY GPS OBSERVATIONS.

3. THIS PLAN IS PREPARED FOR OUR CLIENT USE ONLY FOR THE SPECIFIC PURPOSE OF OBTAINING PERMITS AND LOCAL APPROVALS, AND IS NOT TO BE USED OR RELIED UPON AS A CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENT OR ANY OTHER USE BY OTHERS WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF DGT.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:

THIS PLAN IS BASED ON AN ON-THE-GROUND SURVEY AND PRESENTS THE FACTS AS FOUND AT THE TIME OF THE SURVEY.



SCALE: 1" = 20'

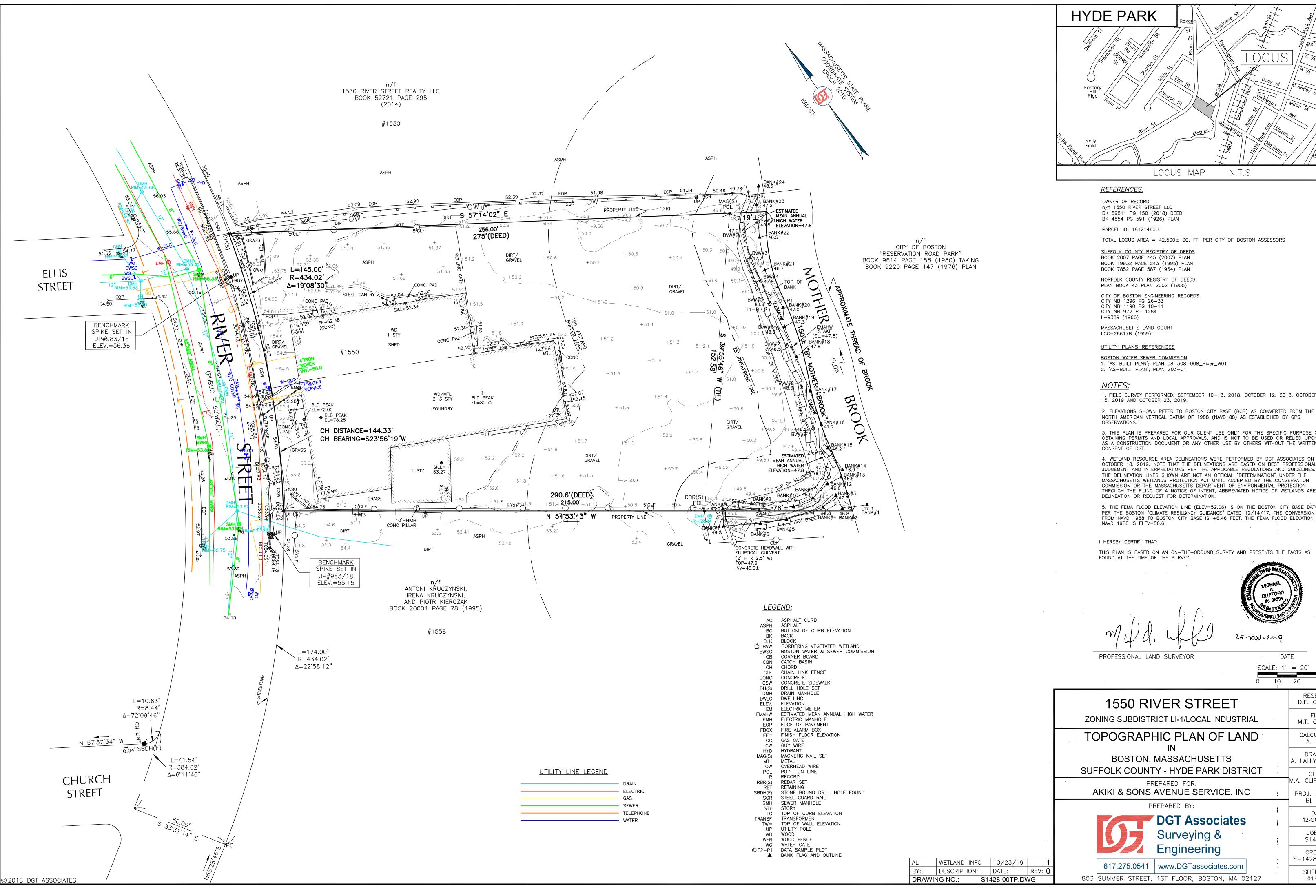
1550 RIVER STREET	RESEARCH: D.F. CLIFFORD
ZONING SUBDISTRICT LI-1/LOCAL INDUSTRIAL	FIELD: M.T. CLIFFORD
TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN OF LAND	CALCULATION: A. LALLY
IN BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS	DRAFTING: A. LALLY, W. SHEN
SUFFOLK COUNTY - HYDE PARK DISTRICT	CHECK: M.A. CLIFFORD, PLS
PREPARED FOR: AKIKI & SONS AVENUE SERVICE, INC	PROJ. MANAGER: B. TALEB
PREPARED BY:	
DGT Associates	DATE: 12-OCT-2018

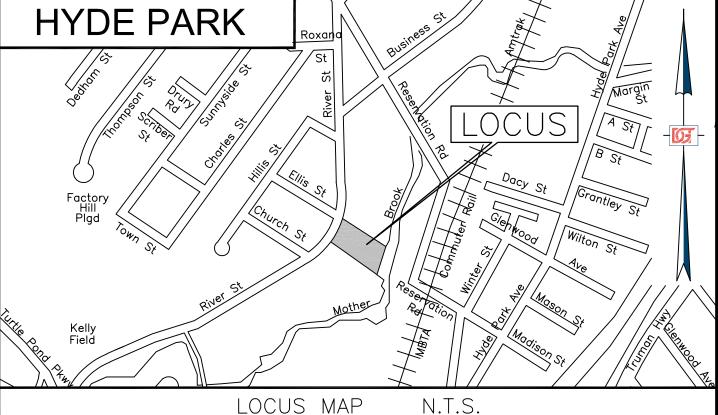
DGT Associates
Surveying &
Engineering

617.275.0541 www.DGTassociates.com
803 SUMMER STREET, 1ST FLOOR, BOSTON, MA 02127

JOB NO. S1428.00 CRD FILE S-1428-ALL.CRD SHEET NO.

01 OF 01





1. FIELD SURVEY PERFORMED: SEPTEMBER 10-13, 2018, OCTOBER 12, 2018, OCTOBER

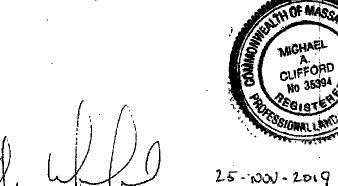
2. ELEVATIONS SHOWN REFER TO BOSTON CITY BASE (BCB) AS CONVERTED FROM THE NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988 (NAVD 88) AS ESTABLISHED BY GPS

3. THIS PLAN IS PREPARED FOR OUR CLIENT USE ONLY FOR THE SPECIFIC PURPOSE OF OBTAINING PERMITS AND LOCAL APPROVALS, AND IS NOT TO BE USED OR RELIED UPON AS A CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENT OR ANY OTHER USE BY OTHERS WITHOUT THE WRITTEN

OCTOBER 18, 2019. NOTE THAT THE DELINEATIONS ARE BASED ON BEST PROFESSIONAL JUDGEMENT AND INTERPRETATIONS PER THE APPLICABLE REGULATIONS AND GUIDELINES. THE DELINEATION LINES SHOWN ARE NOT AN OFFICIAL "DETERMINATION" UNDER THE MASSACHUSETTS WETLANDS PROTECTION ACT UNTIL ACCEPTED BY THE CONSERVATION COMMISSION OR THE MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION THROUGH THE FILING OF A NOTICE OF INTENT, ABBREVIATED NOTICE OF WETLANDS AREA DELINEATION OR REQUEST FOR DETERMINATION.

5. THE FEMA FLOOD ELEVATION LINE (ELEV=52.06) IS ON THE BOSTON CITY BASE DATUM. PER THE BOSTON "CLIMATE RESILLANCY GUIDANCE" DATED 12/14/17, THE CONVERSION FROM NAVD 1988 TO BOSTON CITY BASE IS +6.46 FEET. THE FEMA FLOOD ELEVATION ON

THIS PLAN IS BASED ON AN ON-THE-GROUND SURVEY AND PRESENTS THE FACTS AS



DATE SCALE: 1" - 20'

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1550 RIVER STREET				EARCH: CLIFFOR
			I _	

ZONING SUBDISTRICT LI-1/LOCAL INDUSTRIAL M.T. CLIFFORD TOPOGRAPHIC PLAN OF LAND CALCULATION: A. LALLY DRAFTING: BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS LALLY, W. SHE SUFFOLK COUNTY - HYDE PARK DISTRICT

JOB NO. S1428.00 CRD FILE -1428-ALL.CRE SHEET NO.

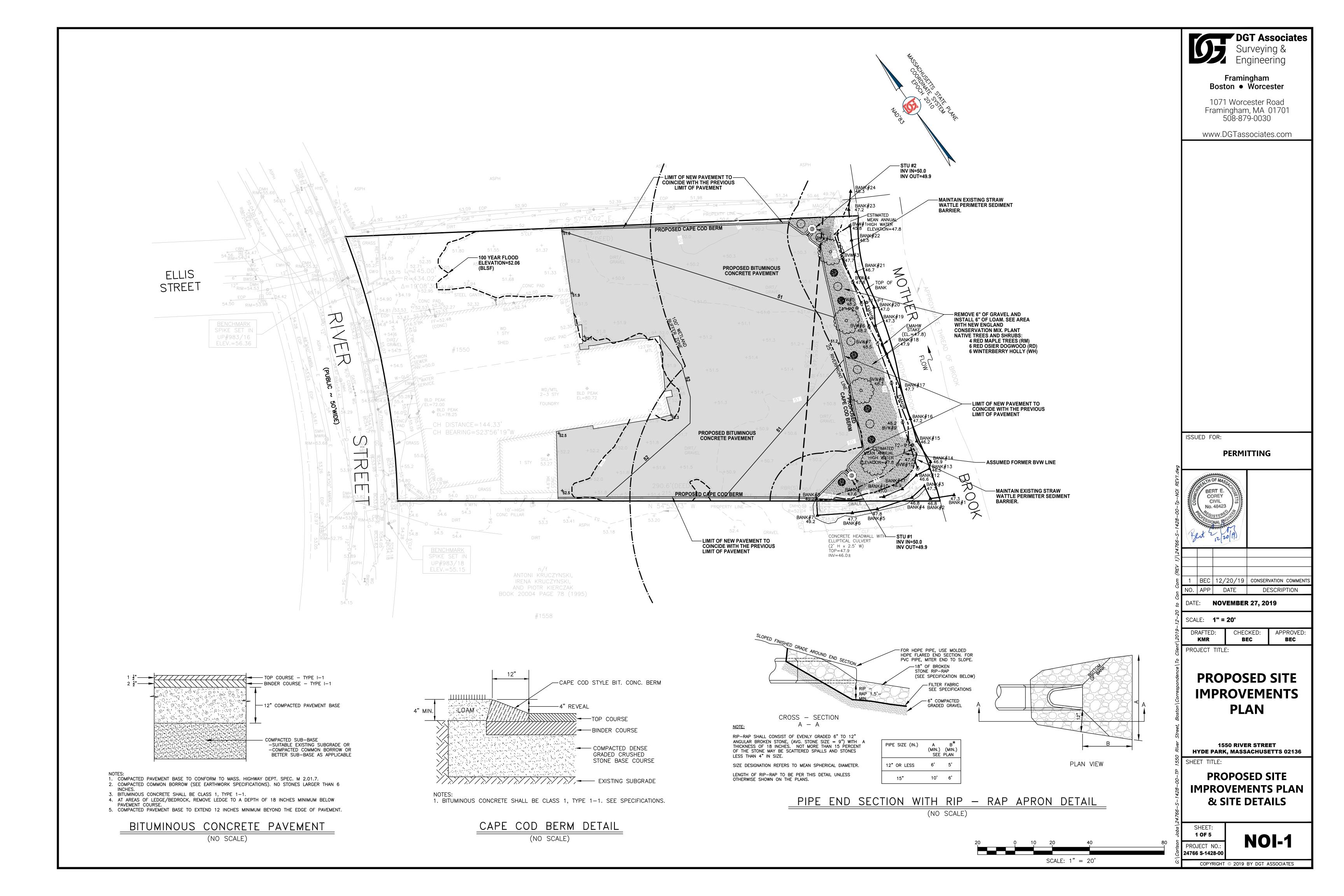
01 OF 01

I.A. CLIFFORD, PI

PROJ. MANAGER:

BL TALEB

12-OCT-2018



GENERAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL, ROUTINELY INSPECT AND MAINTAIN ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS SUCH THAT THEY ARE IN PROPER WORKING ORDER AT ALL TIMES DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT UNTIL SUCH TIME AS ALL AREAS OF THE SITE TRIBUTARY TO THOSE EROSION CONTROLS ARE IN A PERMANENTLY STABILIZED CONDITION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MANAGE THE SITE SUCH THAT EROSION AND SEDIMENT FROM RUNOFF AND WIND BLOWN DUST ARE CONTROLLED AND MINIMIZED AT ALL TIMES. THE EROSION CONTROLS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN INCLUDE THE INITIAL SETUP OF EROSION CONTROLS AND BASIC INFORMATION. TO MEET THE REQUIREMENT OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES. THE CONTRACTOR MUST MANAGE THE SITE PROPERLY WHICH MAY INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO: MINIMIZING AREAS OF EXPOSED SOILS; INSTALLING TEMPORARY COVER; MAKE NECESSARY ADJUSTMENTS TO THE EROSION CONTROL INSTALLATIONS TO IMPROVE FUNCTION; INSTALL ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL WHERE NECESSARY.
- THE EROSION CONTROL WORK SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE ALSO SUBJECT TO PERMITS AND APPROVALS BY THE MUNICIPAL CONSERVATION COMMISSION UNDER THE WETLANDS PROTECTION ACT AND THE MUNICIPAL WETLANDS BYLAW, AND MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO OTHER STATE AND LOCAL APPROVALS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS OF THOSE
- DESIGN, INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES FOLLOWING THE
- GUIDELINES INCLUED IN THE FOLLOWING: • "STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, DEVELOPING POLLUTION PREVENTION PLANS AND BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES" U.S.
- ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY, OCTOBER 1992. "MASSACHUSETTS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL GUIDELINES FOR URBAN AND SUBURBAN AREAS, A GUIDE FOR PLANNERS, DESIGNERS AND MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS", MASS. EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS, MAY 2003.
- U.S.D.A. NATURAL RESOURCES AND CONSEVATION SERVICES (NRCS) GUIDELINES.

FEDERAL NPDES PHASE II COMPLIANCE

THIS PROJECT IS NOT SUBJECT TO THE FEDERAL CLEAN WATER ACT REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION SITES ADMINISTERED BY THE U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA).

PERIMETER SEDIMENT BARRIER AND LIMIT OF WORK

- PRIOR TO ANY FURTHER DISTURBANCE OR ALTERATIONS OF ANY AREA ON THE SITE, THE EXISTING STRAW WATTLE SEDIMENT BARRIER SHALL BE CHECKED TO ENSURE IT IS IN GOOD WORKING CONDITION. IF NECESSARY, ANY REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE OR THE WATTLE SHALL BE REPLACED.
- IN THOSE AREAS WHERE THE TOPOGRAPHY INDICATES THAT STORMWATER RUNOFF WILL BE CONCENTRATED (AT LOW POINTS), ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT BARRIER SHALL BE STAKED ON THE UPGRADIENT SIDE FOR ADDED FILTRATION AND PROTECTION. THE REQUIRED LOCATIONS FOR THE ADDITIONAL SEDIEMENT BARRER INSTALLATION WILL BE SELECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND / OR THE AUTHORIZED INSPECTOR. SEE DETAILS.
- THE SEDIMENT BARRIER SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN PLACE UNTIL ALL AREAS UPGRADIENT FROM THE BARRIERS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE DEVELOPED OR WHERE SPECIAL STABILIZATION
- MEASURES OR LANDSCAPE PLANTINGS ARE PROPOSED SHALL BE LOAMED AND SEEDED OR SODDED. SIX INCHES OF LOAM TOPSOIL (MIN. COMPACTED DEPTH) SHALL BE APPLIED UNLESS, OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. SEE LANDSCAPE PLAN AND OTHER PLANS
- THE SEDIMENT BARRIER IS ALSO A LIMIT OF WORK. ALL AREAS OUTSIDE THE LIMIT ARE TO BE LEFT UNDISTURBED. DURING THE SITE WORK. ALL PERSONS AND EQUIPMENT SHALL STAY OUT OF THESE AREAS TO PRESERVE THE EXISTING VEGETATION AND SOIL COVER.

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

- THE EXISTING PAVED DRIVEWAY WILL SERVE AS THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AND EXIT FOR THE PROPOSED WORK. THIS DRIVEWAY SHALL REMAIN PAVED TO CONTRO THE TRACKING OF MUD OFF THE SITE. THE ENTRANCE SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL THE SITE IS IN A STABILIZED CONDITION WHEN THE POSSIBILITY OF VEHICLES TRACKING MUD OFF SITE HAS BEEN ELIMINATED.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SWEEP THE MAIN ENTRY DRIVEWAY AND ADJACENT ROADWAYS WHEN MUD, DUST, DIRT, DEBRIS, ETC. HAS SHOWN SIGNS OF BUILDUP ON THE ROADWAYS AT THE ENTRANCE OF THE SITE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO THIS MATTER AND IMMEDIATE ATTENTION IS ALWAYS REQUIRED.

DEWATERING OF EXCAVATIONS

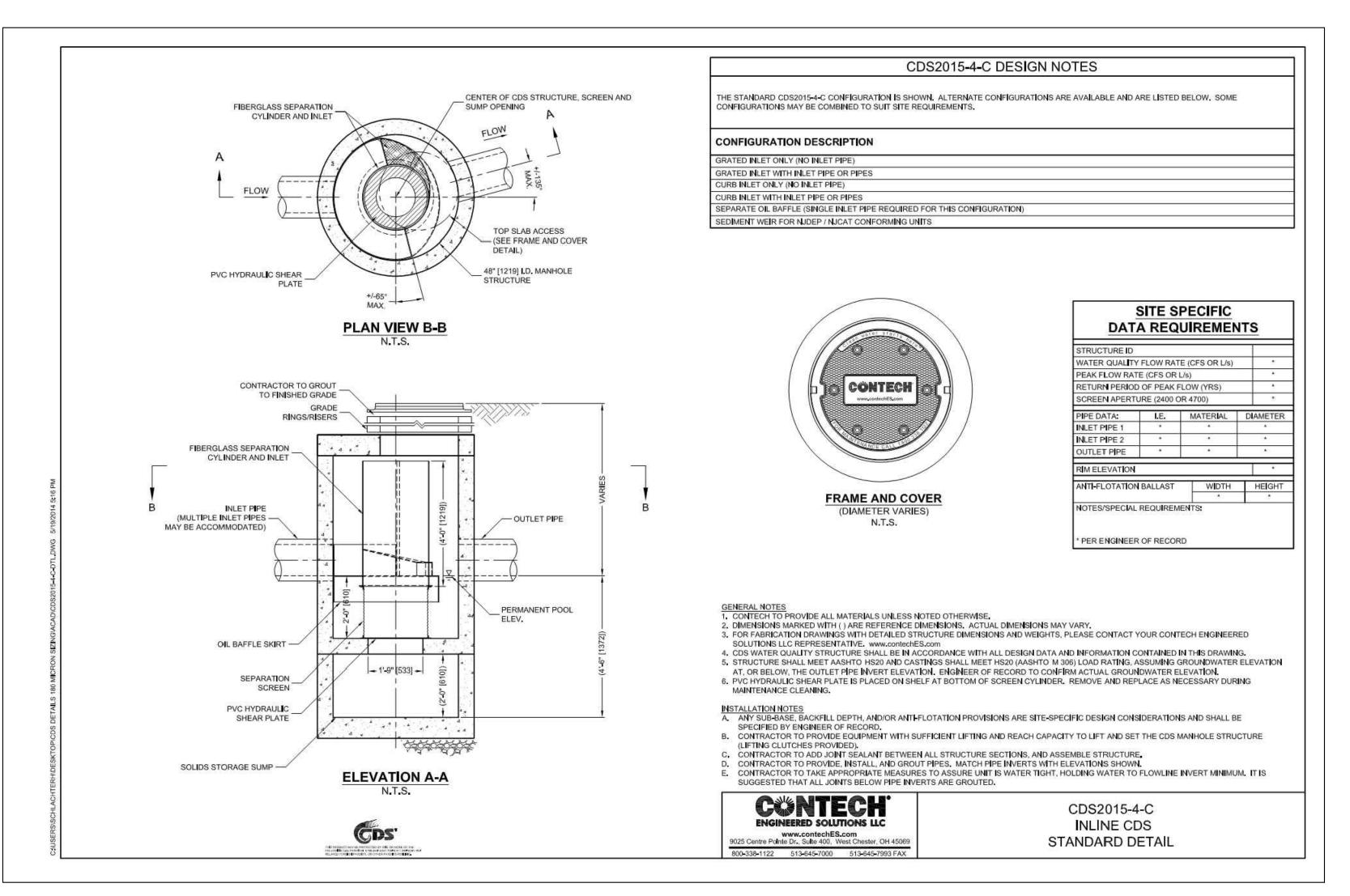
- DISCHARGE FROM DEWATERING PUMPS OR TEMPORARY TRENCH OR EXCAVATION DRAINS SHALL NOT BE DISCHARGED DIRECTLY TO THE ON-SITE DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR WETLAND RESOURCE AREAS. DISCHARGES SHALL BE DIRECTED TO A TREATMENT SYSTEM CONSISTING OF A SEDIMENT BASIN, STRAW BALE SEDIMENT BASIN, FILTER BAG SYSTEM OR OTHER APPROVED METHOD TO FILTER THE DISCHARGE WATER AND PREVENT EROSION.
- THE PUMP DISCHARGE SYSTEMS MUST BE GREATER THAN 100 FEET FROM WETLAND RESOURCES UNLESS APPROVED BY THE MUNICIPAL CONSERVATION COMMISSION AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH OTHER APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.
- ALL DEWATERING DRAINAGE ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MUST FIRST OBTAIN A DEWATERING DRAINAGE PERMIT. SUCH DISCHARGES SHALL COMPLY WITH THE MUNICIPAL REQUIREMENTS, UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY,
- MASSACHUSETTS DEP AND OTHER APPROPRIATE AGENCIES. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCE SHALL DEWATERING DRAINAGE BE DISCHARGED INTO A SANITARY SEWER.

SOIL STOCKPILES

- STOCKPILES OF SOIL MATERIALS SHALL BE PLACED WITHIN AREAS THAT ARE PROTECTED BY SEDIMENT BARRIER AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN, OR SHALL BE SURROUNDED BY PROPER SILT FENCING, FIBER LOGS, OR STAKED STRAW BALES.
- STOCKPILES THAT ARE TO BE IN PLACE FOR EXTENDED PERIODS OF TIME (MORE THAN 30 DAYS) SHALL BE COVERED OR OTHERWISE TEMPORARILY STABILIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.

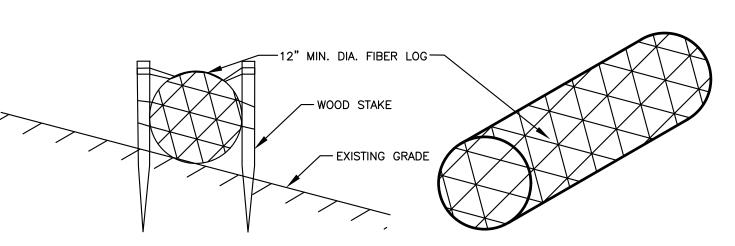
STORMWATER TREATMENT UNIT INLET PROTECTION

THE TWO (2) STORMWATER TREATMENT UNITS WITHIN THE WORK AREA THAT WILL RECEIVE RUNOFF FROM THE WORK AREA SHALL BE PROTECTED TO MINIMIZE THE SEDIMENT LOAD TO STRUCTURE.



STORMWATER TREATMENT UNIT (STU) DETAIL

(NO SCALE)



INSTALLATION NOTES FOR FIBER LOGS:

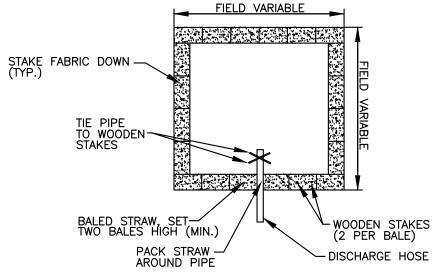
1. LAY THE FIBER LOG AT THE UPHILL BASE OF THE SILT FENCE.

2. INSTALL APPROXIMATELY 4-6 WOOD STAKES PER 10 FEET OF FIBER LOG THROUGH THE TWINE/NETTING ALONG THE FIBER LOG AS NEEDED TO HOLD THE LOG IN PLACE.

- 3. DRIVE THE STAKE INTO THE GROUND DEEP ENOUGH TO HOLD THE LOG.
- 4. IN PAVED AREAS, SECURE FIBER LOG WITH CONCRETE BLOCKS OR SAND BAGS.

5. FIBER LOG SHALL BE 12 INCHES (MIN) IN DIAMETER UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS AND SHALL BE A COMPOST FILLED FILTER SOCK MEETING THE MUNICIPAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT STANDARDS.

FIBER LOG DETAIL





DEWATERING OF EXCAVATIONS NOTES: DISCHARGE FROM DEWATERING PUMPS OR TEMPORARY TRENCH OR EXCAVATION DRAINS SHALL NOT DISCHARGE DIRECTLY TO WETLANDS OR STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS. THE DISCHARGES SHALL BE DIRECTED INTO A CONSTRUCTED SEDIMENT BASIN OR A STRAW BALE SETTLING BASIN, STILLING BASIN, FILTER BAG, FRAC TANK OR SIMILAR DEVICE. 2. SETTLING BASINS MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 100 FEET FROM THE WETLAND RESOURCE AREAS.

STRAW BALE SETTLING BASIN DETAIL

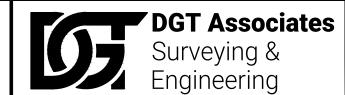
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— FILTER FABRIC

DISCHARGE HOSE-

CROSS-SECTION

WOODEN STAKES-



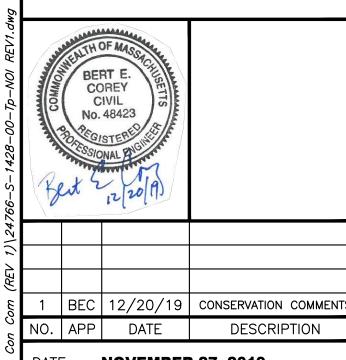
Framingham **Boston** • Worcester

1071 Worcester Road Framingham, MA 01701 508-879-0030

www.DGTassociates.com

ISSUED FOR:

PERMITTING



DATE: **NOVEMBER 27, 2019**

SCALE: **AS NOTED**

APPROVED: DRAFTED: CHECKED:

PROJECT TITLE:

PROPOSED SITE **IMPROVEMENTS PLAN**

1550 RIVER STREET HYDE PARK, MASSACHUSETTS 02136

SHEET TITLE: **EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS &**

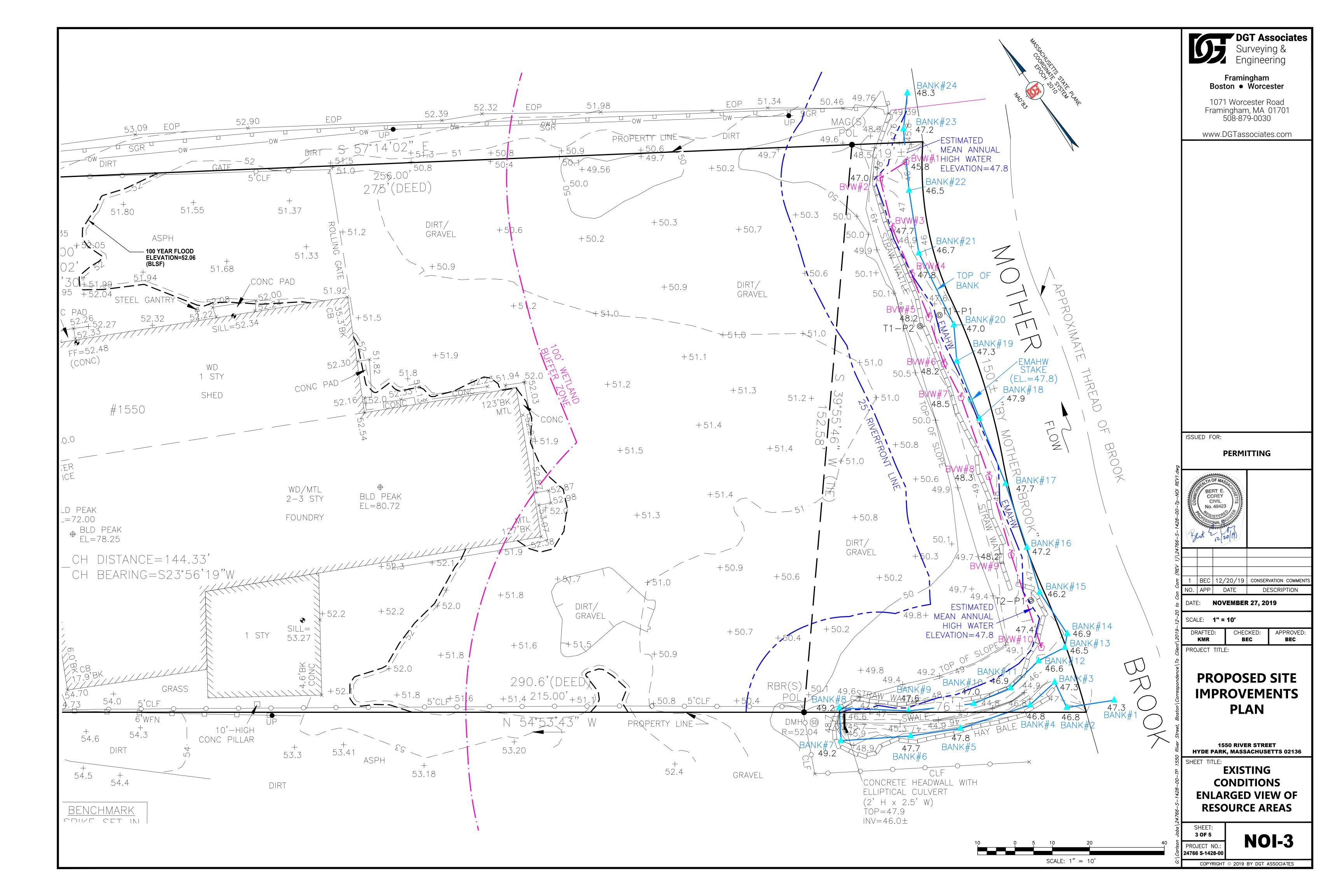
SITE DETAILS

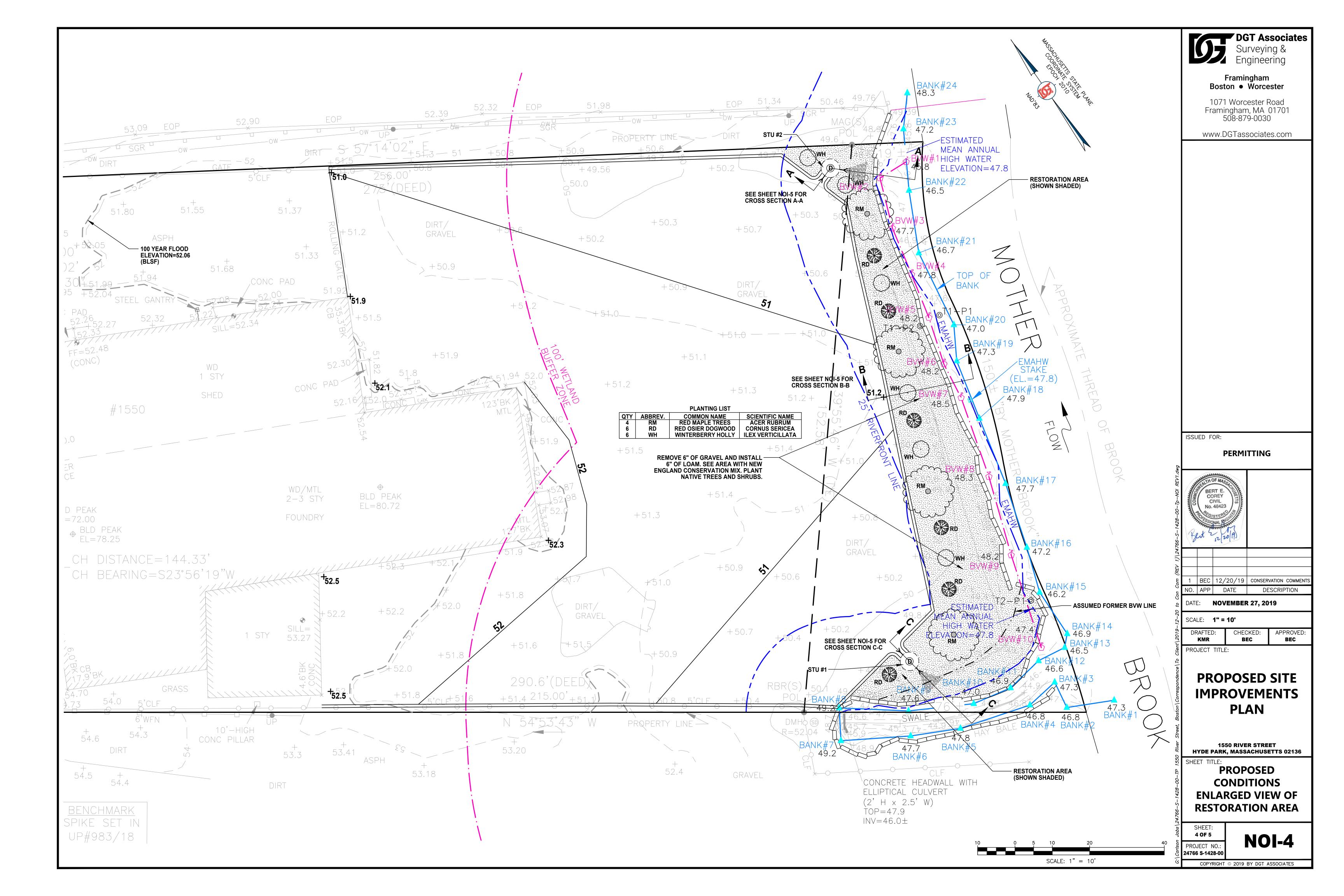
2 OF 5

PROJECT NO. 24766 S-1428-00

NOI-2

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1071 Worcester Road Framingham, MA 01701 508-879-0030

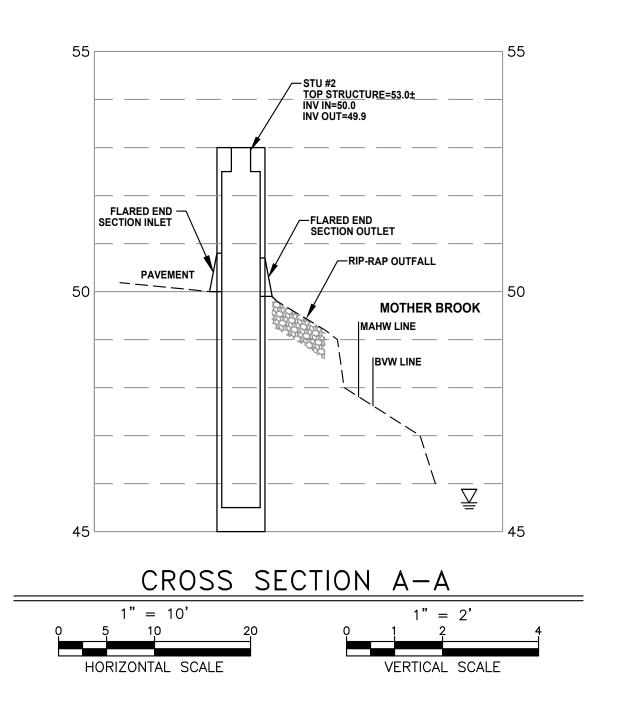
www.DGTassociates.com

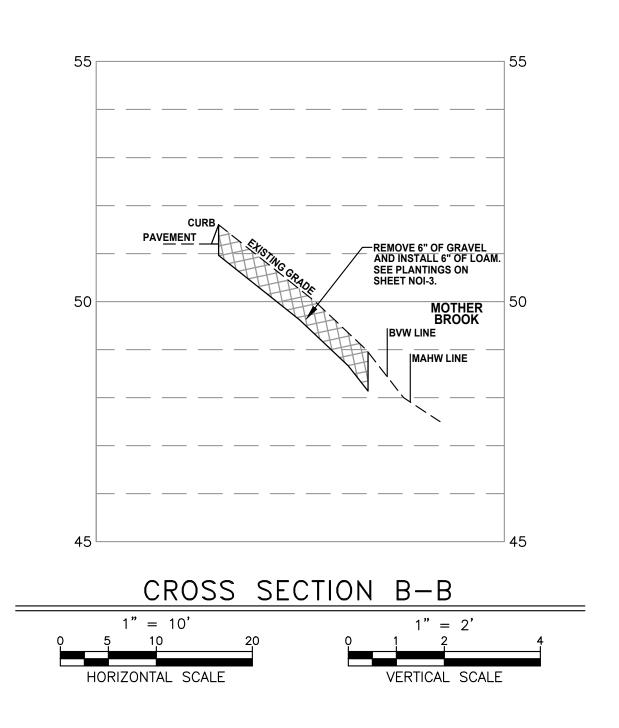


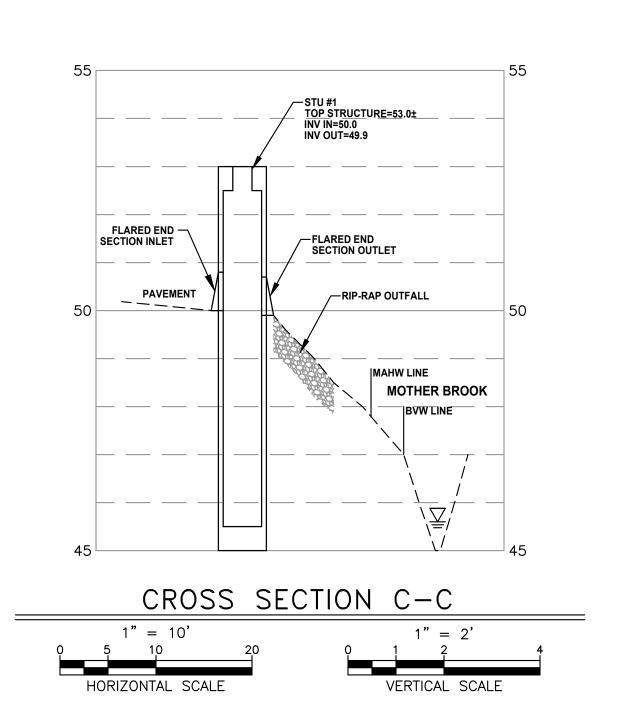




EXAMPLE PHOTOGRAPHS OF ABOVE GRADE STORMWATER TREATMENT UNITS

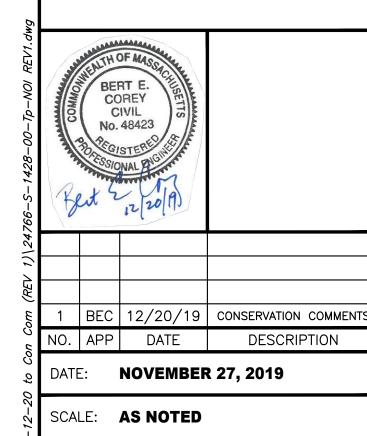






ISSUED FOR:

PERMITTING



CHECKED: BEC DRAFTED: APPROVED: PROJECT TITLE:

PROPOSED SITE **IMPROVEMENTS PLAN**

1550 RIVER STREET HYDE PARK, MASSACHUSETTS 02136

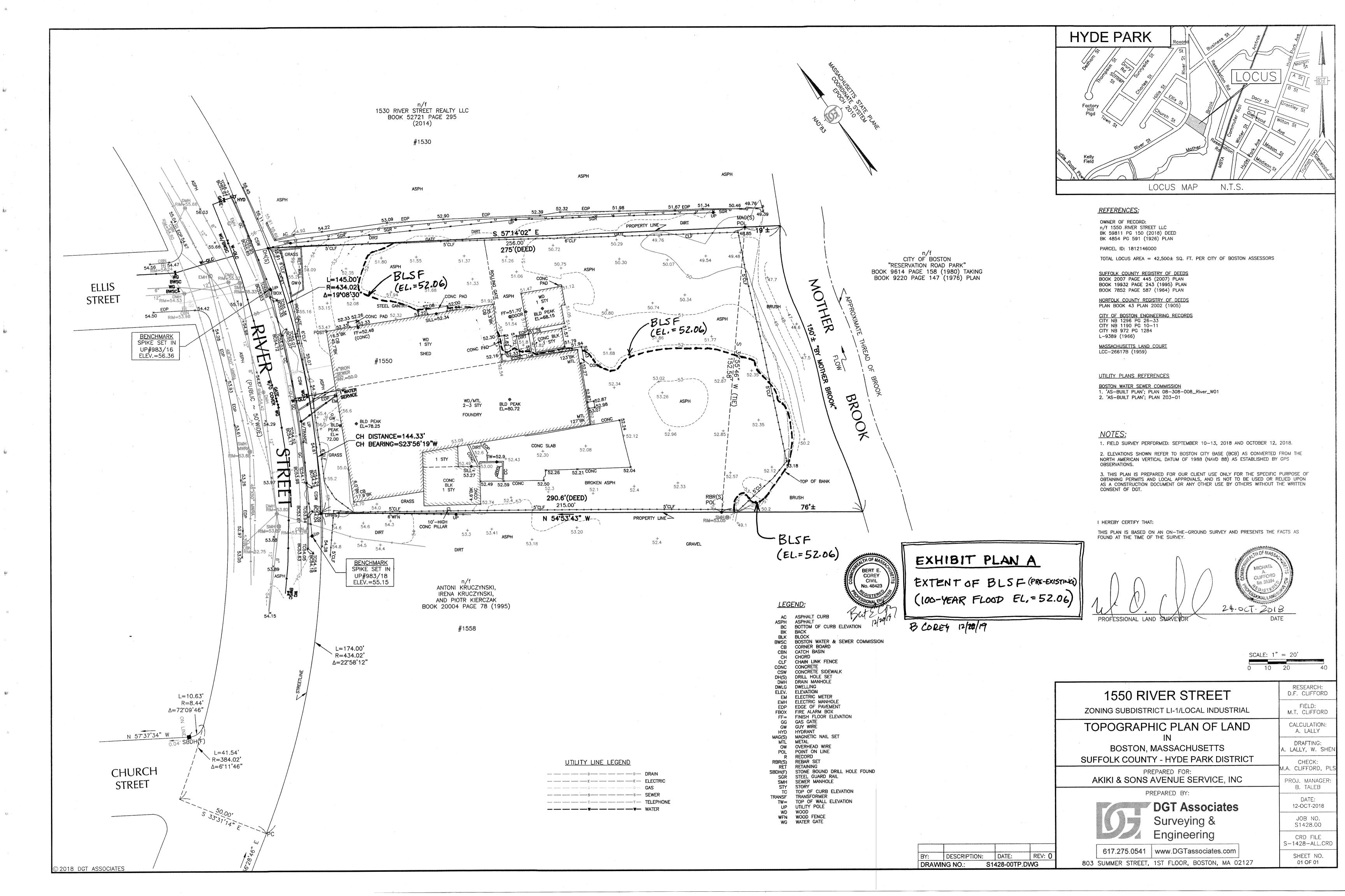
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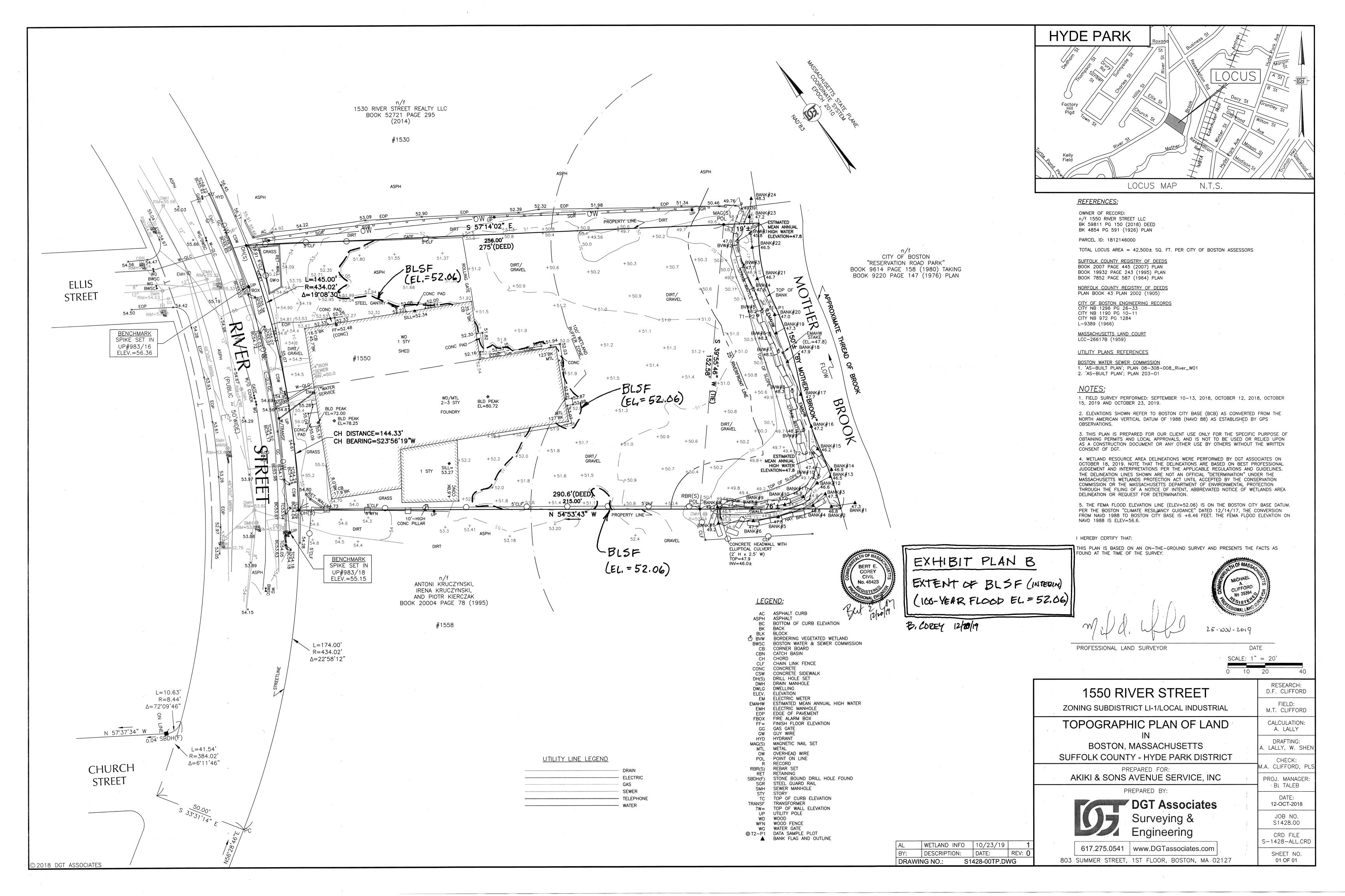
CROSS SECTIONS

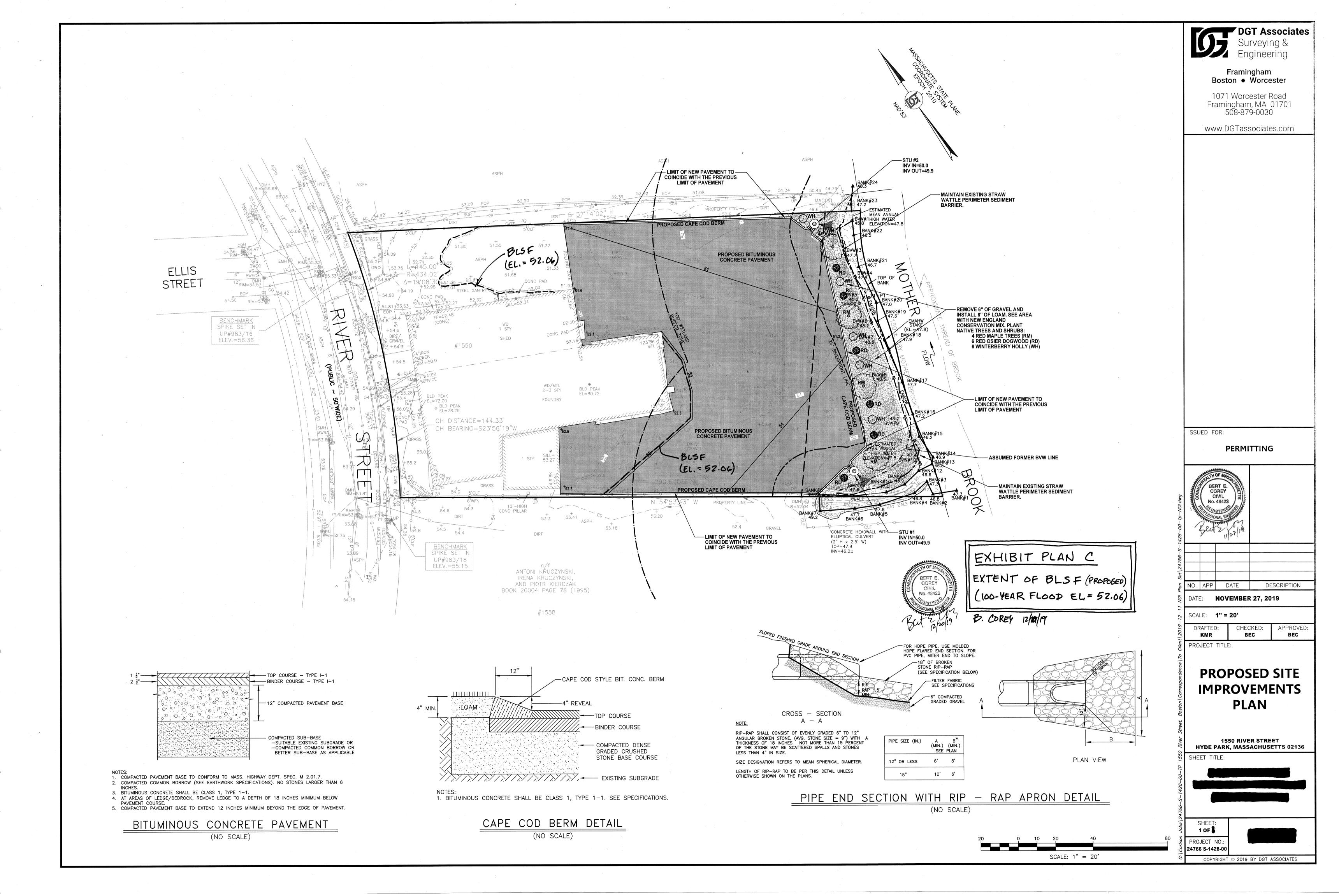
5 OF 5 PROJECT NO.:

NOI-5

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STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DESIGN AND RUNOFF CALCULATIONS REPORT

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136

Prepared by:

DGT Associates 1071 Worcester Road Framingham, MA 01701 508-879-0030



November 27, 2019

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section 1	Stormwater Management Narrative & Summary	5 pages
Section 2	Stormwater Summary MA DEP "Checklist for Stormwater Report" Stormwater Standards Summary Illicit Discharge Statement Standard 1 & 4 Calculations Scour Calculations Stormwater Treatment Units – Performance Calculations TARP Certification (NJ DEP) TSS Removal Calculations TMDL Data	30 pages
Section 3	Existing Conditions Stormwater Model showing Stormwater Flows and Flood Routing Computations using HydroCAD version 10.00	22 pages
Section 4	Proposed Conditions Stormwater Model showing Stormwater Flows and Flood Routing Computations using HydroCAD version 10.00	26 pages
	APPENDICES	
Appendix 1	Soils Information: NRCS Data	9 pages
Appendix 2	Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan 2.1 MassDEP Snow Disposal Guidance	12 pages
Appendix 3	Existing Conditions Watershed Map	WSD-EX
Appendix 4	Proposed Conditions Watershed Map	WSD-PR
Appendix 5	Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan	11 pages

SECTION 1

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT NARRATIVE AND SUMMARY

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136

SECTION 1

STORMWATER NARRATIVE & SUMMARY

This report contains the hydrologic computations and design information relative to the existing and proposed stormwater runoff conditions for the proposed re-pavement project development at #1550 River Street in Hyde Park, MA.

It includes information on the proposed stormwater management system design and assessment of stormwater impacts of the proposed project.

The report also includes the following documents:

- Stormwater Summary Calculations (Section 2)
- Soils Information (Appendix 1)
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan (Appendix 2)
- Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan (Appendix 5)

An Erosion and Sediment Control Plan is included as part of the site plan set. However, this project is not subject to the U.S. EPA's Construction General Permit under the NPDES Program. Therefore, a full Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will not be required.

The hydrologic model for existing and proposed stormwater runoff conditions at the site are included in Sections 3 and 4 respectively. The watershed maps for the models are in Appendices 3 and 4.

General Project Description

It is the intent of the owner to remove the existing pavement on the rear parking / storage yard, regrade the area and repave. There is approximately 17,328 square feet of pavement that is to be replaced on the east side of the site.

The project as proposed will not increase in the area of impervious surface on the site over what previously existed. The extent of proposed pavement will correspond to the extent of previously paved area.

Other site improvements related to the proposed project include:

- Removal of trash and debris from the drainage ditch,
- Re-vegetate the area adjacent to Mother Brook,
- Installation of a new 6-foot high chain link fence.
- Remove the new fill within the BVW in the southeast former and restore it the with wetland plantings.
- The regrading that occurred within the BLSF actually resulted in a beneficial increase in flood storage volume on an incremental and cumulative basis to meet the performance standards under the BLSF performance standards under 310 CMR 10.57. Computations are included in the Notice of Intent Project Narrative.
- Installation of a proprietary stormwater treatment units to remove total suspended solids from a large portion of the paved site.

The erosion and sedimentation controls that have been recently installed are being maintained for the project. In addition, as part of the Site Plan, erosion and sedimentation control performance standards will be incorporated into the project.

Existing Site Description

The project site is a 42,500 sq. ft. (0.98 acres) property at 1550 River Street in the Hyde Park district of Boston, Massachusetts. It is identified as on the Boston Assessor's Property ID 1812146000. The property is located in Zoning Sub-district "LI-1" Local Industrial. The property abuts commercial properties to the north and south, and Mother Brook located at the east side of the property. Mother Brook is a perennial stream that joins the Neponset River. Access to the site is provided by a driveway off River Street. The Existing Conditions Plan shows the current site features and topography.

The site is currently developed with a 2 story commercial building with a paved driveway, and currently a gravel/dirt parking area, which was formerly paved.

The existing conditions of the site are shown on the "Existing Conditions Plan" in the site plan set and on the "Existing Conditions Watershed Map" included with this report.

Wetland Resource Areas

Wetland resource areas on the site include: 25 foot Riverfront Area associated with Mother Brook, Bordering Vegetated Wetlands (BVW), and Bordering Land Subject to Flooding (BLSF). The Wetland Delineation Report is included with the Notice of Intent for more detail. The Riverfront Area, the BVW, BLSF, and the 100-Foot Buffer Zone under the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act are shown on the Site Plan. The Riverfront Area and the Buffer Zone extend onto the rear parking area. The mean annual high water line for the portion of Mother Brook adjacent to the site is also shown on the Site Plan. The elevation of the estimated Mean Annual High Water was found to be 47.8.

The property falls within a Zone AE special flood hazard area as shown on FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map number 25025C0157, dated 3/16/2016. The elevation of the 100-year flood as determined by the Federal Flood Insurance Program is 45.6 based on the NAVD 1988 datum. This is equivalent to elevation 52.06 based on the Boston City datum that is shown on the survey plan.

According to the latest Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife – Natural Heritage Endangered Species Program Mapping (NHESP), there are no areas on or near the site that are designated as Priority Habitats of Rare Species or Estimated Habitats of Rare Wildlife. Nor are there any Certified or Potential Vernal Pools on or near the site.

Existing Stormwater Runoff

Assessment of stormwater runoff conditions is based on the topographic information shown on the Existing Conditions Plan and field reconnaissance by DGT Associates. Stormwater runoff flows to the east, travels across a vegetated bank of Mother Brook, and then into the brook itself. The area is described as subcatchments "E-1" and E-2" in

the hydrologic model. A portion of the abutting property (paved parking area) at the north side of the side travels onto the subject property, flows along the north side and enters Mother Brook. This off-site subcatchment is described as "E-3" in the hydrologic model.

The Stormwater Model includes Design Point 1 (DP-1) to describe the stormwater flow to Mother Brook. The peak rates of runoff and volumes to Mother Brook for existing and proposed conditions flows for the 2, 10, 25 and 100-year storms are shown on the summary table in Section 2 of this report.

Currently there are no stormwater management features.

Soils and Groundwater

Soil Maps provided by the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) indicate that the soils on site are classified as "Urban Land" on the west side where the building is located, and "Udorthents – Wet Substratum" on the east side where the parking area is. The depth to groundwater is shallow on the site based on the existing water surface of Mother Brook and its mean annual high water elevation. The site is also located within a floodplain.

Proposed Stormwater Management Design

The proposed project includes several stormwater Best Management Practices. Low Impact Development (LID) concepts have been considered for this project.

The following summarizes the features of the proposed stormwater management design:

1. Two proprietary stormwater treatment units provide removal of total suspended solids from the paved portion of the site to improve the quality of the runoff.

Because the site has shallow depth to groundwater and is within a floodplain, there are no infiltration facilities proposed.

The project site drains to Mother Brook. The U.S. EPA has recently prepared a "Waterbody Assessment and TMDL (Total Maximum Daily Load of various pollutants) Status" that show Mother Brook (segment MA73-28, and the Neponset River (segment MA73-02). The TMDL Status Map and information is included in Section 2. Mother Brook and the Neponset River are classified as Category 5.

Mother Brook has been determined by the EPA to have several impairments, including debris/floatables/trash, low flow alterations, color, DDT in fish tissue, mercury in fish tissue, dissolved oxygen, PCB in fish tissue, total phosphorous, and taste/odor. Mother Brook joins the Neponset River which also has several impairments including debris/floatables/trash, DDT in fish tissue, Escherichia coli, fecal coliform, foam/flocs/scum/oil slicks, unspecified metals, dissolved oxygen, PCB in fish tissue, and turbidity. An EPA TMDL No. 2592 is associated with the Neponset River for pathogens (bacteria).

It is required that BMPs be selected so that the site will not increase the impairment to the River. The treatment BMPs selected include two proprietary stormwater treatment systems (hydrodynamic separators). The site is almost entirely covered with impervious surface consisting of roof area and pavement. The proposed stormwater treatment systems are an improvement to the existing conditions as they provide debris, hydrocarbon, and TSS removal to the stormwater runoff from the site.

Proposed Stormwater Runoff

The existing and proposed subcatchment are similar due to the minimal amount of proposed site work. The proposed paved surface is described as subcatchments "P-1" and "P-2". Stormwater runoff from theses subcatchments is routed to proprietary stormwater treatment units (aka as water quality units). A third subcatchment "P-3" represents the bank of Mother Brook. The abutting property to the north remains unchanged and is described as "E-3" in the hydrologic model.

The peak rates of runoff and volumes to these locations for existing and proposed conditions flows for the 2, 10, 25 and 100-year storms are shown on the summary tables in Section 2 of this report. For simplicity, both the existing and proposed hydrologic models use a time of concentration equal to 5 minutes.

For all storm events, the peak flows and volumes are essentially the same to DP-1.

Watershed Modeling and Best Management Practices Design

The hydrologic analysis of the existing conditions and proposed watershed was based on the nationally recognized watershed modeling techniques developed by the USDA, Soil Conservation Service (SCS). The techniques and runoff models are described in the following SCS publications:

"Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release Number 55", 1986 and Technical Release 20.

National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Section 4, 1972.

"A Method for Estimating Volume and Rate of Runoff in Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 149" 1973.

"Hydrology Handbook for Conservation Commissions" March 2002, Mass. DEP.

The watershed modeling was performed using computer software "HydroCAD" version 10.0 by Applied Microcomputer Systems, which is based on the publications referenced above.

Best management practices were designed utilizing the following publications: DEP "Stormwater Management Standards Handbook", February, 2008

Rainfall depths for 24-hour duration storms per the NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 10, Version 3 selected for the hydrologic analysis computations are as follows:

2 year storm 3.41 inches

S-1428

Part 1 – Stormwater Narrative & Summary Page 5

10 year storm	5.33 inches
25 year storm	6.52 inches
100 year storm	8.37 inches

SECTION 2

Stormwater Summary
MA DEP "Checklist for Stormwater Report"
Stormwater Standards Summary
Illicit Discharge Statement
Standard 1 & 4 Calculations

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.





A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals. This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature



Best & Cor 11/22/19

Checklist

Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?
☐ New development
□ Redevelopment
Mix of New Development and Redevelopment



Massachusetts Department of Environmental ProtectionBureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program

Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

env	Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what rironmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of project:
	No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas
	Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)
	Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)
	Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs
	LID Site Design Credit Requested:
	☐ Credit 1
	☐ Credit 2
	☐ Credit 3
	Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe
	Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)
	Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)
	Treebox Filter
	Water Quality Swale
	Grass Channel
	Green Roof
	Other (describe):
Sta	ndard 1: No New Untreated Discharges
\boxtimes	No new untreated discharges
	Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
	Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued) Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding. Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm. Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24hour storm. Standard 3: Recharge Soil Analysis provided. Required Recharge Volume calculation provided. Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits. Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used. | | Static | | Simple Dynamic Dynamic Field¹ Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP. Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume. Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume. Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason: Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000 Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable. Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided. Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

¹ 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Cł	necklist (continued)
Sta	andard 3: Recharge (continued)
	The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
	Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.
Sta	indard 4: Water Quality
	Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following: Good housekeeping practices; Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover; Vehicle washing controls; Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs; Spill prevention and response plans; Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas; Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides; Pet waste management provisions; Provisions for operation and management of septic systems; Provisions for solid waste management; Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas; Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions; Street sweeping schedules; Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system; Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL; Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan; List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan. A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent. Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge: is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area is near or to other critical areas is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
	The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.

☐ Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if

applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Cł	necklist (continued)
Sta	andard 4: Water Quality (continued)
\boxtimes	The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:
	☐ The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or
	☐ The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.
	The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.
	A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.
Sta	ndard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)
	The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report. The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted <i>prior</i> to the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
	The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does <i>not</i> cover the land use.
	LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
	All exposure has been eliminated.
	All exposure has <i>not</i> been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
	The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.
Sta	andard 6: Critical Areas
	The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
	Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

\boxtimes	The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:
	☐ Limited Project
	 ☐ Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area. ☐ Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area ☐ Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
	☐ Bike Path and/or Foot Path
	□ Redevelopment Project
	Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
	Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report. The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



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Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

	andard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control intinued)
	The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has <i>not</i> been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted <i>before</i> land disturbance begins.
\boxtimes	The project is <i>not</i> covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
	The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
	The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.
Sta	andard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan
	The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
	Name of the stormwater management system owners;
	□ Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
	Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
	☑ Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
	□ Description and delineation of public safety features;
	☐ Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
	□ Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
	The responsible party is not the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
	A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
	A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.
Sta	andard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges
\boxtimes	The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
\boxtimes	An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
	NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted <i>prior to</i> the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.

1550 River Street, Hyde Park

Stormwater Standards Summary

MassDEP Stormwater Management Standards:

Standard 1: (Untreated Discharges)

There are no new stormwater conveyances proposed that discharge untreated stormwater directly to or cause erosion in wetlands or waters of the Commonwealth.

Standard 2: (Peak rate control and flood protection)

There will be no increase in impervious area. Therefore, peak flows and volumes remain essentially unchanged. The results of the hydrologic model are include in the table below. The computations have been made for the 2, 10, 25 and 100-year design storm events.

TABLE 1 - Existing vs. Proposed Peak Flows and Volumes at Design Points

		DP#1 (Mother Brook)				
Storm Event	24 hr Rainfall	Peak F	low (cfs)	Volume (Acre feet)		
Lvent	Rumun	Existing	Proposed	Existing	Proposed	
2 year	3.41 in	5.88	5.80	0.457	0.458	
10 year	5.33 in	9.33	9.23	0.742	0.742	
25 year	6.52 in	11.46	11.35	0.919	0.918	
100 year	8.37 in	14.77	14.66	1.195	1.192	

Standard 3: (Recharge to Groundwater)

Published NRCS soil data indicates "Urban Land" on the west side where the building is located, and "Udorthents – Wet Substratum" on the east side where the parking area is. For hydrologic purposes, the soil is classified as HSG "D."

The depth to groundwater is shallow at the site based on the existing water surface of Mother Brook and its mean annual high water elevation.

The property falls within a Zone AE special flood hazard area. The elevation of the 100-year flood as determined by the Federal Flood Insurance Program is 45.6 based on the NAVD 1988 datum. This is equivalent to elevation 52.06 based on the Boston City datum.

Because this site has shallow depth to groundwater and is within a floodplain, there are no infiltration facilities proposed.

Standard 4: (TSS Removal)

As an improvement over existing conditions, the project includes two (2) proprietary stormwater treatment units (CDS Model 4) to provide Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

removal as well as trash/debris/oil removal. They are sized to handle the contributing impervious area to be treated. The CDS Model 4 units selected are an approved proprietary treatment BMP under the "Technology Acceptance and Reciprocity Partnership" (TARP). The design sheet and performance documentation is included at the end of this section. The New Jersey DEP Certification letter for the CDS technology is included in this Section 2.

A TSS removal of 50% is used in the design. TSS Removal Calculation Worksheets for each treatment train are included at the end of this section. Base on the manufacturer's performance calculations, the predicted net annual removal is 92.48% and 86.36% for stormwater treatment unit #1 and #2, respectively.

In compliance with Standard 4, a Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is included in Appendix 2.

Standard 5: (Land Use with Higher Potential Pollutant Load - LUHPPL)

Due to the nature of the business that occupies this site, which includes towing of vehicles, proprietary stormwater treatment units are proposed to provide a significant improvement of stormwater quality over existing conditions.

Standard 6: (Critical Areas)

Stormwater does not discharge near or to a Critical Area (such as a Zone II, Interim Wellhead Protection Areas, Shellfish Growing Areas, Bathing Beaches, Outstanding Resource Waters, Special Resource Waters, or Cold-Water Fisheries). However, the project site is located in the Town of Natick Aquifer Protection Zone.

Standard 7: (Redevelopment)

The project is a redevelopment project. The project fully complies with Standard 2, and meets to the maximum extent practicable the Standards 1, 3 and 4.

The project slightly reduces the peak flows and volume to Mother Brook due to the slight reduction in impervious area.

Also, as part of the proposed work for this project, the applicant has removed a large quantity of trash, debris and sediment from the drainage ditch at the south corner of the site.

Standard 8: (Erosion, Sediment Control)

Erosion and sediment control BMPs are included in the Erosion and Sediment Control Plan as part of the Site Plan set.

Standard 9: (Operation & Maintenance)

An Operation and Maintenance Plan for the stormwater treatment systems (CDS Model 4 units) is included in Appendix 5.

Standard 10: (Illicit Discharges)

An Illicit Discharge Statement is included with this Stormwater Report.



1071 Worcester Rd. Framingham, MA 01701 508 879.0030 www.dgtassociates.com

November 27, 2019

Job No.: S-1428

Boston Conservation Commission Ms. Amelia Croteau, Executive Secretary 1 City Hall Square, Room 709 Boston, MA 02201

RE: <u>Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement</u>

The following statements are made regarding the proposed site development at #1550 River Street in Hyde Park, MA:

- There are no illicit discharges designed or proposed.
- Sewage generated from the building will continue to enter the City of Boston public sewer.
- The design of the proposed stormwater system includes no proposed illicit discharges and no illicit discharge connections.
- A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan for the stormwater system has been included in the Stormwater Report.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions.

Sincerely yours, **DGT Associates**

Bert E. Corey, P.E.

Engineering Group Manager

Standard 1 & 4 Calculations

Scour Calculations
Stormwater Treatment Units - Performance Calculations
TARP Certification (NJ DEP)
TSS Removal Calculations
TMDL Data

Scour Calculations

The outlets from both STU #1 and STU #2 discharge into stone lined swales. In this case the flows at all storms up to a 100-year event are designed to be less than the permissible velocity to ensure no scour or erosion. The following calculations provide compliance with Standard 1 for the discharges from the two discharge points:

STU #1 Outlet

3 ft wide by 0.5 ft deep channel Swale Length = 6 feet Swale Slope = 0.0667

	2 Year	10 Year	25 Year	100 Year
Maximum Velocity	2.53 ft/sec	3.00 ft/sec	3.24 ft/sec	3.55 ft/sec

STU #2 Outlet

3 ft wide by 0.5 ft deep channel Swale Length = 6 feet Swale Slope = 0.0667

	2 Year	10 Year	25 Year	100 Year
Maximum Velocity	3.04 ft/sec	3.60 ft/sec	3.88 ft/sec	4.24 ft/sec

Prepared by DGT Associates

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Page 1

Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1 Runoff Area=15,215 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.97"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.17 cfs 0.086 af

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2 Runoff Area=20,527 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>2.97"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.57 cfs 0.116 af

Reach 1R: Scour Calc Avg. Flow Depth=0.15' Max Vel=2.53 fps Inflow=1.17 cfs 0.086 af

n=0.040 L=6.0' S=0.0667 '/' Capacity=7.48 cfs Outflow=1.16 cfs 0.086 af

Reach 2R: Scour Calc Avg. Flow Depth=0.17' Max Vel=3.04 fps Inflow=1.57 cfs 0.116 af

n=0.040 L=6.0' S=0.0833 '/' Capacity=8.37 cfs Outflow=1.57 cfs 0.116 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.821 ac Runoff Volume = 0.203 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.97" 0.00% Pervious = 0.000 ac 100.00% Impervious = 0.821 ac

Prepared by DGT Associates

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Page 2

Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1 Runoff Area=15,215 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.72"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.83 cfs 0.137 af

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2 Runoff Area=20,527 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.72"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.47 cfs 0.185 af

Reach 1R: Scour Calc Avg. Flow Depth=0.20' Max Vel=3.00 fps Inflow=1.83 cfs 0.137 af

n=0.040 L=6.0' S=0.0667 '/' Capacity=7.48 cfs Outflow=1.83 cfs 0.137 af

Reach 2R: Scour Calc Avg. Flow Depth=0.23' Max Vel=3.60 fps Inflow=2.47 cfs 0.185 af

n=0.040 L=6.0' S=0.0833 '/' Capacity=8.37 cfs Outflow=2.47 cfs 0.185 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.821 ac Runoff Volume = 0.323 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.72" 0.00% Pervious = 0.000 ac 100.00% Impervious = 0.821 ac

Prepared by DGT Associates

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1 Runoff Area=15,215 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.80"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.25 cfs 0.169 af

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2 Runoff Area=20,527 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>5.80"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.03 cfs 0.228 af

Reach 1R: Scour Calc Avg. Flow Depth=0.23' Max Vel=3.24 fps Inflow=2.25 cfs 0.169 af

n=0.040 L=6.0' S=0.0667 '/' Capacity=7.48 cfs Outflow=2.24 cfs 0.169 af

Reach 2R: Scour Calc Avg. Flow Depth=0.26' Max Vel=3.88 fps Inflow=3.03 cfs 0.228 af

n=0.040 L=6.0' S=0.0833 '/' Capacity=8.37 cfs Outflow=3.03 cfs 0.228 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.821 ac Runoff Volume = 0.397 af Average Runoff Depth = 5.80" 0.00% Pervious = 0.000 ac 100.00% Impervious = 0.821 ac

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Time span=5.00-20.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 301 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1 Runoff Area=15,215 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.48"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.89 cfs 0.218 af

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2 Runoff Area=20,527 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth>7.48"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.90 cfs 0.294 af

Reach 1R: Scour Calc Avg. Flow Depth=0.27' Max Vel=3.55 fps Inflow=2.89 cfs 0.218 af

n=0.040 L=6.0' S=0.0667 '/' Capacity=7.48 cfs Outflow=2.88 cfs 0.217 af

Reach 2R: Scour Calc Avg. Flow Depth=0.30' Max Vel=4.24 fps Inflow=3.90 cfs 0.294 af

n=0.040 L=6.0' S=0.0833 '/' Capacity=8.37 cfs Outflow=3.89 cfs 0.293 af

Total Runoff Area = 0.821 ac Runoff Volume = 0.511 af Average Runoff Depth = 7.48" 0.00% Pervious = 0.000 ac 100.00% Impervious = 0.821 ac



1550 River Street in Hyde Park STU #1

Project Information					
Project Name	1550 River Street in Hyde Park			Option #	A
Country	UNITED_STATES	State	City	Hyde Park	

Contact Information				
First Name	Kevin	Last Name	Riopelle	
Company	DGT Associates	Phone #	508-879-0030	
Email	kriopelle@dgtassociates.com			

Design Criteria							
Site Designation	STU #1		Sizing Method	Net Annual			
Screening Required?	Yes	Drainage Area (ac)	0.35	Peak Flow (cfs)	2.24		
Groundwater Depth (ft)	0 - 5	Pipe Invert Depth (ft)	0 - 5	Bedrock Depth (ft)	>15		
Multiple Inlets?	No	Grate Inlet Required?	No	Pipe Size (in)	10.00		
Required Particle Size Distribution?	1	90° between two inlets?	· ·	180° between inlet and outlet?	No		
Runoff Coefficient	0.97	Rainfall Station	69 - Boston Airport, MA	TC (Min)	5		

Treatment Selection						
Treatment Unit	CDS	System Model	2015-4			
Target Removal	80%	Particle Size Distribution (PSD)		Predicted Net Annual Removal	92.48%	



1550 River Street in Hyde Park STU #1

Rainfall Intensity¹ (in/hr)	% Rainfall Volume¹	Cumulative Rainfall Volume	Rainfall Volume Treated	Total Flowrate (cfs)	Treated Flowrate (cfs)	Operating Rate (%)	Removal Efficiency (%)	Incremental Removal (%)
0.0200	10.17%	10.17%	10.17%	0.0068	0.0068	0.97%	100.00%	10.17%
0.0400	9.65%	19.82%	9.65%	0.0136	0.0136	1.94%	100.00%	9.65%
0.0600	9.45%	29.27%	9.45%	0.0204	0.0204	2.91%	100.00%	9.45%
0.0800	7.74%	37.01%	7.74%	0.0272	0.0272	3.89%	100.00%	7.74%
0.1000	8.57%	45.58%	8.57%	0.0340	0.0340	4.86%	100.00%	8.57%
0.1200	6.30%	51.88%	6.30%	0.0407	0.0407	5.81%	100.00%	6.30%
0.1400	4.66%	56.54%	4.66%	0.0475	0.0475	6.79%	100.00%	4.66%
0.1600	4.64%	61.18%	4.64%	0.0543	0.0543	7.76%	99.86%	4.63%
0.1800	3.54%	64.72%	3.54%	0.0611	0.0611	8.73%	99.66%	3.53%
0.2000	4.34%	69.06%	4.34%	0.0679	0.0679	9.70%	99.47%	4.32%
0.2500	8.00%	77.06%	8.00%	0.0849	0.0849	12.13%	98.98%	7.92%
0.3000	5.59%	82.65%	5.59%	0.1019	0.1019	14.56%	98.50%	5.51%
0.3500	4.37%	87.02%	4.37%	0.1188	0.1188	16.97%	98.01%	4.28%
0.4000	2.53%	89.55%	2.53%	0.1358	0.1358	19.40%	97.53%	2.47%
0.4500	2.53%	92.08%	2.53%	0.1528	0.1528	21.83%	97.04%	2.46%
0.5000	1.38%	93.46%	1.38%	0.1698	0.1698	24.26%	96.56%	1.33%
0.7500	5.04%	98.50%	5.04%	0.2546	0.2546	36.37%	94.13%	4.74%
1.0000	1.01%	99.51%	1.01%	0.3395	0.3395	48.50%	91.71%	0.93%
1.5000	0.00%	99.51%	0.00%	0.5093	0.5093	72.76%	86.85%	0.00%
2.0000	0.00%	99.51%	0.00%	0.6790	0.6790	97.00%	82.00%	0.00%
3.0000	0.48%	99.99%	0.33%	1.0185	0.7000	100.00%	55.95%	0.27%
								98.93%
						Removal Efficier	ncy Adjustment ² =	6.45%
					Pre	edicted % Annual	Rainfall Treated =	93.39%
					Predicted Ne	t Annual Load Rer	noval Efficiency =	92.48%

^{1 -} Based on 10 years of hourly precipitation data from NCDC Station 770, Boston WSFO AP, Suffolk County, MA

^{2 -} Reduction due to use of 60-minute data for a site that has a time of concentration less than 30-minutes.



1550 River Street in Hyde Park STU #2

Project Information						
Project Name	1550 River Street in Hyde Pa	ark		Option #	А	
Country	UNITED_STATES	State	Massachusetts	City	Hyde Park	

Contact Information						
First Name	Kevin	Last Name	Riopelle			
Company	DGT Associates	Phone #	508-879-0030			
Email	kriopelle@dgtassociates.com					

Design Criteria							
Site Designation	STU #2		Sizing Method	Net Annual			
Screening Required?	Yes	Drainage Area (ac)	1.33	Peak Flow (cfs)	8.53		
Groundwater Depth (ft)	0 - 5	Pipe Invert Depth (ft)	0 - 5	Bedrock Depth (ft)	>15		
Multiple Inlets?	No	Grate Inlet Required?	No	Pipe Size (in)	10.00		
Required Particle Size Distribution?	1	90° between two inlets?		180° between inlet and outlet?	No		
Runoff Coefficient	0.98	Rainfall Station	69 - Boston Airport, MA	TC (Min)	5		

Treatment Selection						
Treatment Unit	CDS	System Model	2015-4			
Target Removal		Particle Size Distribution (PSD)		Predicted Net Annual Removal	86.36%	

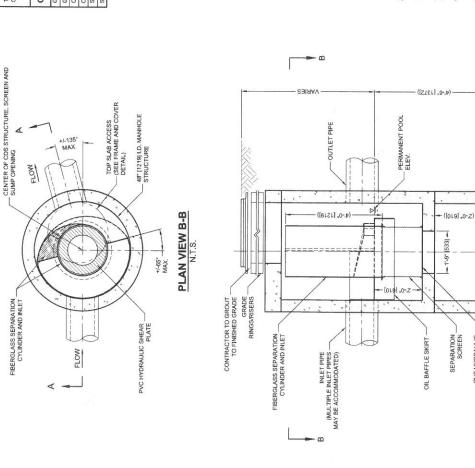


1550 River Street in Hyde Park STU #2

CDS ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SOLIDS LOAD REDUCTION BASED ON THE RATIONAL RAINFALL METHOD								
Rainfall Intensity¹ (in/hr)	% Rainfall Volume¹	Cumulative Rainfall Volume	Rainfall Volume Treated	Total Flowrate (cfs)	Treated Flowrate (cfs)	Operating Rate (%)	Removal Efficiency (%)	Incremental Removal (%)
0.0200	10.17%	10.17%	10.17%	0.0261	0.0261	3.73%	100.00%	10.17%
0.0400	9.65%	19.82%	9.65%	0.0521	0.0521	7.44%	99.92%	9.64%
0.0600	9.45%	29.27%	9.45%	0.0782	0.0782	11.17%	99.17%	9.37%
0.0800	7.74%	37.01%	7.74%	0.1043	0.1043	14.90%	98.43%	7.62%
0.1000	8.57%	45.58%	8.57%	0.1303	0.1303	18.61%	97.69%	8.37%
0.1200	6.30%	51.88%	6.30%	0.1564	0.1564	22.34%	96.94%	6.11%
0.1400	4.66%	56.54%	4.66%	0.1825	0.1825	26.07%	96.19%	4.48%
0.1600	4.64%	61.18%	4.64%	0.2085	0.2085	29.79%	95.45%	4.43%
0.1800	3.54%	64.72%	3.54%	0.2346	0.2346	33.51%	94.70%	3.35%
0.2000	4.34%	69.06%	4.34%	0.2607	0.2607	37.24%	93.96%	4.08%
0.2500	8.00%	77.06%	8.00%	0.3259	0.3259	46.56%	92.09%	7.37%
0.3000	5.59%	82.65%	5.59%	0.3910	0.3910	55.86%	90.23%	5.04%
0.3500	4.37%	87.02%	4.37%	0.4562	0.4562	65.17%	88.37%	3.86%
0.4000	2.53%	89.55%	2.53%	0.5214	0.5214	74.49%	86.50%	2.19%
0.4500	2.53%	92.08%	2.53%	0.5865	0.5865	83.79%	84.64%	2.14%
0.5000	1.38%	93.46%	1.38%	0.6517	0.6517	93.10%	82.78%	1.14%
0.7500	5.04%	98.50%	3.61%	0.9776	0.7000	100.00%	58.29%	2.94%
1.0000	1.01%	99.51%	0.54%	1.3034	0.7000	100.00%	43.72%	0.44%
1.5000	0.00%	99.51%	0.00%	1.9551	0.7000	100.00%	29.14%	0.00%
2.0000	0.00%	99.51%	0.00%	2.6068	0.7000	100.00%	21.86%	0.00%
3.0000	0.48%	99.99%	0.09%	3.9102	0.7000	100.00%	14.57%	0.07%
								92.81%
						Removal Efficier	ncy Adjustment ² =	6.45%
Predicted % Annual Rainfall Treated =						91.25%		
Predicted Net Annual Load Removal Efficiency =						86.36%		

^{1 -} Based on 10 years of hourly precipitation data from NCDC Station 770, Boston WSFO AP, Suffolk County, MA

^{2 -} Reduction due to use of 60-minute data for a site that has a time of concentration less than 30-minutes.

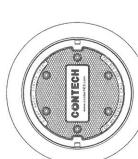


CDS2015-4-C DESIGN NOTES

SOME THE STANDARD CDS2015-4-C COMPIGURATION IS SHOWN. ALTERNATE CONFIGURATIONS ARE AVAILABLE AND ARE LISTED BELOW. CONFIGURATIONS MAY BE COMBINED TO SUIT SITE REQUIREMENTS.

CONFIGURATION DESCRIPTION

GRATED INLET ONLY (NO INLET PIPE)	GRATED INLET WITH INLET PIPE OR PIPES	CURB INLET ONLY (NO INLET PIPE)	CURB INLET WITH INLET PIPE OR PIPES	SEPARATE OIL BAFFLE (SINGLE INLET PIPE REQUIRED FOR THIS CONFIGURATION)	SEDIMENT WEIR FOR NJDEP / NJCAT CONFORMING UNITS	
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FRAME AND COVER (DIAMETER VARIES) N.T.S.

SITE SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS WATER QUALITY FLOW RATE (CFS OR L/s) PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS OR US) RETURN PERIOD OF PEAK FLOW (YRS) SCREEN APERTURE (2400 OR 4700) NOTES/SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS * PER ENGINEER OF RECORD ANTI-FLOTATION BALLAST RIM ELEVATION STRUCTURE ID OUTLET PIPE

- GENERAL WOIES

 1. CONTECT TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
 2. DURINSONS MARKED WITH () ARE REFERENCE DIMENSIONS. ACTUAL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY.
 3. FOR PARKED WITH () ARE REFERENCE DIMENSIONS. ACTUAL DIMENSIONS MAY VARY.
 4. FOR WITH CALLING THE CALLED TRECLINES TRECLIVINE DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS, PLEASE CONTRACT YOUR CONTECH ENGINEERED SOLUTIONS ILL CREPRESENTATIVE. www.connebils.com
 4. COS MATER GOALLITY PRICUPINE SHALL BET NACCORDANCE WITH ALL MEET HESO! (ASSITION A 309), LOAD RATING. ASSIMING GROUNDWATER ELEVATION
 5. STRUCTURE SHALL MET AASHTO HSO AND CASTHIGS SHALL MEET HESO! (ASSITION A 309), LOAD RATING. ASSIMING GROUNDWATER ELEVATION
 5. TRUCTURE SHALL MET PASSITIO HSO AND SHELE AT BOTTOM OF SCREEN CYLINDER. REMOVE AND REPLACE AS NECESSARY DURING MAINTENANCE CLEANING.

- INSTALLATION NOTES
 A. ATM YOBBASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND SHALL BE
 SPECIFIED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD.
 B. CONTRACTORS TO PROVIDE GOUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND RASEMBLE STRUCTURE
 (LIFTING CLUTCHES PROVIDED).
 C. CONTRACTOR TO ADD JOINT SEALANT BETWEEN ALL STRUCTURE SECTIONS, AND ASSEMBLE STRUCTURE.
 D. CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE. INSTALL, AND GROUP TIPES. MATCH PIPE INVERTS WITH ELEVATIONS SHOWN.
 E. CONTRACTOR TO TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO ASSURE UNIT IS WATER TIGHT, HOLDING WATER TO FLOWLINE INVERT MINIMUM. IT IS
 SUGGESTED THAT ALL JOINTS BELOW PIPE INVERTS ARE GROUTED.

ELEVATION A-A

SOLIDS STORAGE SUMF

Cops.



INLINE CDS STANDARD DETAIL

CDS2015-4-C

SEPARATION

PVC HYDRAULIC SHEAR PLATE



State of New Jersey

CHRIS CHRISTIE Governor

KIM GUADAGNO Lt. Governor

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION **Bureau of Nonpoint Pollution Control** Division of Water Quality 401-02B Post Office Box 420

Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0420 609-633-7021 Fax: 609-777-0432

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/dwq/bnpc home.htm

BOB MARTIN Commissioner

March 21, 2017

Derek M. Berg Contech Engineered Solutions, LLC 71 US Route 1, Suite F Scarborough, ME 04074

Re: Revised MTD Lab Certification

Continuous Deflective Separator (CDS®) Stormwater Treatment Device by Contech Engineered

Solutions, LLC On-line Installation

TSS Removal Rate 50%

Dear Mr. Berg:

This revised certification letter supersedes the Department's prior certification dated January 9, 2015. This revision was completed to reflect the updated Manufactured Treatment Device (MTD) scaling methodology as agreed upon by the manufacturers' working group on September 19, 2016. In part, the updated scaling for hydrodynamic MTDs is based on the depth of the reference (tested) MTD from the top of the false floor utilized during removal efficiency testing, not from the physical bottom of the unit. Based on the above decision, Table A-2 of the **NJCAT** Technology Verification report located http://www.njcat.org/uploads/newDocs/CDSVerificationReportFinal1.pdf has been revised, and Table 1 noted below has been added.

The Stormwater Management rules under N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.5(b) and 5.7 (c) allow the use of manufactured treatment devices (MTDs) for compliance with the design and performance standards at N.J.A.C. 7:8-5 if the pollutant removal rates have been verified by the New Jersey Corporation for Advanced Technology (NJCAT) and have been certified by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP). Contech Engineered Solutions, LLC has requested an MTD Laboratory Certification for the CDS® Stormwater Treatment Device.

The verification is subject to the "Procedure for Obtaining Verification of a Stormwater Manufactured Treatment Device from New Jersey Corporation for Advance Technology" dated January 25, 2013. The applicable protocol is the "New Jersey Laboratory Testing Protocol to Assess Total Suspended Solids Removal by a Hydrodynamic Sedimentation Manufactured Treatment Device" dated January 25, 2013.

NJCAT verification documents submitted to the NJDEP indicate that the requirements of the aforementioned protocol have been met or exceeded. The NJCAT letter also included a recommended certification TSS removal rate and the required maintenance plan. The NJCAT Verification Report with the Verification

Appendix dated September 2014 (Revised January 2017) for this device is published online at http://www.njcat.org/verification-process/technology-verification-database.html.

The NJDEP certifies the use of the CDS® Stormwater Treatment Device by Contech Engineered Solutions, LLC at a TSS removal rate of 50% when designed, operated, and maintained in accordance with the information provided in the Verification Appendix and the following conditions:

- 1. The maximum treatment flow rate (MTFR) for the manufactured treatment device (MTD) is calculated using the New Jersey Water Quality Design Storm (1.25 inches in 2 hrs) in N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.5.
- 2. The CDS® Stormwater Treatment Device shall be installed using the same configuration reviewed by NJCAT and shall be sized in accordance with the criteria specified in item 6 below.
- 3. This CDS® Stormwater Treatment Device cannot be used in series with another MTD or a media filter (such as a sand filter) to achieve an enhanced removal rate for total suspended solids (TSS) removal under N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.5.
- 4. Additional design criteria for MTDs can be found in Chapter 9.6 of the New Jersey Stormwater Best Management Practices (NJ Stormwater BMP) Manual which can be found on-line at www.njstormwater.org.
- 5. The maintenance plan for a site using this device shall incorporate, at a minimum, the maintenance requirements for the CDS® Stormwater Treatment Device. A copy of the maintenance plan is attached to this certification. However, it is recommended to review the maintenance website at

http://www.conteches.com/products/stormwater-management/treatment/cds.aspx#1822141-technical-info for any changes to the maintenance requirements.

6. Sizing Requirements:

The example below demonstrates the sizing procedure for the CDS®:

Example:

A 0.25-acre impervious site is to be treated to 50% TSS removal using a CDS[®]. The impervious site runoff (Q) based on the New Jersey Water Quality Design Storm was determined to be 0.79 cfs.

Maximum Treatment Flow Rate (MTFR) Evaluation:

The site runoff (Q) was based on the following:

time of concentration = 10 minutes i=3.2 in/hr (page 5-8, Fig. 5-3 of the NJ Stormwater BMP Manual) c=0.99 (runoff coefficient for impervious)

Q=ciA=0.99x3.2x0.25=0.79 cfs

Given the site runoff is 0.79 cfs and based on Table 1 below, the CDS® Model CDS-4 with an MTFR of 0.93 cfs would be the smallest model approved that could be used for this site that could remove 50% of the TSS from the impervious area without exceeding the MTFR.

The sizing table corresponding to the available system models is noted below. Additional specifications regarding each model can be found in the Verification Appendix under Table A-1 and A-2.

Table 1 CDS Models

CDS Model	Manhole Diameter (ft.)	Treatment Chamber Depth (ft.)	MTFR (cfs)
CDS-3	3	3.50	0.52
CDS-4	4	3.50	0.93
CDS-5	5	3.75	1.5
CDS-6	6	4.50	2.1
CDS-7	7	5.25	2.8
CDS-8	8	6.00	3.7
CDS-10	10	7.50	5.8
CDS-12	12	9.00	8.4

• Treatment Chamber Depth is defined as the depth below the invert to the top of the false floor installed at 50% sediment depth.

A detailed maintenance plan is mandatory for any project with a Stormwater BMP subject to the Stormwater Management Rules, N.J.A.C. 7:8. The plan must include all of the items identified in the Stormwater Management Rules, N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8. Such items include, but are not limited to, the list of inspection and maintenance equipment and tools, specific corrective and preventative maintenance tasks, indication of problems in the system, and training of maintenance personnel. Additional information can be found in Chapter 8: Maintenance and Retrofit of Stormwater Management Measures.

If you have any questions regarding the above information, please contact Mr. Shashi Nayak of my office at (609) 633-7021.

Sincerely,

James J. Murphy, Chief

Bureau of Nonpoint Pollution Control

Attachment: Maintenance Plan

c: Chron File
Richard Magee, NJCAT
Vince Mazzei, NJDEP - DLUR
Ravi Patraju, NJDEP - BES
Gabriel Mahon, NJDEP - BNPC
Shashi Nayak, NJDEP - BNPC



Stormwater Treatment Unit Design 1550 River Street, Hyde Park, MA

Computational method to convert Water Quality Volume (WQV) to Equivalent Peak Water Quality Flow Rate (WQF)

Reference: MassDEP Notice dated November 1, 2010

 $WQF = (q_u)(A)(WQV)$

Where q_u = unit peak discharge (cfs / (mi² x in x s))

A = impervious surface drainage area (mi²)

WQV = water quality volume (1.0 inch)

WQF = water quality flow rate (cfs)

 $T_c = 5.0$ minutes (for all subcatchments)

From Figure 2: $q_u = 773 \text{ cfs} / (\text{mi}^2 \text{ x in x s})$

Stormwater Treatment Unit	q ս	A (sf)	A (mi ²)	WQV (in)	WQF (cfs)	Unit Proposed
STU #1	773	15,215	0.0005	1.0	0.42	CDS-4
STU #2	773	20,527	0.0007	1.0	0.57	CDS-4

INSTRUCTIONS:

Version 1, Automated: Mar. 4, 2008

- 1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu
- 2. Select BMP from Drop Down Menu
- 3. After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

Location: Stormwater Treatment Unit #1 at SE corner of site

	В	C TSS Removal	D Storting TSS	E	F
	BMP ¹	Rate ¹	Starting TSS Load*	Amount Removed (C*D)	Remaining Load (D-E)
neet	Proprietary Treatment Practice	0.50	1.00	0.50	0.50
oval orksł		0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50
Removal on Worksheet		0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50
TSS ReCalculation		0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50
Cal		0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50
		Total T	SS Removal =		Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each Outlet or BMP Train

Project: 1550 River Street, Hyde Park
Prepared By: BEC
Date: 11/27/2019

*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E) which enters the BMP

INSTRUCTIONS:

Version 1, Automated: Mar. 4, 2008

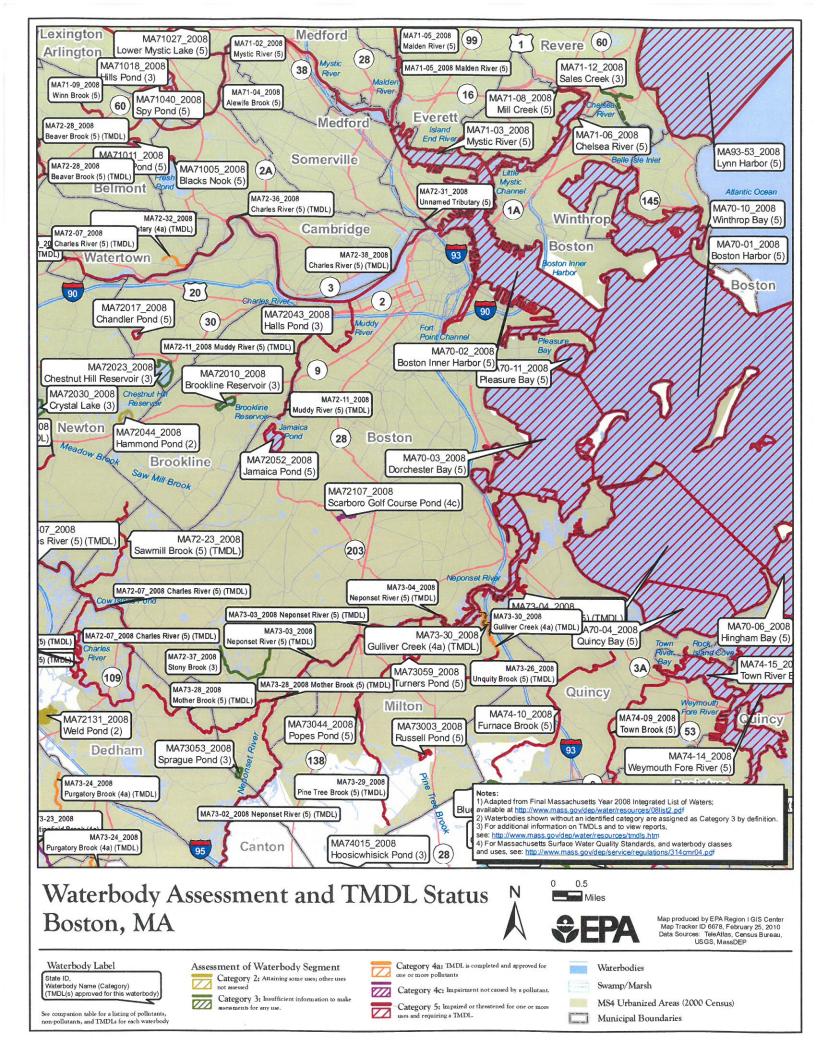
- 1. In BMP Column, click on Blue Cell to Activate Drop Down Menu
- 2. Select BMP from Drop Down Menu
- 3. After BMP is selected, TSS Removal and other Columns are automatically completed.

Date: 11/27/2019

Location: Stormwater Treatment Unit #2 at NE corner of site

	В	С	D	E	F
		TSS Removal	Starting TSS	Amount	Remaining
	BMP ¹	Rate ¹	Load*	Removed (C*D)	Load (D-E)
heet	Proprietary Treatment Practice	0.50	1.00	0.50	0.50
Removal on Worksheet		0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50
Remion W		0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50
TSS ReCalculation		0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50
Cal		0.00	0.50	0.00	0.50
		Total T	SS Removal =	50%	Separate Form Needs to be Completed for Each Outlet or BMP Train
	Project:	1550 River Street, Hyde Park			-
Prepared By: BEC				*Equals remaining load from	n previous BMP (E)

Non-automated TSS Calculation Sheet must be used if Proprietary BMP Proposed 1. From MassDEP Stormwater Handbook Vol. 1 which enters the BMP



Category 5 waters listed alphabetically by major watershed The 303(d) List – "Waters requiring a TMDL"

WATER BODY	SEGMENT ID	DESCRIPTION SIZE UNITS	SIZE	UNITS	IMPAIRMENT	EPA TMDL NO.
					PCB in Fish Tissue	
					Phosphorus (Total)	
					Taste and Odor	
Neponset Reservoir	MA73034	Foxborough.	312	ACRES	(Non-Native Aquatic Plants*)	
					Excess Algal Growth	
		1			Turbidity	
Neponset River	MA73-01	-	13.2	MILES	DDT in Fish Tissue	
		Branch, Canton. (through former pond segments Crackrock Pond			Escherichia coli	54840
		MA73010 and Bird Pond IMA/3002).			Other (Unspecified Metals)	
					Oxygen, Dissolved	
					Phosphorus (Total)	
Neponset River	MA73-02	Confluence with East Branch, Canton to confluence with Mother	7.7	MILES	(Debris/Floatables/Trash*)	
		Brook, Boston.			DDT in Fish Tissue	
					Escherichia coli	2592
					Fecal Coliform	2592
					Foam/Flocs/Scum/Oil Slicks	
					Other (Unspecified Metals)	
					Oxygen, Dissolved	
					PCB in Fish Tissue	
					Turbidity	
Neponset River	MA73-03	Dam	3.7	MILES	(Debris/Floatables/Trash*)	
		(Neponset River Baker Chocolate Dam, NAT ID: MA01093),			DDT in Fish Tissue	
		Milton/Boston.			Enterococcus	2592
					Escherichia coli	2592
					Fecal Coliform	2592
					Foam/Flocs/Scum/Oil Slicks	
					Other (Unspecified Metals)	
					Oxygen, Dissolved	
					PCB in Fish Tissue	
					Polychlorinated biphenyls	
Neponset River	MA73-04	·.	0.67	SQUARE	(Debris/Floatables/Trash*)	
		NAT ID: MA01093), Milton/Boston to mouth at Dorchester Bay,		MILES	Enterococcus	2592
		Boston/Quincy.			Fecal Coliform	2592
					Other (Contaminants in	
					Shellfish)	
					Oxygen, Dissolved	
					PCB in Fish Tissue	
					Turbidity	
Pequid Brook	MA73-22	Headwaters east of York Street, Canton to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton (excluding the approximately 1.3 miles through Reservoir Pond, segment MA73048).	2.8	MILES	Oxygen, Dissolved	
Pine Tree Brook	MA73-29	Headwaters, outlet of Hillside Pond, Milton through Pope's Pond	4.6	MILES	(Physical substrate habitat	
		(ioimeny segment MA73044) to confidence Neponset River, Milton.			alterations")	

Proposed Massachusetts Year 2016 Integrated List of Waters June, 2017(5) CN 470.0

* TMDL not required (Non-pollutant)

Category 5 waters listed alphabetically by major watershed The 303(d) List – "Waters requiring a TMDL"

MA73-26 East Branch Naponset River - Headwaters, outlet of Forge Pond, Canton through East Branch Pond to mouth at confluence with Naponset River - Index National Canton through East Branch Pond to mouth at confluence with Naponset River - Index National Canton through East Branch Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton (Pocally known as Canton River) MA73-27 MA73-27 Headwaters, outlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to inlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton, MA73-27 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-27 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-29 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-20 Headwaters, outlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton, MA73-20 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-21 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-22 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-29 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-20 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-20 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-20 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-21 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-22 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-29 Headwaters, outlet animate Shop Pond, Canton, MA73-20 Headwaters, outlet MA73-20 Headwaters, outlet MA73-20 Headwaters, outlet MA73-20 Headwaters	WATER BODY	SEGMENT ID	DESCRIPTION SIZE LINITS	מ של	T NITO	THEMOLOGINE	CM IMPLACE
MA73-05 Gats Branch knownest River Preadvaters, outlet of Frage Pond, and MA73-05 Canton mough East Branch known as Canton River). MA73-06 Cast Branch River, Canton (locally known as Canton River). MA73-15 Meporset River, Canton (locally known as Canton River). MA73-16 Medied in mouth at confluence with Manna River Mator (locally known as Canton River). MA73-16 Medied to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-17 Medied to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-18 MA73-29 From headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible and deductions outlet of Lowel Sharon, through Manna River Mator (Progremmatis in Fish Insue Pond (Inmenty segment Ma73-01). MA73-16 Medied to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Sharon, through Manna River Mator (Inmenty segment Ma73-01). MA73-17 Medied to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medield, to the inlet of Turner Containment in Fish Insue River Mator (Inmenty segment Ma73-01). MA73-18 Medied to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medield, to the inlet of Turner Containment in Fish Insue River Mator (Inmenty segment Ma73-01). MA73-09 Medied to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medield, to the inlet of Turner Containment in Fish Insue River Mator (Inmenty segment Ma73-01). MA73-09 Medied to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medield, to the inlet of Turner Containment in Fish Insue Contain Ma73-01 Medield to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medield, to the inlet of Turner Containment in Fish Insue Contain Medield to mouth at ordination shorteness with Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000). MA73-09 Medied to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medield, to the inlet of Turner Containment in Fish Insue Containment Con		OF CHIEFLY ID		3125	ONLIS	IMPAIRMENI	EPA IMDL NO.
MA73-020 MA73-030	East Branch	MA73-05		5.6	MILES	(Low flow alterations*)	
Neponset River, Canton (locally known as Canton River). MA73020 Canton. MA73020 Canton. MA73020 Canton. MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwcod to inlet of Ellis Pond, or quad. MA73-15 Headwaters, cutlet Infamer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-16 Headwaters, cutlet Infamer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-16 Headwaters, cutlet Infamer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-16 Headwaters, cutlet Infamer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-17 Headwaters, cutlet Infamer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-18 Headwaters, cutlet Infamer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-19 Headwaters, cutlet Infamer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-19 Headwaters, cutlet Infamer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-19 Headwaters, cutlet Infamer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-19 Headwaters cutlet of Lowells Pond, Medfield. MA73-20 Headwaters cutlet of Lowells Pond, Medfield to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-20 Headwaters cutlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters cutlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters cutlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters cutlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters cutlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters through at Inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters through at Inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters through at Inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters through at Inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters through at Inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters through at Inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters through at Inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-20 Headwaters through at Inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, through Mary (1000) Headwater (1						Aguatic Macroinvertehrate	
MA73-020 Canton. MA73-030 Canton. MA73-04 Canton. MA73-05 Canton. MA73-06 Canton. MA73-07 Canton. MA73-07 Canton. MA73-07 Canton. MA73-08 Canton. MA73-09 Can			Nepopset River Centon (locally known as Capton Diver)			חיים של	
MA73-020 MA73-030 MA73-0			described to the second			DIOGRAPHICAL TITLE	
MA73-020 Centon MA73-020 Centon MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Ellis Pond, Analysis and formerly segment MA73-03 From confluence Unquity Brook Millon (Note: Unquity Brook Millon to confluence Neponset MA73-15 Headwaters, custed of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible on quad). MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence on this pend formerly segment MA73-023). Travel Shop Pond, and MA73-12 Pond (formerly segment MA73-023). Travel Shop Pond, and MA73-03 MILES (forminants in Fish and Shellish). MA73-04 MA73-05 From headwaters, outlet of Lewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner Sheep Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of T						DD1 in Fish Tissue	
MA73-020 Canton. MA73-020 Canton. MA73-020 Canton. MA73-030 From confluence Unquity Brook Millon to confluence Neponset New More Not to mouth at intet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-012 MA73-012 Walpote Street Industry Brook Millon to confluence Not visible of mouth at intet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-02 MA73-03 From headwaters, cutter file Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible of SQU MRE Feed Colliform and Sherbard Pond to mouth at intet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-04 MA73-09 From headwaters (perennial pontion) north of Harford Street, March March March 1 MLES From Prosphorus (Total) Production of the mouth at intet of Lewells Pond, Medited, to the intet of Turner Street Colliform Street March M						Escherichia coli	2592
MA73020 Canton MA73020 Canton MA73021 Walpole/Sharon/Foxborough. MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Ellis Pond, MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Margon MA73-17 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Margon MA73-18 MA73-19 Pond, Walpole MA73-19 MA73-19 Prom confluence Unquity Brook Millon to confluence not visible on quad). MA73-10 MA73-11 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence on the pond, with Neponset River, Norwood. MA73-12 Peadwaters, outlet defended to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-12 MA73-13 Walpole. MA73-14 MA73-15 Margon to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Growins in Esh Tissue Pond, Walpole. MA73-15 MA73-16 Margon to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific manner in the Charles River Diversion control structure. MA73-16 Margon Margon to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth 2 Margon Margon Dougle Medifield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Closific mouth 2 Margon Dougle Margon Dougle Margon Dougle						Fecal Coliform	2592
m. MA73020 Canton. m. MA73031 Walpote/Sharon/Foxborough. m. MA73032 Walpote/Sharon/Foxborough. m. MA73032 Walpote/Sharon/Foxborough. m. MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Ellis Pond. MA73-30 From confluence Unquity Brook Wilton to confluence Neponset MA73-31 From confluence Unquity Brook culverted, confluence not visible MA73-32 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible MA73-32 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond Sharon, through Manns MA73-31 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hariford Street, MA73-32 Headwaters, outlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-32 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield in mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-39 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Caygan Blossobred MA73-39 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Caygan Blossobred MA73-39 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Caygan Blossobred MA73-39 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Caygan Blossobred MA73-39 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Caygan Blossobred MA73-39 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Caygan Blossobred MA73-39 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Caygan Blossobred Dorin Field Tissue Oxygen Dissolved Dorin Field Tissue Oxygen Dissolved Oxyge						Other (Unspecified Metals)	
MA73-020 Canton. MA73-020 Canton. MA73-021 Walpole/Sharon/Foxborough. MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Ellis Pond. MA73-16 Headwaters, culted of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence on twistole MA73-16 Headwaters, culted to fills Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence on twistole MA73-17 Headwaters, culted to fills Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence on twistole MA73-18 Headwaters, culted to fills Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence on twistole MA73-19 MA73-09 Headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, Canton. MA73-09 Headwaters, culted to fills Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-09 Headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, Canton. MA73-09 Headwaters, culted to fill separation of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-09 Headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, Canton. MA73-09 Headwaters, culted to fill separation for the inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MilleS Caygen Dissolved Bloassessments MA73-09 Headwaters, culted to Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MilleS Caygen Dissolved Caygen Dissolve						Oxygen, Dissolved	
MA73-020 Canton. MA73-020 Canton. MA73-020 Canton. MA73-020 Canton. MA73-03 Headwaters, east of Winter Street. Norwood to inlet of Elis Pond, 2 MILES (Alexrophytes) MA73-03 From confluence Unquity Brook, Milton to confluence Neponset On quad). MA73-16 Headwaters outlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible on quad). MA73-17 Headwaters outlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence Neponset National Problems of Contaminants in Fish Tissue MA73-03 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, 2.3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Order (Sharon, through Manns Shephard Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Nedfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells River Diversion control structure, 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) Dedham to mouth at inlet of Jewells River Diversion control structure, 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) Dedham to mouth at one of Jewells River Diversion control structure, 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) Dedham to mouth at inlet of Jewells River Diversion control structure, 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) Dedham to mouth at inlet of Jewells River Diversion control structure, 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) Dedham to mouth at inlet of Jewells River Diversion control structure, 2.3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) Dedham to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, 10 the inlet of Jewells Pond water at the Charles River Diversion control structure, 2.3 MILES (Low flow alter						PCB in Fish Tissue	
MA73-027 Wapole/Sharon/Foxborough. MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Elis Pond, 2 ACRES (Macrophyles) MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible on quad.) MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible on quad.) MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible on quad.) MA73-17 Headwaters, outlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence on type on quad. She of the confluence on mouth at confluence on mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Sharon, through Manns MA73-09 Headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, 23 MILES (Mon-Native Aquatic Plants) MA73-09 Headwaters cutlet of Jawells Pond, Medifield. MA73-09 Headwaters cutlet of Jawells Pond, Medifield. MA73-09 Headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, 23 MILES (Nor-Native Aquatic Plants) MA73-09 Headwaters cutlet of Jawells Pond, Medifield. MA73-09 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure. MA73-09 Headwaters outlet of Jawells Pond, Medifield. MA73-09 Headwaters outlet of Jawells River Diversion control structure. MA73-09 Headwaters outlet of Jawells Pond, Medifield. MA73-09 Headwaters outlet of Jawells Pond, M						Temperature, water	
MA73-35 Walpole/Sharon/Foxborough. MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Ellis Pond, Analysis Plants MA73-16 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Ellis Pond, Analysis Plants Analysis Provided and Analysis Plants Plants Analysis Plants Analysis Plants Analysis Plants Plants	Forge Pond	MA73020		19	ACRES	Turbidity	
MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Elits Pond, MA73-20 From confluence Unquity Brook, Milton to confluence Neponset MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet to Texas From Confluence Unquity Brook culverted, confluence Neponset MA73-21 Headwaters, outlet to Texas From Confluence Unquity Brook culverted, confluence not visible on quady. MA73-21 Headwaters, outlet to Texas From Mars Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns Pond (formerly segment MA73-22) From headwaters (perennial pontion) north of Hartford Street, MA73-08 From headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Texas From Confluence With Neponset River, Boston MA73-28 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Texas From Confluence With Neponset River, Boston Report MA73-29 MA73-29 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Texas From Confluence With Neponset River, Boston Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000).	Ganawatte Farm	MA73037		29	ACRES	Aquatic Plants	
MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Ellis Pond, 2 MILES Escherichia coli	Pond					(Macrophytes)	
MA73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Ellis Pond, 2 Secchi disk transparency Norwood. MA73-30 From confluence Unquity Brook, Millon to confluence Neponset On quadi. MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible on quadi. MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence not visible on quadi. MA73-17 Headwaters, outlet MA73028), Trowel Shorp, through Manns 4.2 MILES Escherichia coli Erecal Coliform Taste and Odor Taste and Odor Taste and Odor Taste and Odor Shephard Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet dammer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns 4.2 MILES (MornAtive Adquatic Plants*) MA73-09 Headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, Boston Bond, Ma73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) Dedham to mouth at one of the inlet of Street, Boston Color (Color Elevations) Dedham to mouth at Street Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neppnese River, Boston (Color Elevations) Reported as MA73-13 until May 3, 2000].						Oxygen, Dissolved	
Max73-15 Headwaters, east of Winter Street, Norwood to inlet of Ellis Pond, Max73-30 From confluence Unquity Brook Milton to confluence not visible on quady. Prox. Milton (Note: Unquity Brook culverted, confluence not visible on quady. Prox. Milton (Note: Unquity Brook culverted, confluence not visible on quady. Max73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at inlet of Pond, Sharon, through Manns 4.2 MilLES Escherichia coli						Secchi disk transparency	
MA73-30 River, Milton (Note: Unquity Brook, Milton to confluence Neponset on quad). MA73-16 MA73-16 MA73-16 MA73-21 MA73-22 MA73-25 MA73-25 MA73-26 MA73-26 MA73-29 M	Germany Brook	MA73-15		2	MILES	Escherichia coli	2592
MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Elis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence Neponset ow MA73-09 MA			Norwood.			Fecal Coliform	2592
MA73-30 MA73-16 MA73-16 MA73-16 MA73-28 MA73-29 From confluence Unquity Brook, Milton to confluence Neponset MA73-20 MA73						pH, High	
MA73-30 From confluence Unquity Brook Milton to confluence Neponset On 473-30 River, Milton (Note: Unquity Brook culverted, confluence not visible on quad. Milton (Note: Unquity Brook culverted, confluence not visible on quad. Mara-16 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence of MILES Office (Conformation of Mara-16) Headwaters, outlet of Line of James Pond, Manns A73012 Walpole. MA73-012 Walpole. MA73-02 Headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, 2.3 MILES (Macrophytes) Trubidity walterations.) MA73-03 Headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, 2.3 MILES (Debnis/Floatables/Trash*) MA73-04 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, 2.3 MILES (Debnis/Floatables/Trash*) MA73-05 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, 2.3 MILES (Debnis/Floatables/Trash*) Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].						Phosphorus (Total)	
River, Milton (Note: Unquity Brook culverted, confluence not visible on quad). MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence 1.1 MILES Escherichia coli Fecal Coliform Taste and Odor Pond, Sharon, through Manns 4.2 MILES (Nor-Native Aquatic Plants*) MA73-21 Headwaters, outlet Hammer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns Shephard Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-28 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-29 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, 3.7 MILES (Low flow alterations*) Cloor flow flow alterations*) Color flow flow alterations*)	Gulliver Creek	MA73-30		0.02	SQUARE	Fecal Coliform	2592
MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence 1.1 MILES Escherichia coli meth risue Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence 1.1 MILES Escherichia coli meth Neponset River, Norwood. MA73-21 Headwaters, outlet Hammer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns 4.2 MILES (Non-Native Aduatic Plants*) Pond (formenty segment MA73028), Trowel Shop Pond, and Shephard Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, Ma73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) Pond, Walpole. MA73-29 Headwaters at the Charlets River Diversion control structure, Color C			River, Milton (Note: Unquity Brook culverted, confluence not visible		MILES	Other (Contaminants in Fish	
MA73-16 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence 1.1 MILES Escherichia coli Escalarity and Wa73-28 MA73-28 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Oxygen, Dissolved Pond, Walpole Bedwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Oxygen, Dissolved Dodd, Walpole Dond, Walpole Dond, Walpole Dond, Walpole Dond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Oxygen, Dissolved Dodd, Walpole Dond, Wal			on quad).			and Shellfish)	
MA73-28 Headwaters, outlet of Ellis Pond, Norwood to mouth at confluence and MA73-29 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner at the Charles River Diversion control structure, MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston (Low flow alterations*) MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston (Low flow alterations*) MA73-29 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston (Low flow alterations*) MA73-29 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Color (Low flow alterations*) MA73-29 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Color (Low flow alterations*) MA73-29 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Color (Low flow alterations*) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Color (Low flow alterations*) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Color (Low flow alterations*) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Color (Low flow alterations*) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Color (Low flow alterations*) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Color (Low flow alterations*) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Color (Low flow alterations*) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion (Material River Diversions) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion (Material River Diversions) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion (Material River Diversions) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion (Material River Diversions) MA73-20 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion (Material River Diversions) MA73-20 Headwaters at						PCB in Fish Tissue	
with Neponset River, Norwood. MA73-21 Headwaters, outlet Hammer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns Pond (formerly segment MA73028), Trowel Shop Pond, and Shephard Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, MA73-08 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Low flow alterations*) MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES (Debris/Floatables/Trash*) Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000]. Medical control of Forge Pond, Sharon, through Manns A.2 Dong, Walpole. Secondary (Low flow alterations*) Color (Low flow alterations*)	Hawes Brook	MA73-16		1.1	MILES	Escherichia coli	2592
mA73-21 Headwaters, outlet Hammer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns 4.2 MILES Pond (formerly segment MA73028), Trowel Shop Pond, and Shephard Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73012 Walpole. MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, 2.3 MILES Medfield to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].			with Neponset River, Norwood.			Fecal Coliform	2592
rook MA73-21 Headwaters, outlet Hammer Shop Pond, Sharon, through Manns 4.2 MILES Pond (formerly segment MA73028), Trowel Shop Pond, and Shephard Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, 2.3 MILES Medfield to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].						Taste and Odor	
Pond (formerly segment MA73028), Trowel Shop Pond, and Shephard Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton. MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, Medfield to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].	Massapoag Brook	MA73-21	Suus	4.2	MILES	(Non-Native Aquatic Plants*)	
MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].			Pond (formerly segment MA73028), Trowel Shop Pond, and			Aquatic Macroinvertebrate	
MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dednam to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].			Shephard Pond to mouth at inlet of Forge Pond, Canton.			Bioassessments	
MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].						Phosphorus (Total)	
MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, 2.3 MILES Medfield to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, 3.7 MILES Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].	Memorial Pond	MA73012		80	ACRES	Aquatic Plants	
MA73-08 From headwaters (perennial portion) north of Hartford Street, 2.3 MILES Medfield to mouth at inlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].						Turbidity	
MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].	Mill Brook	MA73-08		2.3	MILES	(Low flow alterations*)	
MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].						Aquatic Macroinvertebrate	
MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].						Bioassessments	
MA73-09 Headwaters, outlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner 3 MILES Pond, Walpole. MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].						Oxygen, Dissolved	
MA73-28 Headwaters at the Charles River Diversion control structure, 3.7 MILES Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston [Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].	Mine Brook	MA73-09	itlet of Jewells Pond, Medfield, to the inlet of Turner	က	MILES	Oxygen, Dissolved	
	Mother Brook	MA73-28		3.7	MILES	(Debris/Floatables/Trash*)	
			Dedham to mouth at confluence with Neponset River, Boston		West V	(Low flow alterations*)	
DDT in Fish Tissue Mercury in Fish Tissue Oxygen, Dissolved			[Reported as MA72-13 until May 3, 2000].			Color	
Mercury in Fish Tissue Oxygen, Dissolved						DDT in Fish Tissue	
Oxygen, Dissolved						Mercury in Fish Tissue	
						Oxvaen, Dissolved	

Proposed Massachusetts Year 2016 Integrated List of Waters June, 2017(5)

* TMDL not required (Non-pollutant)

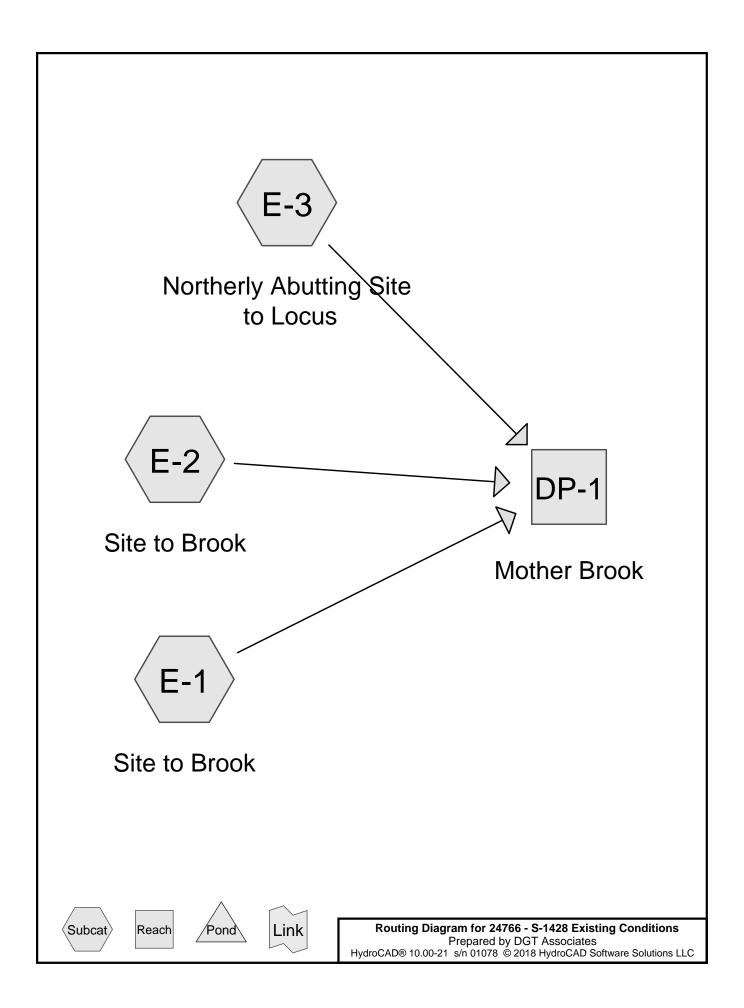
S-1428

SECTION 3

Existing Conditions Stormwater Model showing Stormwater Flows and Flood Routing Computations using HydroCAD version 10.00

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136



24766 - S-1428 Existing Conditions
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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.102	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D (E-1, E-2)
1.689	98	Paved parking, HSG D (E-1, E-2, E-3)
1.791	97	TOTAL AREA

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Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook Runoff Area=15,873 sf 86.80% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96"

Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=1.18 cfs 0.090 af

Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook Runoff Area=24,932 sf 90.54% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.96"

Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=1.85 cfs 0.141 af

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Runoff Area=37,205 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.18"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.85 cfs 0.226 af

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook Inflow=5.88 cfs 0.457 af
Outflow=5.88 cfs 0.457 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.791 ac Runoff Volume = 0.457 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.06" 5.71% Pervious = 0.102 ac 94.29% Impervious = 1.689 ac

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Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook Runoff Area=15,873 sf 86.80% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.86"

Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=1.89 cfs 0.148 af

Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook Runoff Area=24,932 sf 90.54% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.86"

Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=2.96 cfs 0.232 af

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Runoff Area=37,205 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.09"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=4.49 cfs 0.362 af

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook Inflow=9.33 cfs 0.742 af
Outflow=9.33 cfs 0.742 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.791 ac Runoff Volume = 0.742 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.97" 5.71% Pervious = 0.102 ac 94.29% Impervious = 1.689 ac

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Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook Runoff Area=15,873 sf 86.80% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.05"

Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=2.32 cfs 0.184 af

Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook Runoff Area=24,932 sf 90.54% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.05"

Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=3.65 cfs 0.288 af

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Runoff Area=37,205 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.28"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=5.50 cfs 0.447 af

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook Inflow=11.46 cfs 0.919 af Outflow=11.46 cfs 0.919 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.791 ac Runoff Volume = 0.919 af Average Runoff Depth = 6.16" 5.71% Pervious = 0.102 ac 94.29% Impervious = 1.689 ac

1550 River Street, Hyde Park Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.37"

24766 - S-1428 Existing Conditions

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Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook Runoff Area=15,873 sf 86.80% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.89"

Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=2.99 cfs 0.240 af

Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook Runoff Area=24,932 sf 90.54% Impervious Runoff Depth=7.89"

Tc=5.0 min CN=96 Runoff=4.70 cfs 0.376 af

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Runoff Area=37,205 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.13"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=7.07 cfs 0.579 af

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook Inflow=14.77 cfs 1.195 af

Outflow=14.77 cfs 1.195 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.791 ac Runoff Volume = 1.195 af Average Runoff Depth = 8.00" 5.71% Pervious = 0.102 ac 94.29% Impervious = 1.689 ac HydroCAD® 10.00-21 s/n 01078 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

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Summary for Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook

Runoff = 1.18 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.090 af, Depth= 2.96"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.41"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description							
	13,777	98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG D						
	2,096	80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D					
	15,873	96	Weighted A	Weighted Average						
	2,096		13.20% Per	vious Area						
	13,777		86.80% Imp	pervious Ar	ea					
т.	ما 4 م م را	Clan	\/alaaitu	Consoltu	Description					
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description					
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft) (ft/sec)	(cfs)						
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry					

Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook

Hydrograph Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.41" Runoff Area=15,873 sf Runoff Volume=0.090 af Runoff Depth=2.96" Tc=5.0 min CN=96

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Summary for Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook

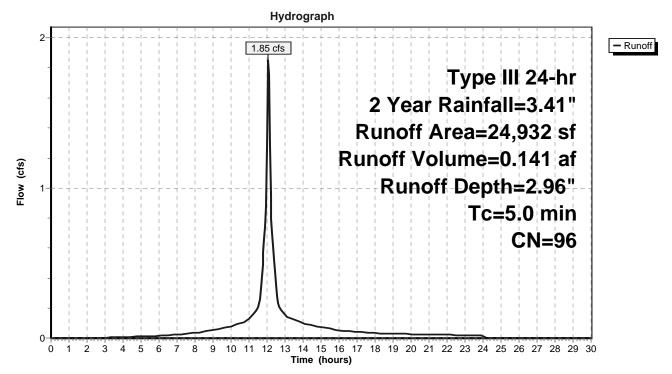
Runoff 1.85 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.141 af, Depth= 2.96"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.41"

Area	a (sf)	CN	Description						
22	2,573	98	Paved parking, HSG D						
2	2,359	80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D				
24	1,932	96	Weighted Average						
2	2,359		9.46% Perv	ious Area					
22	2,573		90.54% Imp	ervious Ar	ea				
Tc L (min)	ength	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0	•		,	,	Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook



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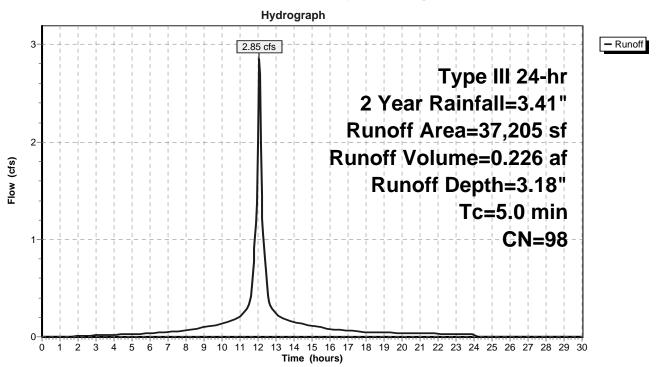
Summary for Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus

Runoff = 2.85 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.226 af, Depth= 3.18"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.41"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
	37,205	98 F	Paved parking, HSG D						
	37,205	•	100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus



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Summary for Reach DP-1: Mother Brook

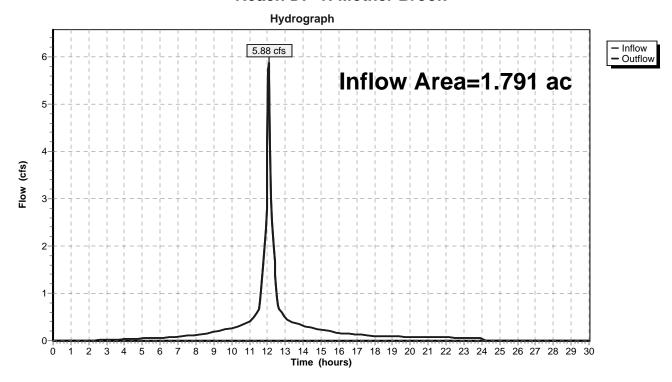
Inflow Area = 1.791 ac, 94.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.06" for 2 Year event

Inflow = 5.88 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.457 af

Outflow = 5.88 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.457 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook



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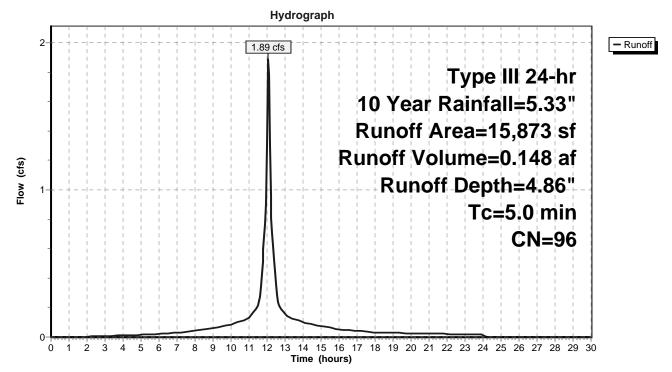
Summary for Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook

Runoff = 1.89 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.148 af, Depth= 4.86"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.33"

Area (sf) CN	Description	Description						
13,7	77 98	Paved park	Paved parking, HSG D						
2,0	96 80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D					
15,8	73 96	Weighted A	Weighted Average						
2,0	96	13.20% Pei	vious Area						
13,7	77	86.80% lmp	pervious Ar	ea					
T. I.	(1		0 '(Describette					
	ngth Slop	,	Capacity	Description					
<u>(min)</u> (f	eet) (ft/	ft) (ft/sec)) (ft/sec) (cfs)						
5.0				Direct Entry, Direct Entry					

Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook



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Summary for Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook

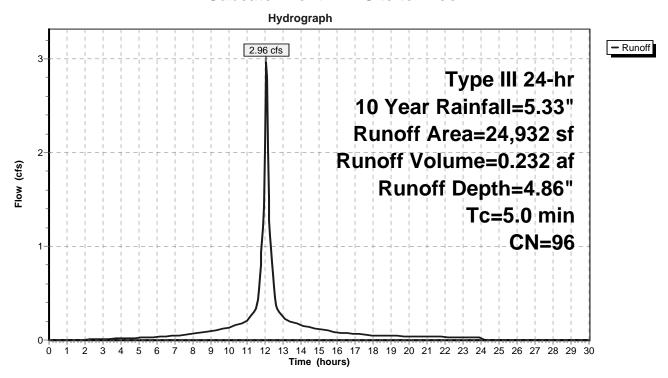
Runoff = 2.96 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.232 af, Depth= 4.86"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.33"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	22,573	98	Paved parking, HSG D						
	2,359	80 :	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D				
	24,932	96	Weighted Average						
	2,359	9	9.46% Pervious Area						
	22,573	!	90.54% lmp	pervious Ar	ea				
т.	1	Ola	Malaalta	0	Description				
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description				
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)					
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

•

Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook



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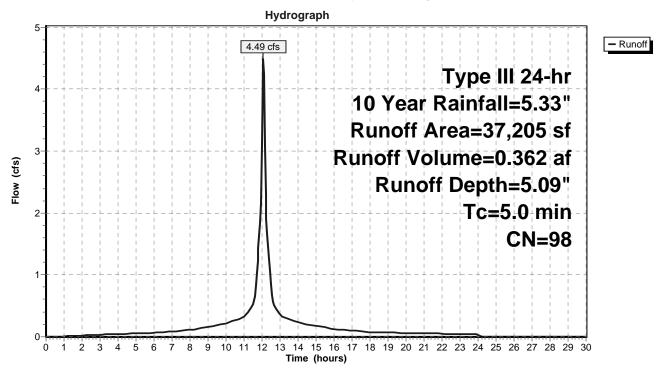
Summary for Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus

Runoff = 4.49 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.362 af, Depth= 5.09"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.33"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
	37,205	98 F	Paved parking, HSG D						
	37,205	1	100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus



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Summary for Reach DP-1: Mother Brook

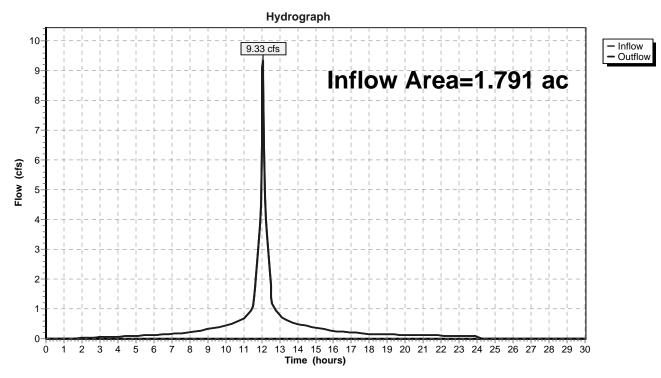
Inflow Area = 1.791 ac, 94.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.97" for 10 Year event

Inflow = 9.33 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.742 af

Outflow = 9.33 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.742 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook



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Summary for Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook

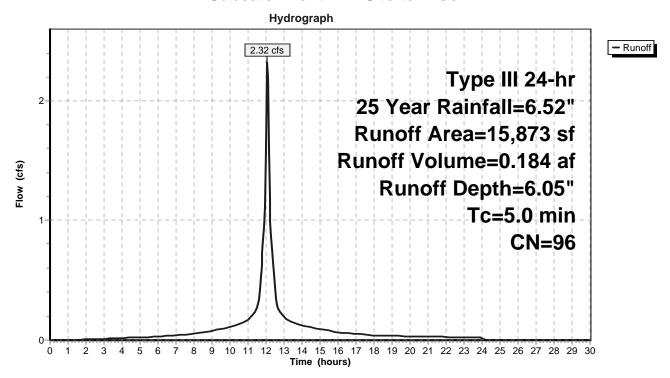
Runoff = 2.32 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.184 af, Depth= 6.05"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.52"

Α	rea (sf)	CN I	Description							
	13,777	98 I	Paved parking, HSG D							
	2,096	80 :	-75% Ġras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D					
	15,873	96 \	Weighted Average							
	2,096			vious Area						
	13,777	8	36.80% Imp	pervious Ar	ea					
_										
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description					
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)						
5.0					Direct Entry	Direct Entry				

Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook



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Summary for Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook

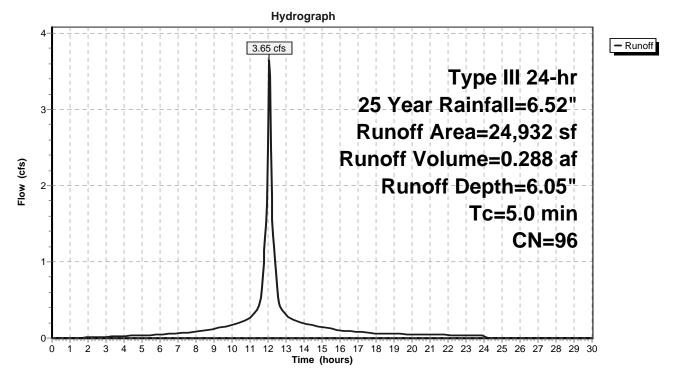
Runoff 3.65 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.288 af, Depth= 6.05"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.52"

Area	a (sf)	CN	Description						
22	2,573	98	Paved parking, HSG D						
2	2,359	80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D				
24	1,932	96	Weighted Average						
2	2,359		9.46% Perv	ious Area					
22	2,573		90.54% Imp	ervious Ar	ea				
Tc L (min)	ength	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0	•		,	,	Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook



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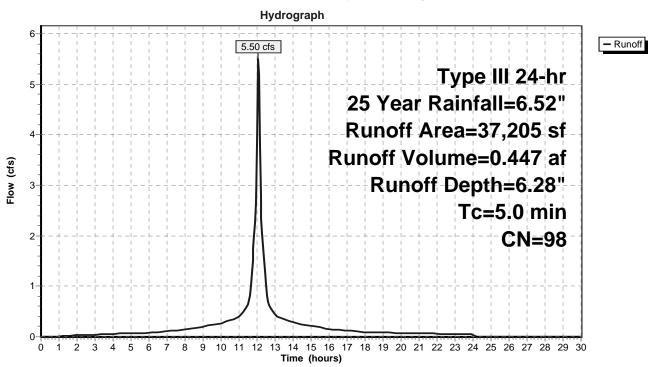
Summary for Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus

Runoff = 5.50 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.447 af, Depth= 6.28"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.52"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
	37,205	98 F	Paved parking, HSG D						
	37,205	1	100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus



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Summary for Reach DP-1: Mother Brook

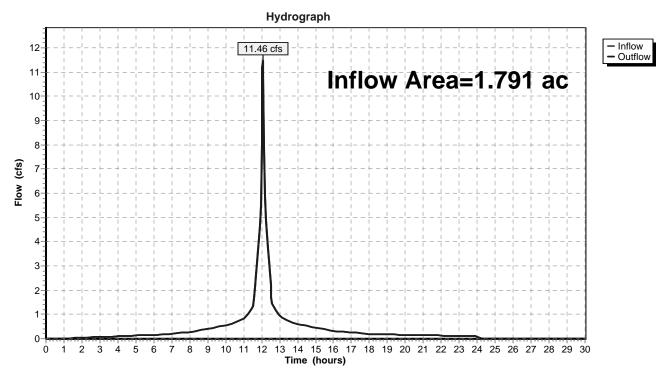
Inflow Area = 1.791 ac, 94.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.16" for 25 Year event

Inflow = 11.46 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.919 af

Outflow = 11.46 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.919 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook



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Summary for Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook

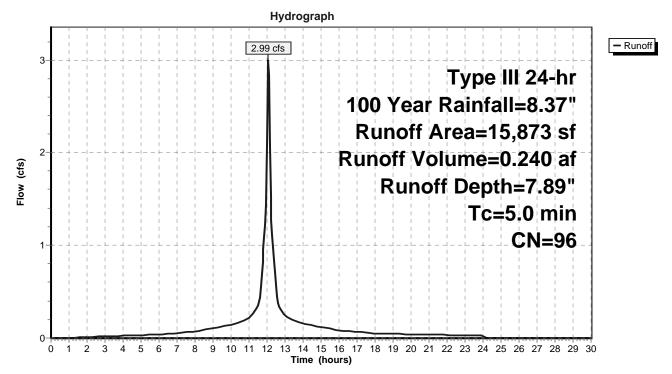
Runoff = 2.99 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.240 af, Depth= 7.89"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.37"

A	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	13,777	98	Paved parking, HSG D						
	2,096	80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D				
	15,873	96	Weighted Average						
	2,096		13.20% Per	vious Area					
	13,777		36.80% Imp	ervious Are	ea				
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

.

Subcatchment E-1: Site to Brook



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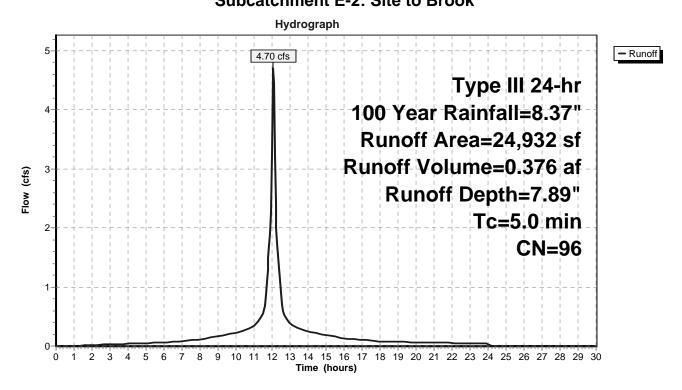
Summary for Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook

Runoff = 4.70 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.376 af, Depth= 7.89"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.37"

Area	(sf) CN	Description	Description							
22,	573 98	Paved parl	Paved parking, HSG D							
2,	359 80	>75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D						
24,	932 96	Weighted A	Weighted Average							
2,	359	9.46% Per	vious Area							
22,	573	90.54% lm	pervious Ar	ea						
- .	01			B 1.0						
	ngth Slo		Capacity	Description						
(min) (feet) (ft	/ft) (ft/sec)	c) (ft/sec) (cfs)							
5.0				Direct Entry, Direct Entry						

Subcatchment E-2: Site to Brook



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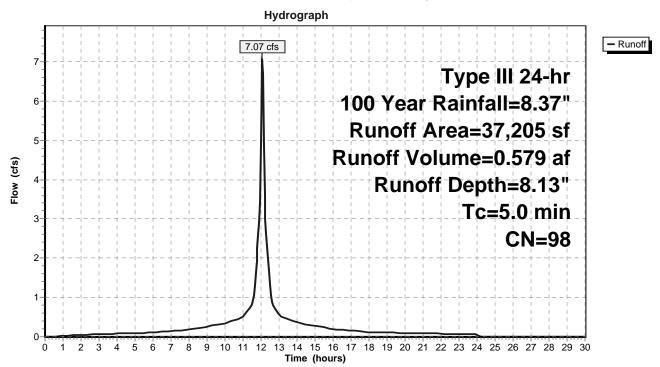
Summary for Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus

Runoff = 7.07 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.579 af, Depth= 8.13"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.37"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
	37,205	98 F	Paved parking, HSG D						
	37,205	1	100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus



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Summary for Reach DP-1: Mother Brook

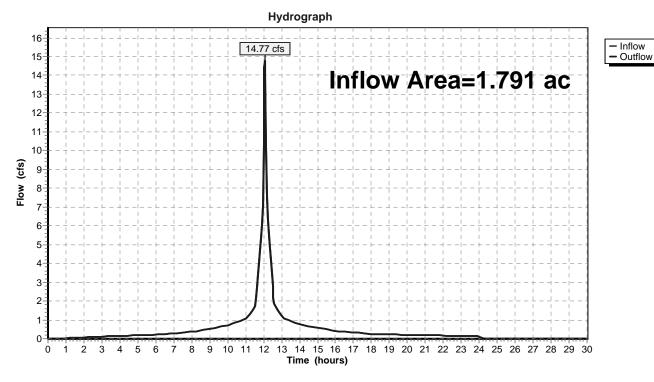
Inflow Area = 1.791 ac, 94.29% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 8.00" for 100 Year event

Inflow = 14.77 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 1.195 af

Outflow = 14.77 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 1.195 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook



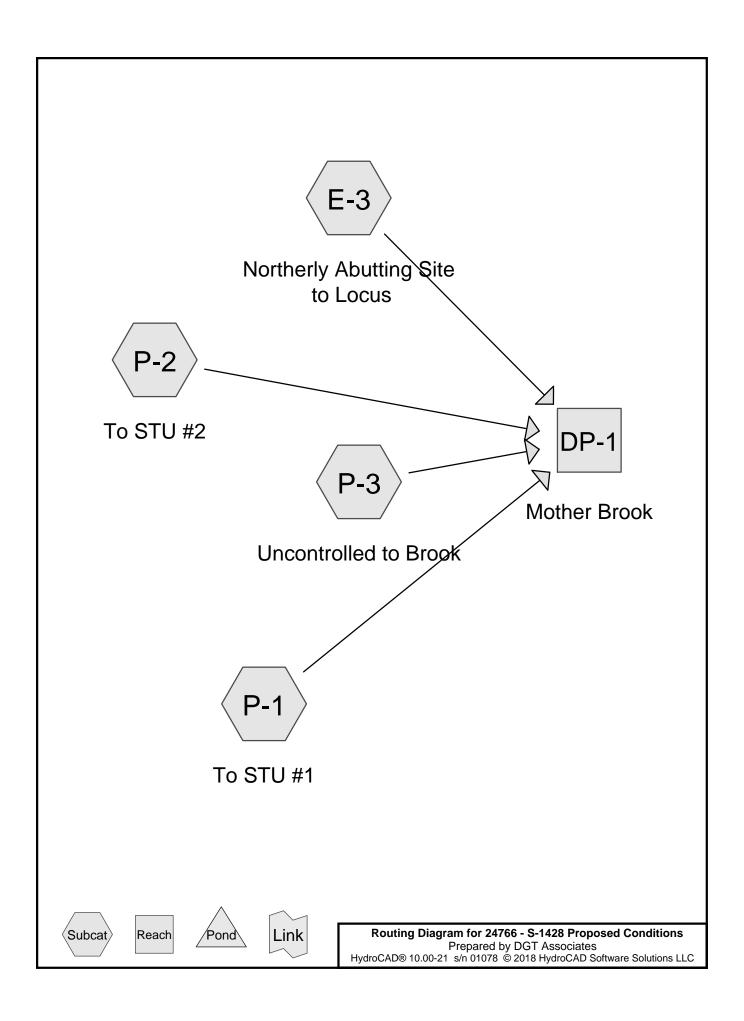
S-1428

SECTION 4

Proposed Conditions Stormwater Model showing Stormwater Flows and Flood Routing Computations using HydroCAD version 10.00

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136



24766 - S-1428 Proposed Conditions
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Area Listing (all nodes)

1.791	97	TOTAL AREA
1.675	98	Paved parking, HSG D (E-3, P-1, P-2)
0.116	80	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D (P-3)
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
Area	CN	Description

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Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Runoff Area=37,205 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.18"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.85 cfs 0.226 af

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1 Runoff Area=15,215 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.18"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.17 cfs 0.092 af

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2 Runoff Area=20,527 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.18"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.57 cfs 0.125 af

Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook Runoff Area=5,063 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.57"

Tc=5.0 min CN=80 Runoff=0.21 cfs 0.015 af

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook Inflow=5.80 cfs 0.458 af Outflow=5.80 cfs 0.458 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.791 ac Runoff Volume = 0.458 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.07" 6.49% Pervious = 0.116 ac 93.51% Impervious = 1.675 ac

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Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Runoff Area=37,205 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.09"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=4.49 cfs 0.362 af

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1 Runoff Area=15,215 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.09"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.83 cfs 0.148 af

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2 Runoff Area=20,527 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.09"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.47 cfs 0.200 af

Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook Runoff Area=5,063 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.18"

Tc=5.0 min CN=80 Runoff=0.43 cfs 0.031 af

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook Inflow=9.23 cfs 0.742 af

Outflow=9.23 cfs 0.742 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.791 ac Runoff Volume = 0.742 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.97" 6.49% Pervious = 0.116 ac 93.51% Impervious = 1.675 ac

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Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Runoff Area=37,205 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.28"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=5.50 cfs 0.447 af

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1 Runoff Area=15,215 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.28"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.25 cfs 0.183 af

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2 Runoff Area=20,527 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.28"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.03 cfs 0.247 af

Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook Runoff Area=5,063 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.25"

Tc=5.0 min CN=80 Runoff=0.58 cfs 0.041 af

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook Inflow=11.35 cfs 0.918 af Outflow=11.35 cfs 0.918 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.791 ac Runoff Volume = 0.918 af Average Runoff Depth = 6.15" 6.49% Pervious = 0.116 ac 93.51% Impervious = 1.675 ac

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Time span=0.00-30.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 601 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Runoff Area=37,205 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.13"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=7.07 cfs 0.579 af

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1 Runoff Area=15,215 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.13"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=2.89 cfs 0.237 af

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2 Runoff Area=20,527 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=8.13"

Tc=5.0 min CN=98 Runoff=3.90 cfs 0.319 af

Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook Runoff Area=5,063 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.97"

Tc=5.0 min CN=80 Runoff=0.80 cfs 0.058 af

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook Inflow=14.66 cfs 1.192 af Outflow=14.66 cfs 1.192 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.791 ac Runoff Volume = 1.192 af Average Runoff Depth = 7.99" 6.49% Pervious = 0.116 ac 93.51% Impervious = 1.675 ac

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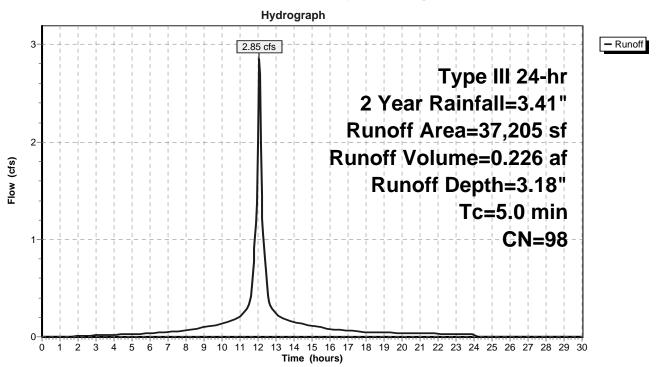
Summary for Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus

Runoff = 2.85 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.226 af, Depth= 3.18"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.41"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description					
	37,205	98 F	Paved parking, HSG D					
	37,205	1	100.00% Impervious Area					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry			

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus



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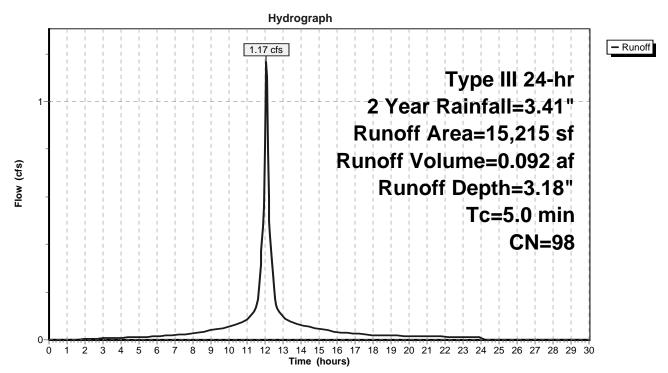
Summary for Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1

Runoff = 1.17 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.092 af, Depth= 3.18"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.41"

	rea (sf)	CN I	Description						
	15,215	98	Paved parking, HSG D						
	15,215	,	100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0		•	·		Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1



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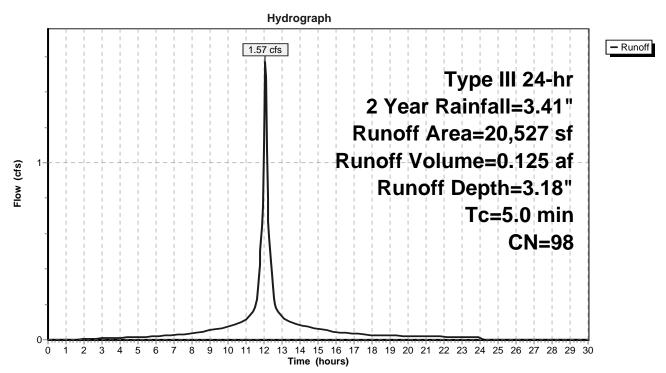
Summary for Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2

Runoff = 1.57 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.125 af, Depth= 3.18"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.41"

	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	20,527	98	Paved parking, HSG D						
	20,527		100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2



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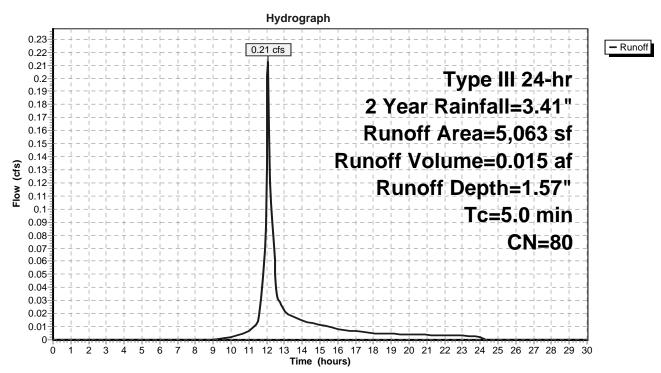
Summary for Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook

Runoff = 0.21 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.015 af, Depth= 1.57"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.41"

A	rea (sf)	CN I	Description						
	5,063	80 :	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D						
	5,063	•	100.00% Pervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook



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Summary for Reach DP-1: Mother Brook

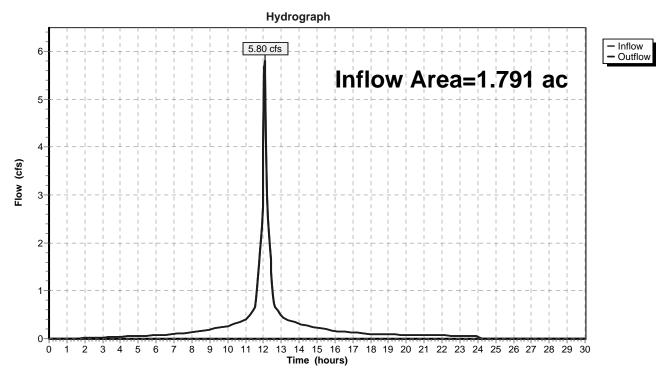
Inflow Area = 1.791 ac, 93.51% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.07" for 2 Year event

Inflow = 5.80 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.458 af

Outflow = 5.80 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.458 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook



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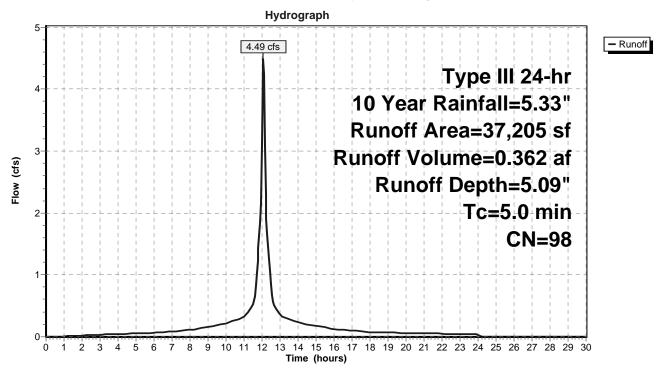
Summary for Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus

Runoff 4.49 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.362 af, Depth= 5.09"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.33"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description					
	37,205	98 F	Paved parking, HSG D					
	37,205	1	100.00% Impervious Area					
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry			

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus



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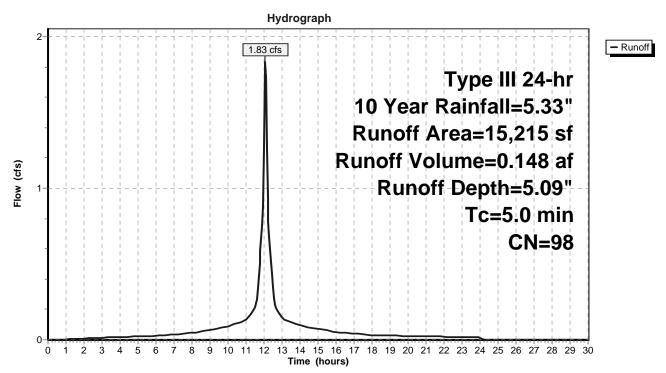
Summary for Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1

Runoff = 1.83 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.148 af, Depth= 5.09"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.33"

	rea (sf)	CN I	Description						
	15,215	98	Paved parking, HSG D						
	15,215	,	100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0	•	•	·		Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1



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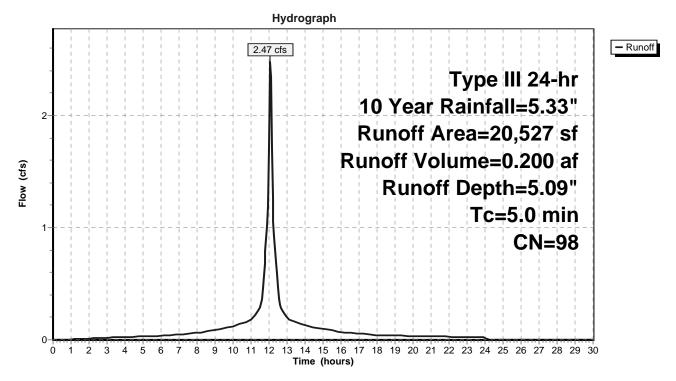
Summary for Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2

Runoff = 2.47 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.200 af, Depth= 5.09"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.33"

	rea (sf)	CN	Description						
	20,527	98	Paved parking, HSG D						
	20,527		100.00% Impervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2



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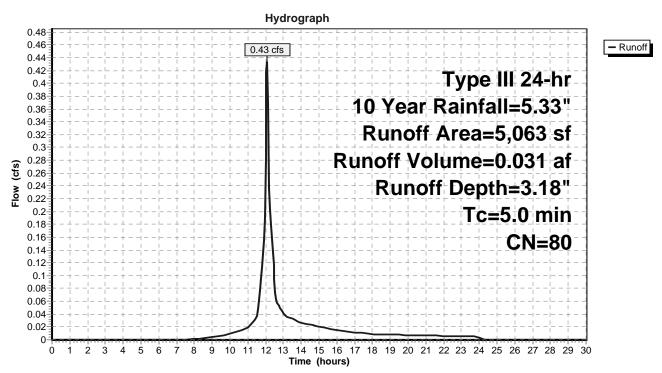
Summary for Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook

Runoff = 0.43 cfs @ 12.08 hrs, Volume= 0.031 af, Depth= 3.18"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=5.33"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description						
	5,063	80 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D						
	5,063	1	100.00% Pervious Area						
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description				
5.0	•				Direct Entry, Direct Entry				

Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook



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Summary for Reach DP-1: Mother Brook

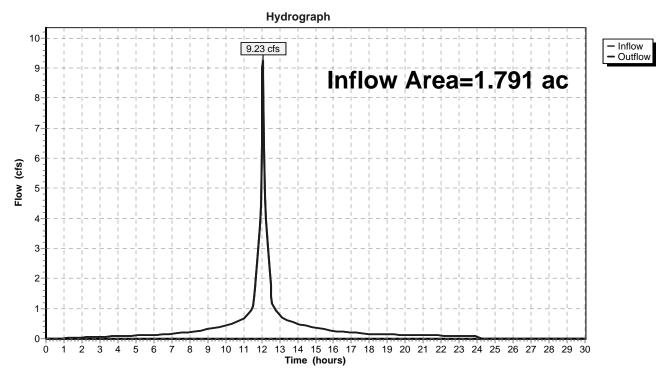
Inflow Area = 1.791 ac, 93.51% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.97" for 10 Year event

Inflow = 9.23 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.742 af

Outflow = 9.23 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.742 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook



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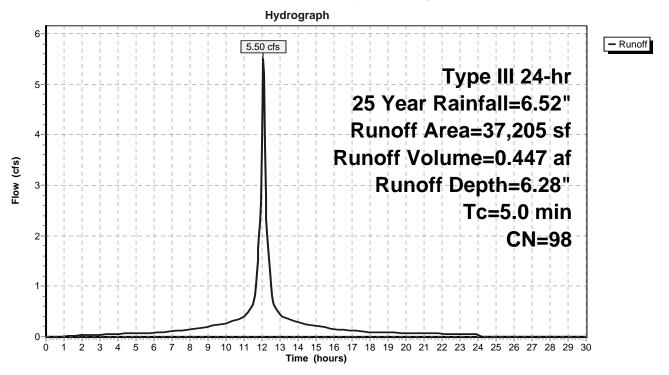
Summary for Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus

Runoff 5.50 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.447 af, Depth= 6.28"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.52"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	37,205	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG D	
	37,205	1	00.00% In	npervious A	rea
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus



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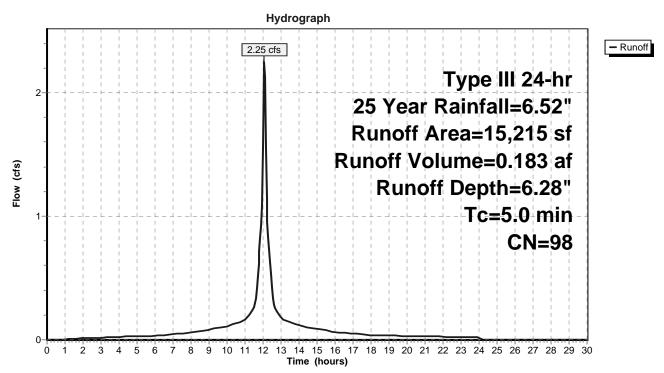
Summary for Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1

Runoff = 2.25 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.183 af, Depth= 6.28"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.52"

	rea (sf)	CN I	Description		
	15,215	98	Paved park	ing, HSG D	
	15,215	,	100.00% In	npervious A	rea
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0		•	·		Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1



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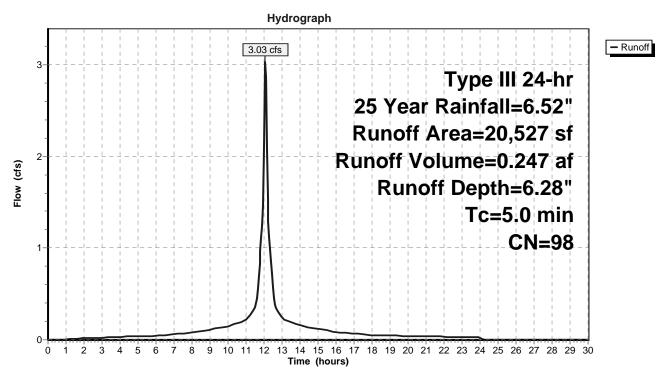
Summary for Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2

Runoff = 3.03 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.247 af, Depth= 6.28"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.52"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		20,527	98	Paved park	ing, HSG D	
		20,527		100.00% In	npervious A	rea
(m	Tc nin)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2



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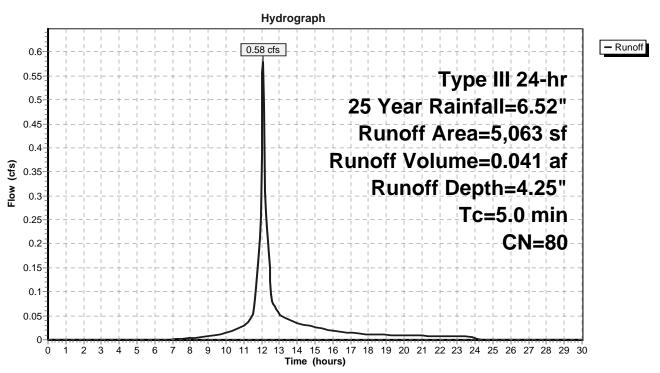
Summary for Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook

Runoff = 0.58 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.041 af, Depth= 4.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.52"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	5,063	80 >	75% Gras	s cover, Go	ood, HSG D
	5,063	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0	•				Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook



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Summary for Reach DP-1: Mother Brook

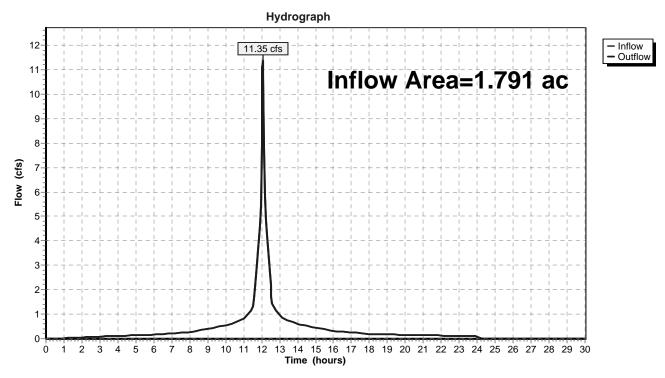
Inflow Area = 1.791 ac, 93.51% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 6.15" for 25 Year event

Inflow = 11.35 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.918 af

Outflow = 11.35 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.918 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook



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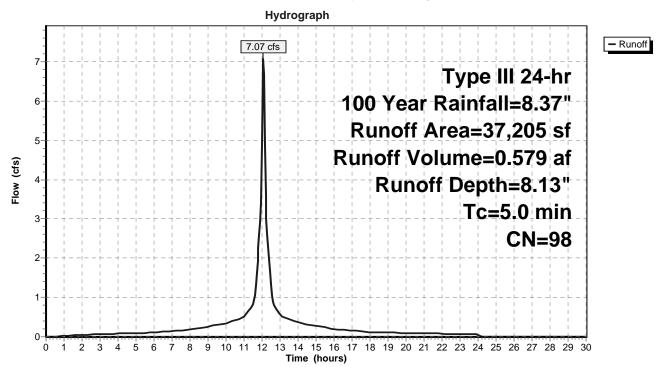
Summary for Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus

Runoff = 7.07 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.579 af, Depth= 8.13"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.37"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	37,205	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG D	
	37,205	1	00.00% In	npervious A	rea
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment E-3: Northerly Abutting Site to Locus



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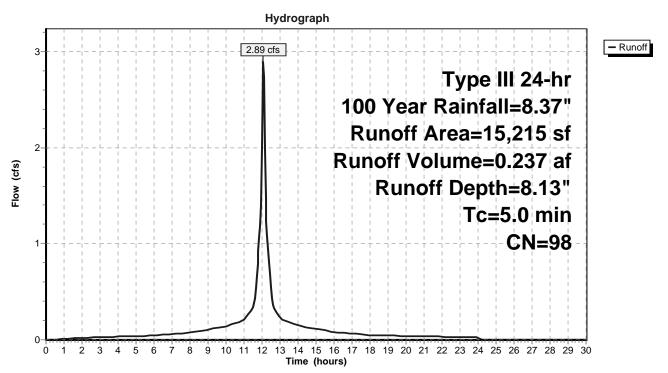
Summary for Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1

Runoff = 2.89 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.237 af, Depth= 8.13"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.37"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	15,215	98 F	Paved park	ing, HSG D	
	15,215	1	00.00% lm	npervious A	rea
Тс	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment P-1: To STU #1



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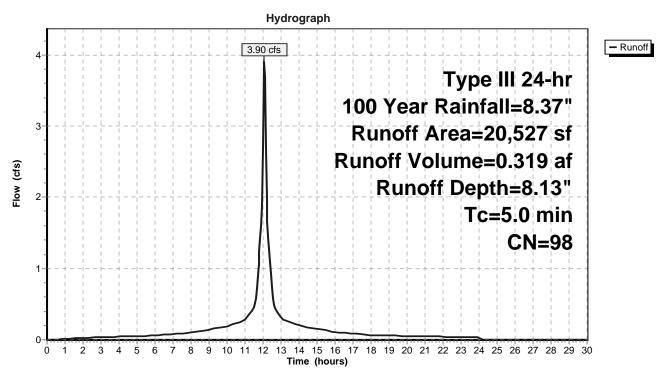
Summary for Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2

Runoff = 3.90 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.319 af, Depth= 8.13"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.37"

	Α	rea (sf)	CN	Description		
		20,527	98	Paved park	ing, HSG D	
		20,527		100.00% In	npervious A	rea
(m	Tc nin)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description
	5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry

Subcatchment P-2: To STU #2



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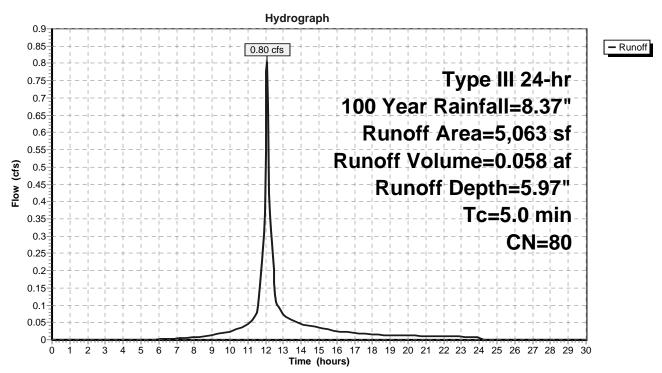
Summary for Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook

Runoff = 0.80 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.058 af, Depth= 5.97"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.37"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description					
	5,063	80 >	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG D					
	5,063	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a			
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description			
5.0					Direct Entry, Direct Entry			

Subcatchment P-3: Uncontrolled to Brook



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Summary for Reach DP-1: Mother Brook

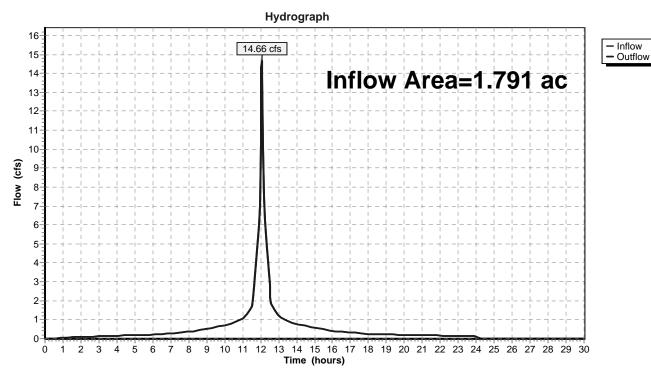
Inflow Area = 1.791 ac, 93.51% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 7.99" for 100 Year event

Inflow = 14.66 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 1.192 af

Outflow = 14.66 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 1.192 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-30.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Reach DP-1: Mother Brook



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APPENDIX 1

NRCS Soil Data

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136

USDA



Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

MAP LEGEND

Special Line Features Streams and Canals Interstate Highways Aerial Photography Very Stony Spot Major Roads Local Roads US Routes Stony Spot Spoil Area Wet Spot Other Rails Water Features **Fransportation** Background W 8 ŧ Soil Map Unit Polygons Area of Interest (AOI) Soil Map Unit Points Soil Map Unit Lines Closed Depression Marsh or swamp Special Point Features **Gravelly Spot Borrow Pit** Clay Spot Lava Flow **Gravel Pit** Area of Interest (AOI) Blowout Landfill Soils

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:25,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Web Soil Survey URL:

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 12, 2019

Miscellaneous Water

Mine or Quarry

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Aug 31, 2019—Sep

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Severely Eroded Spot

Slide or Slip Sodic Spot

Sinkhole

Sandy Spot Saline Spot

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
602	Urban land, 0 to 15 percent slopes	4.8	50.3%
623C	Woodbridge-Urban land complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes	0.1	0.9%
655	Udorthents, wet substratum	4.7	48.9%
Totals for Area of Interest		9.6	100.0%

Map Unit Description

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions in this report, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named, soils that are similar to the named components, and some minor components that differ in use and management from the major soils.

Most of the soils similar to the major components have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Some minor components, however, have properties and behavior characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. All the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement. Soils of a given series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An association is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

Additional information about the map units described in this report is available in other soil reports, which give properties of the soils and the limitations, capabilities, and potentials for many uses. Also, the narratives that accompany the soil reports define some of the properties included in the map unit descriptions.

Report—Map Unit Description

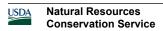
Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts

602—Urban land, 0 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vkyj

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 50 inches



Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F

Frost-free period: 120 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Urban land: 99 percent Minor components: 1 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Urban Land

Settina

Parent material: Excavated and filled land

Minor Components

Rock outcrops

Percent of map unit: 1 percent Hydric soil rating: Unranked

623C—Woodbridge-Urban land complex, 3 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2w68b

Elevation: 0 to 550 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 36 to 71 inches Mean annual air temperature: 39 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Woodbridge and similar soils: 58 percent

Urban land: 28 percent

Minor components: 14 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Woodbridge

Setting

Landform: Drumlins, ground moraines, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, summit

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

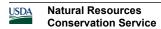
Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Coarse-loamy lodgment till derived from gneiss,

granite, and/or schist

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 7 inches: fine sandy loam Bw1 - 7 to 18 inches: fine sandy loam



Bw2 - 18 to 30 inches: fine sandy loam Cd - 30 to 65 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 39 inches to densic material

Natural drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very

low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.14 in/hr) Depth to water table: About 18 to 30 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline (0.0 to 1.9 mmhos/cm) Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Urban Land

Typical profile

M - 0 to 10 inches: cemented material

Properties and qualities

Slope: 3 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to manufactured layer

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very

low (0.00 to 0.00 in/hr)

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 0.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8

Hydrologic Soil Group: D Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Paxton

Percent of map unit: 9 percent

Landform: Drumlins, ground moraines, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, shoulder, summit

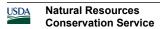
Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, crest

Down-slope shape: Linear, convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Hydric soil rating: No

Ridgebury

Percent of map unit: 5 percent



Landform: Ground moraines, drumlins, depressions,

drainageways, hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Head slope, base slope

Down-slope shape: Concave, linear Across-slope shape: Concave, linear

Hydric soil rating: Yes

655—Udorthents, wet substratum

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: vkyd

Mean annual precipitation: 45 to 54 inches Mean annual air temperature: 43 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Udorthents and similar soils: 95 percent

Minor components: 5 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Udorthents

Setting

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser, tread

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear

Parent material: Excavated and filled sandy and gravelly human transported material over highly-decomposed herbaceous organic material

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 3 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Minor Components

Urban land

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Ipswich

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

Landform: Marshes

Hydric soil rating: Yes

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, Massachusetts

Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 12, 2019

S-1428

APPENDIX 2

Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan

Attachment 1
MassDEP Snow Disposal Guidance

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136

S-1428

LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

For

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136

Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan

1550 River Street Hyde Park, MA 02136

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Attachments

1 MassDEP Snow Disposal Guidance

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This document is a Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan (LTPPP) prepared by DGT Associates for 1550 River Street in Hyde Park, Massachusetts. The plan has been prepared to provide the detailed information on practices for pollution prevention and source control to be implemented at the property following construction.

The property owner will implement this Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan and proactively conduct operations at the site in an environmentally responsible manner.

Compliance with this Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan does not in any way dismiss the owner from compliance with other applicable Federal, State or local laws.

1.1 LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN - IMPLEMENTATION

The owner is responsible for the implementation of the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan and will reevaluate and amend this Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan whenever an improvement or modification to operations can be implemented.

1.2 AVAILABILITY OF PLAN DOCUMENTS

The owner shall maintain a copy of the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan and related inspection reports, amendments, etc. at their offices. Copies will be made available for review to authorized personnel of the City of Boston Conservation Commission, and other authorized public officials upon request.

2.0 LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN RESPONSIBILITIES

2.1 RESPONSIBLE PARTY AND CONTACT INFORMATION

At the completion of the project, the site will be the responsibility of the owner/applicant. Presently, the responsible party for the implementation of the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is:

1550 River Street LLC 1035 Hyde Park Avenue Hyde Park, MA 02136

2.2 RESPONSIBILTIES FOR IMPLEMENTATION

The following responsibilities for the implementation of the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan are as follows:

- Oversee property management activities on the site.
- Oversee inspection, monitoring, and reporting compliance.
- Ensure property management contracts include both this Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan as well as the Stormwater Operations and Maintenance Plan, and any other requirements issued by the City of Boston Conservation Commission to

- assure compliance with this Long-Term Pollution Prevent Plan and the Operations and Maintenance Plan.
- Provide training, if necessary, to those responsible for the inspection, monitoring, and maintenance of the site.
- Identify other potential pollutant sources or deficiencies in the BMP's (Best Management Practices) and amend the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan as appropriate to address those issues.

3.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

3. 1 EXISTING SITE DESCRIPTION

The project site is a 42,500 sq. ft. (0.98 acres) property at 1550 River Street in the Hyde Park district of Boston, Massachusetts. It is identified as on the Boston Assessor's Property ID 1812146000. The property is located in Zoning Sub-district "LI-1" Local Industrial. The property abuts commercial properties to the north and south, and Mother Brook located at the east side of the property. Mother Brook is a perennial stream that joins the Neponset River. Access to the site is provided by a driveway off River Street.

The property falls within a Zone AE special flood hazard area as shown on FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Map number 25025C0157, dated 3/16/2016. The elevation of the 100-year flood as determined by the Federal Flood Insurance Program is 45.6 based on the NAVD 1988 datum. This is equivalent to elevation 52.06 based on the Boston City datum that is shown on the survey plan.

3. 2 PROPOSED PROJECT

The owner proposes to remove the existing pavement on the rear parking / storage yard, regrade the area and repave. There is approximately 17,328 square feet of pavement that is to be replaced on the east side of the site.

The project as proposed will not increase in the area of impervious surface on the site over what previously existed. The extent of proposed pavement will correspond to the extent of previously paved area.

Other site improvements related to the proposed project include:

- Removal of trash and debris from the drainage ditch,
- Re-vegetate the area adjacent to Mother Brook,
- Installation of a new 6-foot high chain link fence.
- Remove the new fill within the BVW in the southeast former and restore it the with wetland plantings.
- The regrading that occurred within the BLSF actually resulted in an increase in flood storage on an incremental and cumulative

basis to meet the performance standards under the BLSF performance standards under 310 CMR 10.57. Computations are included.

• Installation of a proprietary stormwater treatment units to remove total suspended solids from a large portion of the paved site.

Maintenance requirements for the stormwater management features are included in the Stormwater Operations and Maintenance Plan (Appendix 5).

4.0 PRACTICES FOR SOURCE CONTROL AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

4.1 Good Housekeeping:

Good housekeeping procedures to reduce the possibility of accidental releases and to reduce safety hazards will include but not be limited to the following:

- Proper handling and storage of solid wastes,
- Proper handling, storage and inventory of chemicals, and
- Prompt cleanup and removal of de minimus releases.
- The owner of the facility will contract for solid waste disposal and recycling.

4.2 Storage and Proper Disposal of Hazardous Chemicals:

The owner / property manager should be aware of not only the potential hazards of various chemicals to the human body but also to the environment. Tenants need to be instructed on the proper disposal of hazardous waste and should use the City programs for the disposal of various chemicals, including automobile fluids, paints, solvents, cleaners, etc.

4.3 Vehicle Washing:

The washing of personal vehicles on the property is not allowed. The owner should communicate the impacts of outdoor washing of vehicles on the stormwater drainage system. High loads of nutrients, metals, and hydrocarbons can enter the stormwater drainage system and have negative impacts on downstream environments. The use of commercial car wash facilities equipped for the washing of vehicles and equipment should be encouraged. Employees should assess the integrity of vehicle fluid systems for personal vehicles that could leak significant materials on the property and into the storm drainage system. The property manager shall be observant at all times to look for evidence of leaks from vehicles and notify the vehicle owner to repair the leaks.

4.4 Routine Inspections and Maintenance of Stormwater BMP's:
Detailed information regarding stormwater BMPs, including descriptions and maintenance requirements is contained in the Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan (Appendix 5).

Hyde Park, MA 02136 Page 4

4.5 Spill Prevention and Response:

The property manager will implement release response procedures for releases of significant materials such as fuels, oils, or chemical materials onto the ground or other area that could reasonably be expected to discharge to surface or groundwater.

Reportable quantities will immediately be reported to the applicable Federal, State and local agencies as required by law.

Applicable containment and cleanup procedures will be performed immediately. Impacted material collected during the response must be removed promptly and disposed of in accordance with Federal, State and local requirements. A licensed emergency response contractor may be required to assist in cleanup of releases depending on the size and location of the release, and the ability of the Contractor to perform the required response.

Reportable quantities are established under the following:

- 1. 40 CFR Part 110 addressing the discharge of oil in such quantities as may be harmful pursuant to Section 311 (b) (4) of the Clean Water Act
- 2. 40 CFR Part 117 addresses the determination of such quantities of hazardous substances that may be harmful pursuant to Section 311 (b) (3) of the Clean Water Act.
- 3. 40 CFR Part 302 addresses the designation, reportable quantities, and notification requirements for the release of substances designated under section 311 (b) (2) (A) of the Clean Water Act.
- 4.6 Maintenance of Lawns and Landscaped Areas:
 There are no lawns or landscaped areas on the property.
- 4.7 Storage of Fertilizers, Herbicides, and Pesticides:
 These chemicals should be stored inside or under cover with adequate containment.
- 4.8 Pet Waste Management:

Although there are no pets on the property, the owner should maintain the property free of pet waste.

4.9 Operation and Maintenance of Sewer System

The sewage collection system at the building connects to the public sewer in
River Street. Many common chemicals can be a threat to the environment if
disposed improperly. Hazardous chemicals must NOT be "poured down the
drain."

4.10 Solid Waste Management:

All waste materials are to be stored in securely lidded containers as applicable to the material. Said containers will be monitored by the property owner and emptied by a licensed waste disposal contractor on a regular basis.

4.11 Snow Disposal and Use of Deicing Chemicals:

Maintenance personnel and any contractors selected for snow plowing and deicing shall be made fully aware of the requirements of this section. During typical snow plowing operations, snow shall be pushed to the shoulders of the driveway entrance. If the plowed snow is impacting public safety, the snow shall be removed from the site and properly disposed of in accordance with the MassDEP Snow Disposal Guidance. (See Attachment 1).

Care must be taken to avoid damage of structures.

Deicing materials shall consist of sand and calcium chloride for roadway deicing, and are typically not stored at the site. These materials are supplied during snow plowing and deicing operations. Small amounts to handle individual walkways can be stored on site under cover and on an impervious surface or in proper containers within the building.

Alternatives to sodium chloride (commonly used salt) such as sand or calcium chloride, and reduced applications, should be considered and implemented if public safety is not jeopardized.

Before winter begins, the property manager and the contractor should review snow plowing and deicing procedures. After winter but no later than May 15, the debris left from snow plowing and any damage should be repaired.

4.12 Sweeping

Sweeping a minimum of two (2) times per year is recommended. Frequency should be based on the time of year as well as the weather. The first sweeping should be during the month of <u>March</u> before the spring rains wash off the residual sand from winter applications. This will allow for the highest removal of dirt and pollutants before they are washed into the BMP's of the Stormwater Management System. The second sweeping should take place during the month of <u>November</u> to allow for the removal of leaves, twigs, and other debris caused by the late year storms and before the snow arrives. Any other sweeping should be determined by the property manager on an as needed basis. Once removed from paved surfaces, the sweepings must be handled and disposed of properly.

4.13 Stormwater System:

In conjunction with the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan, the requirements of the Stormwater Operations and Maintenance Plan (Appendix 5) shall be implemented and the owner will oversee the inspections and

preparation of the required inspection reports for compliance with that document.

5.0 INSPECTIONS AND REPORT PREPARATION

The owner shall maintain inspection and maintenance logs of the maintenance and repair of the site for items as contained in this Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan and Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan. Generally, forms need to be completed when inspections, maintenance and repairs are performed and typically on a monthly basis.

6.0 COORDINATION WITH OTHER PERMITS AND REQUIREMENTS

Conditions of approvals from various City offices affecting the long term management of the property shall be considered part of this Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan. The owner and property manager shall become familiar with those documents and perform their work in compliance thereto.

Attachment 1

MassDEP SNOW DISPOSAL GUIDANCE

The Official Website of the Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs



Energy and Environmental Affairs

♠ EEA Home > Agencies > MassDEP > Water Resources > Laws & Rules > Snow Disposal Guidance

Snow Disposal Guidance

Snow Disposal - Storm Preparation

The snow disposal guidelines below offer information on the proper steps to take when locating sites and coming up with options for disposing of snow. Finding a place to dispose of collected snow poses a challenge to municipalities and businesses as they clear roads, parking lots, bridges, and sidewalks. Public safety is of the utmost importance. However, care must be taken to ensure that collected snow, which may be contaminated with road salt, sand, litter, and automotive pollutants such as oil, is disposed of in a manner that will minimize threats to nearby waterbodies. This guidance describes appropriate measures to be taken, including in cases of emergency when other options are not available.

If you have questions on MassDEP's snow disposal guidance, you may contact one of MassDEP's Regional Offices:

Northeast Regional Office, Wilmington, 978-694-3249 Southeast Regional Office, Lakeville, 508-946-2714 Central Regional Office, Worcester, 508-767-2722 Western Regional Office, Springfield, 413-784-1100.

Effective Date: March 8, 2001

Guideline No. BRPG01-01

Applicability: Applies to all federal, state, regional and local agencies, as well as to private businesses.

Supersedes: BRP Snow Disposal Guideline BRPG97-1 issued 12/19/97, and all previous snow disposal guidance

Approved by: Glenn Haas, Assistant Commissioner for Resource Protection

PURPOSE: To provide guidelines to all government agencies and private businesses regarding snow disposal site selection, site preparation and maintenance, and emergency snow disposal options that are acceptable to the Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Resource Protection.

APPLICABILITY: These Guidelines are issued by the Bureau of Resource Protection on behalf of all Bureau Programs (including Drinking Water Supply, Wetlands and Waterways, Wastewater Management, and Watershed Planning and Permitting). They apply to public agencies and private businesses disposing of snow in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

INTRODUCTION

Finding a place to dispose of collected snow poses a challenge to municipalities and businesses as they clear roads, parking lots, bridges, and sidewalks. While we are all aware of the threats to public safety caused by snow, collected snow that is contaminated with road salt, sand, litter, and automotive pollutants such as oil also threatens public health and the environment.

As snow melts, road salt, sand, litter, and other pollutants are transported into surface water or through the soil where they may eventually reach the groundwater. Road salt and other pollutants can contaminate water supplies and are toxic to aquatic life at certain levels. Sand washed into waterbodies can create sand bars or fill in wetlands and ponds, impacting aquatic life, causing flooding, and affecting our use of these resources.

There are several steps that communities can take to minimize the impacts of snow disposal on public health and the environment. These steps will help communities avoid the costs of a contaminated water supply, degraded waterbodies, and flooding. Everything we do on the land has the potential to impact our water resources. Given the authority of local government over the use of the land, municipal officials and staff have a critically important role to play in protecting our water resources.

The purpose of these guidelines is to help municipalities and businesses select, prepare, and maintain appropriate snow disposal sites before the snow begins to accumulate through the winter.

RECOMMENDED GUIDELINES

These snow disposal guidelines address: (1) site selection; (2) site preparation and maintenance; and (3) emergency snow disposal.

1. SITE SELECTION



The key to selecting effective snow disposal sites is to locate them adjacent to or on pervious surfaces in upland areas away from water resources and wells. At these locations, the snow meltwater can filter in to the soil, leaving behind sand and debris which can be removed in the springtime. The following areas should be avoided:

- Avoid dumping of snow into any waterbody, including rivers, the ocean, reservoirs, ponds, or wetlands. In addition to
 water quality impacts and flooding, snow disposed of in open water can cause navigational hazards when it freezes into
 ice blocks.
- Do not dump snow within a Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area (IWPA) of a public water supply well or within 75 feet of a private well, where road salt may contaminate water supplies.
- Avoid dumping snow on MassDEP-designated high and medium-yield aquifers where it may contaminate groundwater (see the next page for information on ordering maps from MassGIS showing the locations of aquifers, Zone II's, and IWPAs in your community).
- Avoid dumping snow in sanitary landfills and gravel pits. Snow meltwater will create more contaminated leachate in landfills posing a greater risk to groundwater, and in gravel pits, there is little opportunity for pollutants to be filtered out of the meltwater because groundwater is close to the land surface.
- Avoid disposing of snow on top of storm drain catch basins or in stormwater drainage swales or ditches. Snow
 combined with sand and debris may block a storm drainage system, causing localized flooding. A high volume of sand,
 sediment, and litter released from melting snow also may be quickly transported through the system into surface water.

Site Selection Procedures

- a. It is important that the municipal Department of Public Works or Highway Department, Conservation Commission, and Board of Health work together to select appropriate snow disposal sites. The following steps should be taken:
- Estimate how much snow disposal capacity is needed for the season so that an adequate number of disposal sites can be selected and prepared.
- c. Identify sites that could potentially be used for snow disposal such as municipal open space (e.g., parking lots or parks).
- d. Sites located in upland locations that are not likely to impact sensitive environmental resources should be selected first.
- e. If more storage space is still needed, prioritize the sites with the least environmental impact (using the site selection criteria, and local or MassGIS maps as a guide).

MassGIS Maps of Open Space and Water Resources

If local maps do not show the information you need to select appropriate snow disposal sites, you may order maps from MassGIS (Massachusetts Geographic Information System) which show publicly owned open spaces and approximate locations of sensitive environmental resources (locations should be field-verified where possible). Different coverages or map themes depicting sensitive environmental resources are available from MassGIS on the map you order. At a minimum, you should order the Priority Resources Map. The Priority Resources Map includes aquifers, public water supplies, MassDEP-approved Zone II's, Interim Wellhead Protection Areas, Wetlands, Open Space, Areas of Critical Environmental Concern, NHESP Wetlands Habitats, MassDEP Permitted Solid Waste facilities, Surface Water Protection areas (Zone A's) and base map features. The cost of this map is \$25.00. Other coverages or map themes you may consider, depending on the location of your city or town, include Outstanding Resource Waters and MassDEP Eelgrass Resources. These are available at \$25.00 each, with each map theme being depicted on a separate map. Maps should be ordered from MassGIS. Maps may also be ordered by fax at 617-626-1249 (order form available from the MassGIS web site) or mail. For further information, contact MassGIS at 617-626-1189.

2. SITE PREPARATION AND MAINTENANCE

In addition to carefully selecting disposal sites before the winter begins, it is important to prepare and maintain these sites to maximize their effectiveness. The following maintenance measures should be undertaken for all snow disposal sites:

- A silt fence or equivalent barrier should be placed securely on the downgradient side of the snow disposal site.
- To filter pollutants out of the meltwater, a 50-foot vegetative buffer strip should be maintained during the growth season between the disposal site and adjacent waterbodies.
- Debris should be cleared from the site prior to using the site for snow disposal.
- Debris should be cleared from the site and properly disposed of at the end of the snow season and no later than May
 15.

3. EMERGENCY SNOW DISPOSAL

As mentioned earlier, it is important to estimate the amount of snow disposal capacity you will need so that an adequate number of upland disposal sites can be selected and prepared.

If despite your planning, upland disposal sites have been exhausted, snow may be disposed of near waterbodies. A vegetated buffer of at least 50 feet should still be maintained between the site and the waterbody in these situations. Furthermore, it is essential that the other guidelines for preparing and maintaining snow disposal sites be followed to minimize the threat to adjacent waterbodies.

Under extraordinary conditions, when all land-based snow disposal options are exhausted, disposal of snow that is not obviously contaminated with road salt, sand, and other pollutants may be allowed in certain waterbodies under certain conditions. In these dire situations, notify your Conservation Commission and the appropriate MassDEP Regional Service Center before disposing of snow in a waterbody.

Use the following guidelines in these emergency situations:

- Dispose of snow in open water with adequate flow and mixing to prevent ice dams from forming.
- Do not dispose of snow in saltmarshes, vegetated wetlands, certified vernal pools, shellfish beds, mudflats, drinking
 water reservoirs and their tributaries, Zone IIs or IWPAs of public water supply wells, Outstanding Resource Waters, or
 Areas of Critical Environmental Concern.
- · Do not dispose of snow where trucks may cause shoreline damage or erosion.
- Consult with the municipal Conservation Commission to ensure that snow disposal in open water complies with local ordinances and bylaws.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

If you have questions on MassDEP's snow disposal guidance, you may contact one of MassDEP's Regional Offices:

Northeast Regional Office, Wilmington, 978-694-3249 Southeast Regional Office, Lakeville, 508-946-2714 Central Regional Office, Worcester, 508-767-2722 Western Regional Office, Springfield, 413-784-1100.

Did you find the info	rmation you were I	ooking for on th	is page? *	
O Yes				
O No				
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EEA Site Policies Contact EEA About EEA Public Records Request

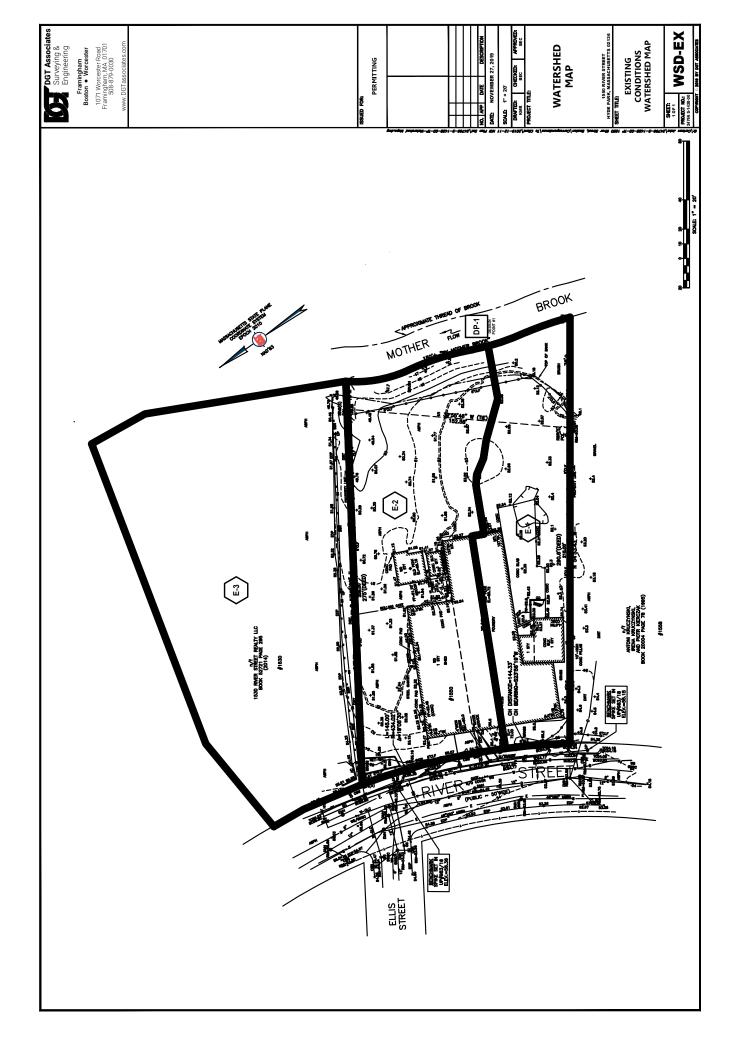
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APPENDIX 3

Existing Conditions Watershed Map, WSD-EX

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136



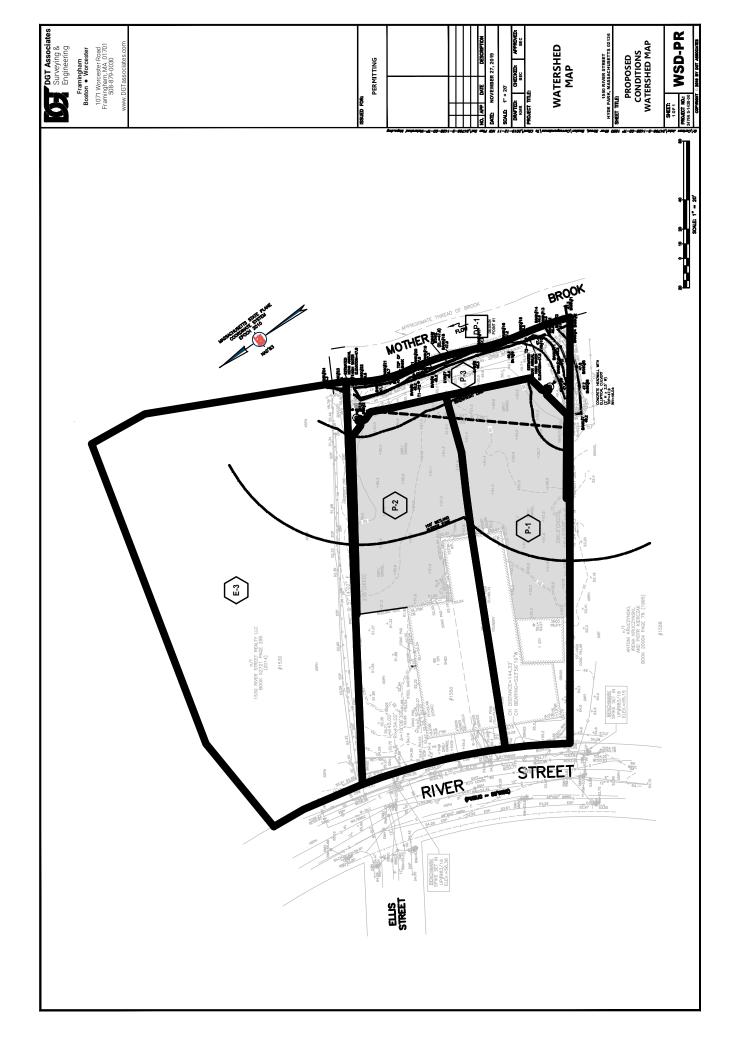
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APPENDIX 4

Proposed Conditions Watershed Map, WSD-PR

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136



S-1428

APPENDIX 5

Stormwater Operation and Maintenance Plan

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136

STORMWATER OPERATION & MAINTENANCE PLAN

for

1550 River Street Hyde Park, Massachusetts 02136

STORMWATER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

#1550 RIVER STREET, HYDE PARK, MASSACHUSETTS 02136

Construction Period Maintenance

It is important that the General Contractor follow the Construction Period Erosion and Sediment Control Plan as detailed on the Project Site Plans to minimize the introduction of sediments into the wetland resource areas, abutting properties, and to post-development stormwater BMP's resulting from the land disturbance activities during construction.

The proposed stormwater management structures shall be protected from sediment using the erosion and sedimentation controls specified in the Project Site Plans.

Inspections shall be conducted by the general contractor on a bi-weekly basis (every two weeks), or following significant storm events (rainfall of 0.5" or more) that can affect the sediment and erosion control practices implemented at the site. The purpose of the inspections are to evaluate the effectiveness on the controls and any required maintenance activities. If an erosion/sedimentation control measure is found to be inadequate for properly controlling sediment, an adequate measure shall be designed and implemented. A copy of the written inspection shall be kept on file at the construction site.

Post Construction and Long-Term Maintenance

In order for the stormwater management system to function properly as designed, the system must be inspected on a regular basis and routine maintenance performed. The responsibility for the maintenance and operation of the system will be as follows:

1550 River Street LLC 1035 Hyde Park Avenue Hyde Park, MA 02136

Routine inspections and some of the routine maintenance tasks will be performed by the owner's maintenance personnel or hired outside contractors utilized for some items such as the removal of trapped oils and other hydrocarbons, and sediment from the stormwater treatment units. For non-routine repairs please refer to the below referenced material.

The system contains the following Stormwater Best Management Practices (BMPs):

Stormwater Treatment Units (aka Water Quality Units, "CDS" Units)

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL AND TRAINING

Upon completion of the construction project, a complete as-built plan of the system components will be prepared and will be a part of this O&M Plan. This O&M Plan

1550 River Street, Hyde Park, MA 02136 Stormwater System Operation & Maintenance Plan Page - 2

includes a description of the purpose and function of each component, inspection and maintenance tasks and schedules, check lists, and report forms. The Plan should be used as the management document for the system. All maintenance personnel shall be trained in the specifics of the entire stormwater treatments units in order to be able to perform the inspections, documentation and the maintenance required. The design engineer will be available to provide a training session for the supervisors and personnel if necessary.

INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANCE

The following pages describe the inspection, routine maintenance and non routine maintenance which are required for each BMP. The inspection and maintenance requirements are based on the recommendations from the MassDEP <u>Stormwater</u> <u>Management Standards Handbook</u>, February 2008 and the manufacturer's specifications.

The recommended procedures below should be followed strictly for at least the first two years of the system operation. During that period, the observations and experience gained from the monitoring and maintenance will provide the information necessary so that adjustments can be made for the most efficient operation and maintenance of the system.

NON-STORMWATER DISCHARGES

This is to provide notice to the owner and operator(s) of the subject property and stormwater system that the discharge of any non-stormwater to the subject stormwater management system is <u>prohibited</u>. Also, there shall be no modifications to the stormwater system for the purpose of discharging non-stormwater to the system. Non-stormwater discharges are any liquid or materials that are not the result of natural rainfall runoff or runoff from snow and ice melt. The purpose of this is to protect groundwater and surface water quality as well as to assure compliance with applicable laws.

CONFINED SPACE ENTRY

Note that any inspections or maintenance activity of underground piping, chambers, deep manholes, etc that requires entry into the system must be in accordance with OSHA confined space regulations.

STORMWATER TREATMENT UNITS

INSPECTIONS

These units should be inspected on a monthly basis and after major storm events for the first year. Remove the cover and inspect the general condition of the unit including the amount of floating debris and the presence of hydrocarbons if any. If the inspection finds a large presence of hydrocarbons, such as a layer of floating oil or a strong odor of gasoline, it should be removed immediately. Measure the amount of sediment that has collected using a measuring stick or "Sludge Judge" measuring tube. Pipe inlets and outlets should be clear of debris. After the first year, the number of inspections may be reduced based on the experience during the first year monitoring but not less than 2 times per year. Two of the inspections must include one at the end of the foliage season and one at the end of the snow season.

1550 River Street, Hyde Park, MA 02136 Stormwater System Operation & Maintenance Plan Page - 3

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

The units should be cleaned a minimum of two times during the first year or when the sediment level exceeds 75% of the storage capacity. The can be easily obtained by measuring the distance to the top of water and to the top of sediment. If the difference between these two measurements ids less than 3.0 feet, the sediment should be removed. A copy of the manufacturer's chart is provided attached to the end of this section. Cleaning consists of the removal of floating hydrocarbons and accumulated sediment, and clearing the inlet pipes. The removal of hydrocarbons must be performed by a hazardous waste disposal contractor. Removal of the sediment is by a standard vacuum truck.

NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE

These are structural repairs and replacement of system components. Typical items for this BMP may include:

Repairing the inlet or outlet pipes. Filling cracks in the concrete Resetting of covers.

MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT

Hand tools for opening covers Measuring stick or "Sludge Judge".

Vacuum pumping truck (haz-mat contractor for hydrocarbon removal)

Contracted vacuum pumping truck (for sediment removal)

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE FORMS

CONTENTS:

INSPECTION FORMS

Water Quality Units

MAINTENANCE / REPAIR RECORD FORM

STORMWATER TREATMENT UNITS Routine Inspection Checklist - Inspected Semi-Annually Date Structural Integrity Sediment Depth Hydrocarbons* Inlet/Outlet Pipe Floating Debris Comments

^{*} Presence of hydrocarbons is a clearly visible layer of oil, gasoline, grease, hydraulic fluid, etc., floating on the surface or a strong odor of gas or oil

STORMWATER MAINTENANCE / REPAIR RECORD FORM

Date of Maintenance:	Performed By:					
Maintenance / repair tasks were performed on the following on-site BMP structures:						
Stormwater Structure	Work Performed					
Other Comments:						



CDS® Inspection and Maintenance Guide





Maintenance

The CDS system should be inspected at regular intervals and maintained when necessary to ensure optimum performance. The rate at which the system collects pollutants will depend more heavily on site activities than the size of the unit. For example, unstable soils or heavy winter sanding will cause the grit chamber to fill more quickly but regular sweeping of paved surfaces will slow accumulation.

Inspection

Inspection is the key to effective maintenance and is easily performed. Pollutant transport and deposition may vary from year to year and regular inspections will help ensure that the system is cleaned out at the appropriate time. At a minimum, inspections should be performed twice per year (e.g. spring and fall) however more frequent inspections may be necessary in climates where winter sanding operations may lead to rapid accumulations, or in equipment washdown areas. Installations should also be inspected more frequently where excessive amounts of trash are expected.

The visual inspection should ascertain that the system components are in working order and that there are no blockages or obstructions in the inlet and separation screen. The inspection should also quantify the accumulation of hydrocarbons, trash, and sediment in the system. Measuring pollutant accumulation can be done with a calibrated dipstick, tape measure or other measuring instrument. If absorbent material is used for enhanced removal of hydrocarbons, the level of discoloration of the sorbent material should also be identified during inspection. It is useful and often required as part of an operating permit to keep a record of each inspection. A simple form for doing so is provided.

Access to the CDS unit is typically achieved through two manhole access covers. One opening allows for inspection and cleanout of the separation chamber (cylinder and screen) and isolated sump. The other allows for inspection and cleanout of sediment captured and retained outside the screen. For deep units, a single manhole access point would allows both sump cleanout and access outside the screen.

The CDS system should be cleaned when the level of sediment has reached 75% of capacity in the isolated sump or when an appreciable level of hydrocarbons and trash has accumulated. If absorbent material is used, it should be replaced when significant discoloration has occurred. Performance will not be impacted until 100% of the sump capacity is exceeded however it is recommended that the system be cleaned prior to that for easier removal of sediment. The level of sediment is easily determined by measuring from finished grade down to the top of the sediment pile. To avoid underestimating the level of sediment in the chamber, the measuring device must be lowered to the top of the sediment pile carefully. Particles at the top of the pile typically offer less resistance to the end of the rod than consolidated particles toward the bottom of the pile. Once this measurement is recorded, it should be compared to the as-built drawing for the unit to determine weather the height of the sediment pile off the bottom of the sump floor exceeds 75% of the total height of isolated sump.

Cleaning

Cleaning of a CDS systems should be done during dry weather conditions when no flow is entering the system. The use of a vacuum truck is generally the most effective and convenient method of removing pollutants from the system. Simply remove the manhole covers and insert the vacuum hose into the sump. The system should be completely drained down and the sump fully evacuated of sediment. The area outside the screen should also be cleaned out if pollutant build-up exists in this area.

In installations where the risk of petroleum spills is small, liquid contaminants may not accumulate as quickly as sediment. However, the system should be cleaned out immediately in the event of an oil or gasoline spill should be cleaned out immediately. Motor oil and other hydrocarbons that accumulate on a more routine basis should be removed when an appreciable layer has been captured. To remove these pollutants, it may be preferable to use absorbent pads since they are usually less expensive to dispose than the oil/water emulsion that may be created by vacuuming the oily layer. Trash and debris can be netted out to separate it from the other pollutants. The screen should be power washed to ensure it is free of trash and debris.

Manhole covers should be securely seated following cleaning activities to prevent leakage of runoff into the system from above and also to ensure that proper safety precautions have been followed. Confined space entry procedures need to be followed if physical access is required. Disposal of all material removed from the CDS system should be done in accordance with local regulations. In many jurisdictions, disposal of the sediments may be handled in the same manner as the disposal of sediments removed from catch basins or deep sump manholes.



CDS Model	Diameter		Distance from Water Surface to Top of Sediment Pile		Sediment Storage Capacity	
	ft	m	ft	m	y³	m³
CDS1515	3	0.9	3.0	0.9	0.5	0.4
CDS2015	4	1.2	3.0	0.9	0.9	0.7
CDS2015	5	1.3	3.0	0.9	1.3	1.0
CDS2020	5	1.3	3.5	1.1	1.3	1.0
CDS2025	5	1.3	4.0	1.2	1.3	1.0
CDS3020	6	1.8	4.0	1.2	2.1	1.6
CDS3025	6	1.8	4.0	1.2	2.1	1.6
CDS3030	6	1.8	4.6	1.4	2.1	1.6
CDS3035	6	1.8	5.0	1.5	2.1	1.6
CDS4030	8	2.4	4.6	1.4	5.6	4.3
CDS4040	8	2.4	5.7	1.7	5.6	4.3
CDS4045	8	2.4	6.2	1.9	5.6	4.3
CDS5640	10	3.0	6.3	1.9	8.7	6.7
CDS5653	10	3.0	7.7	2.3	8.7	6.7
CDS5668	10	3.0	9.3	2.8	8.7	6.7
CDS5678	10	3.0	10.3	3.1	8.7	6.7

Table 1: CDS Maintenance Indicators and Sediment Storage Capacities



Suppor

- Drawings and specifications are available at www.contechstormwater.com.
- Site-specific design support is available from our engineers.

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CDS Inspection & Maintenance Log

CDS Model:	Location:
CDS WIGHT.	Eocation:

Date	Water depth to sediment ¹	Floatable Layer Thickness ²	Describe Maintenance Performed	Maintenance Personnel	Comments

^{1.} The water depth to sediment is determined by taking two measurements with a stadia rod: one measurement from the manhole opening to the top of the sediment pile and the other from the manhole opening to the water surface. If the difference between these measurements is less than the values listed in table 1 the system should be cleaned out. Note: to avoid underestimating the volume of sediment in the chamber, the measuring device must be carefully lowered to the top of the sediment pile.

2. For optimum performance, the system should be cleaned out when the floating hydrocarbon layer accumulates to an appreciable thickness. In the event of an oil spill, the system should be cleaned immediately.